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PROVIDENCES TOUCHING ISABELLA AND COLUMBUS.

Introduction. The father of Isabella.

John the second, the father of Isabella, had been for years the king of Castile.

After a long reign, with little honor, in those unpropitious times, when the authority of the sovereign was often disputed by powerful nobles and corrupt favorites, his life ended July 21st, 1454.

This significant remark is made of him by the historian: "Penetrated by remorse at the retrospect of his unprofitable life, and filled with melancholy presages of the future, the unhappy prince lamented to his faithful attendant, Cibdareal, on his death-bed, that 'he had not been born the

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son of a mechanic instead of king of Castile'".

This is sufficiently descriptive of the father of Isabella, who was the third child living to succeed him. Her mother, bearing the same name as herself, came from the royal family of Portugal. She was king John's second wife. It is difficult, indeed, to desipher the actual character mother of this woman of noble birth. But she has, in history, to bear the responsibility of having gained her crown, through the great constable of Spain, Alvaro de Luna, and then to have repudiated his further help, probably and crushed him.

Little by little she had turned the king, her husband, against him, and at the last, when, like Pilate of old, he sought

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stable's murder, she watchfully kept from countermanding his orders, until the cruel execution of his favorite had been effected.

Prescott's remarks, touching this operation, betrays, I think, a doubtful mind, concerning this royal mother, when he says: "Had it not been for the superior constancy or vindictive temper of the queen, he, the king, would probably have yielded to the impulses of returning affection."

Providences of birth and mother's care.

Isabella was born at the little town of Madrigal, the 22nd of April, 1451. She was, therefore, three years and three

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Isabella was born at the little town of Madrigal, the 22nd of April, 1451. She was, therefore, three years and three

months old at the time of her father's death.

It seems remarkable, though by no means impossible, that the mother of Isabella stone how could have been a wicked woman. Whatever our conclusions, with reference to her conduct, and her temper at period of her life; we must remember that men and women change, especially so, under the influence of religion, where the Holy Spirit acts upon the conscience and the heart. The Jacob we first met, acting treacherously towards his brother, and falsely to his father, is not the Israel that prevailed with God at Bethel. Saul of Tarsus, witnessing the death scene of the noble Stephen, and hailing men and women to prison and to martydom, because they believed in

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Jesus, is not the same character as Paul the Apostle to the Gentiles. And surely this devoted mother, when with her little children she sought retirement in quiet the town of Arevalo, in order to get away from the seductions and flattery, and the contentions and falsehood of a currupt in order to bring up her children under natural and holy influences, that they might be properly educated, grandly developed, and established in character, before being called upon to meet the dreadful trials of life, which this mother could not fail to anticipate; certainly this mother is a far different woman from Self-asserting character that might the gay and have befitted the Court of Portugal, or the ambitious, selfish and vindictive wife

as Paul the Apostle to the Gentiles. And court; in order to bring up her children Jari .aeoneullai vlod bas lerujen rebau Self - asserting

of the king of Castile.

The mother, perhaps, like so many others at the very hour of the birth of the child, when she went down into the dark valley Hagar-like and shadow of death, looked up and cried to Him, who is the father of the fatherless, and the comforter of the distressed. She, doubtless, then, or at some time near that period, gave her heart to te the Lord; so that she could, as she certainly did, carefully instruct her children, "in those lessons of practical piety, and in the deep reverence for religion, which · distinguished Isabella's maturer years."

Providences of Blood and

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But, where are the Providences ? We must remember that royalty was not yet

effete, and that there was something strong and nutritious in royal blood. The inheretance of this child of generations of developement, of education, of all the refinement that there was; of high purposes and lofty ambition, were hers, by birthright. Her career could not have been forseen, except by a prophesy. There were many obstacles between herself and the throne; and he mother could hardly have had a suspicion that the third child, by any natural processes, could ever reach that exalted station, -unless the Lord, who had been leading her out of the turbulence of sin into the quiet paths of peace, had been whispering to her some of the presages and promises of the future.

It was a Providence that took away Is-

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effete, and that there wa s, s onething strong had a suspicion that the third child, by any and promises of the future.

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and vascilating father, who might have sold her to some favorite Prince, at the price of that Prince's estates. Still, her half-brother, Henry,was little, if any, better. He succeeded his father to the throne of Castile; and, indeed, exceeded his parent in the commission of sin. Yes, he was an easy-going, kindly man, at the first; and, fortunately, or Providentially, did not seek to bring Isabella to Court until she was woman, and one then but sixteen, of a very determined purpose; and, perhaps, through her mother, already of a wonderful political bias.

Providence of afflictive opposition.

Several marriages were planned for her, each one with a view to accomplishing some

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Providence of afflictive opposition.

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political end. offered her was, indeed, the most remarkable. She resisted all efforts of her brother to bring about any marriage, without her consent. She had hitherto resisted successfully: claiming that the Infantas of the kingdom could not be wedded without the formal consent of the nobles of the realm. Fortunately this was the recognized fact; and the nobles in Castile, Aragon and thereabout, were sufficiently powerful to prevent even the king from accomplishing selfish purposes. But, as I have said, at last the corrupt Henry negotiated a marriage of his sister Isabella with the brother of the Marquis of Vilena. His name was Don Pedro Giron. He was the great-master of half military and half religious order

was indeed, the most remarkable. She resisted all efforts of her brother to bring shout any marriage, without her consent. She had hitherto resisted successfully: went even the king from accomplishing selfish purposes. But, as I have said, at - rram a betaitogen yrneH tqurros ent tasi -djord ent diw sliedes I rejata sin to ensi eaw emen sill . sneliv to stupram enf to re Don Pedro Giron. Me was the great-master eminent, in that-household of corrupt royalty for his licentiousness; yet, strange to
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Here is the strange record: "That with this person, then so inferior to her in birth, and so much more unworthy of her in every other point of view,-Isabella was now to be united. On receiving the intelligence, she confined herself to her apartment, abstaining from all nourishment and sleep for a day and night; and imploring Heaven, in the most piteous manner, to save her from this dishonor, by her own

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Don Pedro Giron, having received his dispensation from the Pope, and having resigned offices of rank in order, made magnificent preparations for a grand wedding, which he sure would soon come to pass. He had actually started out upon the journey from his residence to the City of Madrid, with an escort of friends and men-at-arms, -which would befit the bridegroom of a royal mistress.

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first evening after he left Almagro, at a little village called Villa-rubia, he became deathly sick. Four days after the attack, all the severity of our recent Asiatic Cholera, he perished. It is said that he died cursing his fate; that he could not have been spared just a few weeks longer; that he might accomplish the fell desires of a wicked heart.

The Scripture problem in this man's case was speedily fulfilled: "He sowed to the wind, and he reaped the whirlwind," and the beautiful bride of promise was saveraged without a shadow being cast upon her own fair fame.

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The sudden cloud which had hovered darkly over Isabella, the Lord dissolved; but that which hung over her unfortunate country waxed heavier than ever. There was no hope left to terminate the conflict otherwise than by arms. The troops of his broker, Henry met those of the young Alfonso at

Glmedo, where **Gu**an the second, had before seen his subjects arrayed against him.

Here could be seen that indomitable prelate, the arch-bishop of Toledo; a scarlet mantel with a white cross thrown over his armor, leading his battalions into the fray, and repeatedly re-forming their broken lines. By his side rode young Alfonso, armed cap a pie; playing as best he could his little part in the bloody drama. The king, believing himself beaten, like Fred-

PROVIDENCES AMID EATILE AND DISASTER.

country waxed heapter than ever. There , his brother. Henry met those of the young Alfonso at Olmado, where Guan the second, which had em itnes. By his side rode young Alfonso, his little part in the bloody drama. The

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Both parties faight with extreme determination, and the battle was a crawn one,

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The battle was not renewed; both armies, one under a child, the other under an imberill, gave themselves up to all the delights of revelry and license. In vain for months accompanies the church tried to intervene. The confederated rebels declared they would depose their king, if they liked, and had a right to do so, and that their affairs lay entirely outside the jurisdiction of the Holy See.

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the same family met in a hundred provincial frays; not a highway was safe in full daylight, and fighting prevailed near the gates of the cities.

The Holy Brotherhood, or Santa Hermandad, a militia police maintained by the cities of Castile, in order to defend themselves and their rights in such times as these, tried in vain to interfere. They were successful in some instances, but woefully resisted in others, and their failures made the darkness of the times still darker, and gave new courage to the savage elements.

In the midst of this chaos, an event happened which was felt to mark the end of at least one act of that horrible drama.

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Young Alfonso died suddenly of the plague, which had grown out of the miseries of the period.

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THE TREATY OF TOROS DE GUISANDO.-PROVIDENTIAL.

The death of Alfonso disconcerted entirely all the plans of the confederacy. All

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younger brother, Alfonso, occupied Segovia,
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to him, glad to leave the most dissolute
court Spain had ever seen.

Now the archbishop of Toledo came to her at the time in a nunnery of Avila, where she had retired. She was only seventeen, and a woman, yet strong men like the archbishop, believed that she could be their chief. There appeared for the first time on a great occasion, that wisdom which was

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her distinctive characteristic. She answered the arch-bishop; that she would not lead a mere faction in civil war; enough alunds. Castilian blood had been shed; her brother Henry, was the rightful king; she would medicate between him and his subjects and restore peace.

Astonished by so much good sense and determination in one so young, the leading barons, at last, reluctantly accepted her medilation. To make peace with Henry was at no time difficult. The articles of peace were: ammesty, the queen to be sent back to Portugal; I sabella herself to be princess of the Asturias, the Asturian being, in a political respect, like the Wales of England; a cortes to be convened in order to reform abuses, and confirm the title of the Infanta. It was also stipu-

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marry anybody against her wishes, and yet
that she should the consent of her brother.

An interview took place between brother and sister, at Toros de Guisando, in New Castile. The king embraced his generous sister with apparent affection; the nobles present took an oath of allegiance to her, and kissed her hand. All these preliminaries were soon approved by the cortes there assembled at Ocaña.

PROVIDENCE IN THE WOOING .---

Isabella, now the recognized heir of the crown, entered into a new period of her life which was characterized by woo-ings and matrimonial combinations. One of her wooers was the duke of Guienne, the brother of the French king, Louis XI; an-

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other, her own cousin, Ferdinand of Aragon.

in fordinandi case At the first glance it must appear that nothing could be more advantageous for the two neighboring kingdoms, comparatively insignificant by separation, than to coalesce by this great matrimonial opportunity, and form a powerful domain. Isabella's sound intelligence certainly perceived that. Moreover her cousin was young, vigorous, handsome and of most This Ferdinand, the firm, address. sensible, and, as far as that cousin was concerned, tender maid, resolved to marry and no other.

But there were other interests awake which tried to assert themselves, and to force upon her another husband. It dia

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not suit the marquis of Villena that Aragon should reign in Castile. He, therefore, concocted another scheme, and, as a if early enough in the field matter of course, obtained the poor king's sanction. This scheme consisted in a marriage-alliance between Isabella and the old King of Portugal on the one side, and the Infanta, Juana, the old king's son on the other. This was not the first time the aged that Alfonso of Portugal had been offered to Isabella's acceptance. As a child of thirteen years already she had refused him, declaring with a spirit which announc-Euren His. ed the superior woman, that the Infantas of Spain could not be married without the consent of the cortes. This time again cin their auger she refused. Villena and his king would have used violence; but the citizens of Octana, where the princess resided, would

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have made short work with any force sent to seize her person. The whole nation had somehow taken a passionate interest in her affairs at that time. Grave Castile was as full of songs as Paris in cheery days. The old Portugal king, who had sent the arch-bishop of Lisbon to do his wooing, was vidiculed with all the fun that the nation could circulate; the young prince of Aragon was praised and congratulated, as if he had been the idol of the whole people.

Isabella had engaged herself by the treaty of Toros de Guisando not to marry without the consent of her brother. But he also had taken the pleage not to compel her to any union. This article, and many wilfully others, that brother had broken; and she found herself in consequence, released

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from her own obligations. She thereupon, resolved to accept the suit of her cousin of Aragon. PROVIDENCE IN THE MARRIAGE.

At that time all around the Infanta undoubtedly under the influence of secret aragonese persuasion. Ferdinand's father was not content to let things take their own cour-In the eyes of this shrewd politician the union of the two crowns was too imuncertainles portant a matter to be left to Isabella, prudent and considerate as usual, took secretly the advice of her sobility, which was the same as of the popunder suck pressure 1 ulace. The articles of marriage were soon signed and sworn to by Ferdinand, on the seventh of January, 1471, at Cervera, in Catalonia. He promised respect for the laws and customs of Castile; to alienate no crown property; to make no appointments,

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whether civil or military, without her consent and approbation; to leave to her exclusively the nomination to all ecclesiastical benefices; to fix his residence in Castile, and never to leave the kingdom without his wife's consent. All public ordinances had to be signed by both consorts. He was to prosecute the war against the Moors. The same treaty settled upon Isabella a dower superior to any ever received by a queen of Aragon.

But all these proceedings had been a faithfully reported to the enemy, Villena, wid swut birth place. In vain had Isabella gone to Madrigal to spend the days of her marriage negotiations under the protection of her mother. This move itself had been foreseen by her wiley enemy. When she arrived in Madrigal she

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found another hostile spirit, the bishop of Burgos the nephew of the marquis, established there as a spy upon all her movements. All her surroundings were bought up by the enemy. Her attendants, male and female, made their reports to the amonghim bishop; not a soul in whom she could trust. This was another kind of bishop from our mitred-captain of the Almedo-battle.

The spy soon had to communicate the most alarming news, viz, the certainty of the betrothal, and Villena understood that the time had come to play his last card. He Isabella resolved upon getting into his possession by force. For that service another bishop was detailed, with a sufficient guard, and it was this time the arch-bishop of Sevilla. Fortunately for Isabella's warning, the arrival of this troop was preceded by a letter from King Henry himself to his loyal burghers of

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Madrigal, menancing them with his royal displeasure if they were bold enough to defend his sister Isabella against him.

These good people came straight to her, and tremblingly explained their perplexity, agonized as they were between their love for her, and their fear of the king.

But Isabella had her own bishop, who hitherto had never failed her, either in counsel or in deed. She contrived to let him know her desperate situation, and also the admiral of Castile, Henriquez. The prelate rapidly collected a body of horse, and reinforced by the troops of the admiral, he reached Madrigal before Villena's bishop had come, and, before the dismayed eyes of Burgos, he bore his royal charge away, amidst the joyous shouts of the pop-

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ulation of Madrigal. The happy cavalcade soon made their entrance into Valladolid, where they and their royal charge were received with an indescribable enthusiasm.

Meanwhile envoys had been sent to the young Ferdinand, who was at the time in Saragossa, to let him know how critical was the out-look, and how necessary his presence. At the news brought by the envoys, the old king, was exceedingly perplexed. He was making war against the rebellious Catalans, and not a very successful one etther; he could not spare a man. Moreover he had but a trifling sum of money, and indeed was menanced with multiplied desertions from his army. To send any troops with his son was to give own vital, up his enterprise 3. Yet, could he send him ulation of Madrigal. The happy cavalcade seon made their entrance into Valladolia, where they and their royal charge were received with an indescribable enthusiasm.

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unprotected to Castile? The envoys had hardly been able to slip over the frontier, which they had found guarded by a churchman of Osma, (another bishop,) whom they had believed a friend; but one who had been bribed by Villena, and by the duke of MedinamCoeli. The country to be trav-Strietty ersed was patroled by Henry's royal troops to prevent just such a trip as that which the young prince was requested to undertake; a line of forts belonging to the hostile family of Mendoza studd ed the frontier.

rerdinand finally put an end to all uncertainty by declaring himself ready to cross the frontier disguise, with a small escort. This , who showed himself afterwards the shrewdest politician of his checker hambeadth age, began his career by a love adventure;

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true, it was a species of admixture, a prospectively love with him even as much political as conjugal.

With a few companions, apparently merchants, he stole into the neighboring kingdom. Wherever the party stopped, the prince, in the garb of a menial, served them at table, behaving, for all the world, augustor like our English Alfred; and as he was young, probably thought sometimes that the fun of the escapade was worth half the kingdom of Castile. While this excentric company was thus speeding from Saragosa to the next Castilian town, where a sympathetic garrison was to meet them, a showy embassy from the king of Aragon traversed the frontier at another point, with all the noise and circumstance of a

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royal cavalcade, and attracted upon itself the undivided attention of the bishop
of Osma, and the entire patrol of the
frontier.

In spite of this poweful diversion, and of their own superb acting, (for it was the by-play of courtiers, and the salary was a kingdom,) the party seem to have been not a little nervous; for they left all their precious money in an inn where they had tarried on the road. Late on the second night, with that triumphant exultation which every human being must have experienced at least once in his life, when, after doubt and labor, and occasional despair, he heaves a sigh at the sight of the goal he has at last reached, they stood before the battlements of Burgo, a

royal cavalcade, and attracted upon itself the undivided attention of the bishop of Osma, and the entire patrol of the Frontier.

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entry spites of this powerful diversion, and by-play of courtiers, and the salary was a tarried on the road. Late on the second which every hunan being must have experienced at least once in his life, when, after doubt and labor, and occasional despare, he heaves a sigh at the sight of stood before the battlements of Burgo, a

manded by the count of Trevino, one of the most reliable of Isabella's friends.

While they stood shivering before those battlements preparing to demand an ent range frage, a grazed our political Romeo's head, a stone which came very near dividing Castile from Aragon forever; it had been fired from the battlements by one of the sentinels, who, not knowing what to do with this nocturnal party, informed them of his doubts in this martial style.

Ferdinand

But som prince was recognized, and the garrison received him with an enthusiasm which rewarded them all for their fatigues, and their more prolific fears.

But that little town became no Capua for Ferdinand; for, before dawn, he was on

Little town whose garmison was then commanded by the count of Treatho, one of the most reliable of Isabella's friends.

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his way again, this time under a strong escort, and did not stop until he had reached Dueñas, in the Kingdom of Leon, where he was received with joyful demonstrations by nearly the entire nobility.

remained

But Isabella's little court at Valladolid, not far from Dueñas. It is
developed
easy to imagine the happy feeling there at
the news of the young wooers arrival.

How does a merchant feel when a ship lade
with goods, the best part of his fortune,
after stormy weeks, almost despared of,
suddenly reaches port?

Isabella at once wrote to her brother;

promptly
she always did what was discretely becoming. She informed him of the presence of
Ferdinand, of her intention to marry him;
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succeeding reaches the port?

all that had been done, was none of her fault; and promised, in her name and that of her future spouse, perfect respect and brother allegiance to her king.

On the fifteenth of October, Ferdinand came to Valladolid, and the arch-bishop of Toledo, whom it is pleasant to see playing a different part from he played at Almedo, introduced the young prince to his charming mistress. He was only eighteen, very handsome, with a cheerful, easily-smiling face, a pleasant voice and condescending manners. She was a year his senior. Her type was a rare one among those dark-haired, olive complexioned spanish ladies; as if nature herself had put upon her a stamp of peculiar excellena training floude with dark ce, she shone eyes, and

of her future spouse, perfect respect and class allegiance to her king.

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33. in its shear

chestnut hair, intermingling tinges of red; She had its usual accompaniament, a clear complexion. Kindness and intelligence, quiet resolution and thoughtful sympathy were the natural expression of those exceptional eyes. She had a commanding presence, being above the middle height. The historians of her country speak of her almost, as in later times, people have spoken of Mary, queen of Scots. But what a difference between the busy, intelligent, fruitful and unblemished life of the one, and the light, sensuous, ill-starred, tempest-tossed existence of the other. Let us add only that Isabella was thoroughly educated. She spoke the Castilian language with peculiar correctness and grace, and even expressed herself easily in the Latin for you

seemingling the intermingling the tinges of red; She had its usual accompantament, a clear complexion. Minaness pression of those exceptional eyes. She had a commanding presence, being above the. middle height. The historians of her times, people have spoken of Mary, queen of Scots. But what a difference between the busy, intelligent, fruitful and unblemished, life of the one, and the light, sensuous, 111-starred, tempest-tossed existence of the other. Wet us add only asprossed herself eastly in the Latintoniu on approuch

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After an interview, which lasted more
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Tohishopes
The preliminaries had been agreed upon,
and the marriage itself took place on the
nineteenth of October, at the temporary
residence of the princess, the palace of

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how different those times were from our own.

In order that the marriage of those two should be recognized by the church "a dispensation" was necessary, as they were within the prohibited range of consanguinity. Isabella was well known and sufficiently appreciated by this time, and to think that she would ever marry, under any circumstances, against the canons of the universal church, could never enter anybody's head. The ship was going to founder just in sight of the harbor. Amid more the mesent and letters interchanged, there were many anxious consultations about this arduous and most perplexing matter, between the wily father, his son, Ferdinand, and that always, and in everything, reliable arch-bishop of Toledo.

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"a dispensation" was necessary, as they sanguinity. Isabella was well known and anubody's head. The ship was going to founder just in stant of the harber. Amid more we weren e, and letters interchanged,

But why not ask the Pope for the bull? First, these young people were clearly in a hurry; secondly, the Pope was expressly on the side of King Henry. Better not ask him, but forge the bull, thought the bishop, whom no difficulty, whether of a martial or spiritual nature, ever daunted. But what would happen when the princess should learn at the last, that she had been married in contravention of the canons of the church? But the bishop had too many present cares to troub le about future ones; sufficient for the day the evils thereof. forged the necessary paper. When Isabella afterwards knew of these edifying proceedings, she was much displeased; yes, very sore at heart, even when the genuine bull from a succeeding Pope had come to put all things to rights.

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The married pair now hastened to inform King Henry of all that had happened,
accompanied by
with the same promises and protestations
as before, entreating his approbation.

The king, chilled by his defeat, answered, dryly, that he would advise with his ministers. it was a characteristic answer. He had advised under other circumstances, when it might have been to his advantage to act. But, in this case, there was little harm done by his advising with his ministers. The marriage, so auspicious to the future glory of the two kingdoms of Castile and Aragon, was already an accomplished fact.

It is worth while to make an effort to understand the state of the queen's mind

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in that moment when she firmly resolved that the great voyage of Columbus should be made. Up to that time the request made by this man, a stranger, an adventurer, had been a matter of business, like a hundred others that were daily brought under her cognizance.

A voyage to be undertaken! There were many of which she knew, sometimes bringing small results, sometimes none. The great exp?dition of Vasco de Gama around the Cap's of Good Hope, was exceptional. The results of that voyage, it is true, had been immense; never had there been anything like it in the whole history of navigation; but there was thereafter a kind of public feeling that never would there be anything like it again. She probably had never connected the propositions of

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the Genoes with anything particularly great. The rulers of men have to think of so many things: But now, suddenly, the dead issue, which so often had been debated by her counselors in her presence, while perhaps she was thinking of some preferment to grant or withold, that forgotten issue suddenly took living form. Twenty times or more, in the past, it had grazed her thoughts; now, all at once it took possession of them never to lose its grasp. The small scope in which her mind had seen the idea, expanded and became immense. The possibility of discovering a world! Yes, she understood well that it was only a possibility; but what a grand, momentous possibility!

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Millions of children plunged in heathen darkness brought into the lap of the church by the daughter of Portugal! And then, to crown all, the Holy Sepulchre to be wrenched from the Turks, through the treasur sure to be found in those strange was promised. countries! And all that was more than a possibility. She remembered now distinctproposed ly what she had heard in favour of the enterprise. At the moment when her strong and generous mind, had thus come to possession of the true nature of what was , her resolution like an inspiration was instantaneous. Such things seen in vision she could not afford to neglect. for a woman like her to abstain, when such things could be done, would be a crime. Great ideas impose themselves imperiously

by the daughter of Portugal! And then, wrenched from the Turks, through the treaseansits esont in bound of of erus Min Estas promises countries! And all that was more than a possibility. She remembered now distinct ly what she had heard in favour of the A enterprise. At the moment when her strong and generous mind, had thus come to nosenotice of inspiration, like an inspiration, was instantaneous. Such things seen in Tol . Jeelyen of brotis Jen bluce ens notatv things could be done, would be a crime.

as duties upon great minds. She had taken advice before, when the idea had been a stranger; now the idea had become her own, and she took no further advice. All at once she bethought herself of Ferdinand's coolness, which she had observed with regard to the project. But that made her pause only for a moment. She had her own life to live, and such a clear-sighted woman could not have failed to see that Ferdinand had an inferior nature. She had always hitherto maintained her mental independence; and, if ever, she must do so now. But there was another greater hindrance, the everlasting ubiquitous difficulty of the political life of those times. She had no money. Well, she could pawn the jewels of the crown! Just as soon and just as long as anything, however unusual,

red to the project. But that made her pause only for a moment. She had her own Perdinand had an inferior nature. She had now. But there was another greater hind-. semil esond to ettl issidilog end to vo has noos as test !mwors end to slowe! just as long as anything, however unusual, however strange, could be done to promote an enterprise which now appeared to her in the light of a holy duty, and to which her whole mind and heart were from this decisive moment given, that thing should be done.

This was Isabella's mental state when she suddenly, after one interview with San Angel, gave her royal word that the voyage should take place, and became the active protector and friend of that singular man who had now in hope and now almost in dispair followed the court for seven years in vain. "I undertake the enterprise for my own crown of Castile, Isabella cried, and will pledge my jewels to raise the necessary funds." Never had Isabel been so great; she was from that moment, as Washing-

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ton Irving says; "the patroness of the discovery of the new world."

But San Angel assured her that she need not pledge her jewels, for he, himself, would advance the necessary funds.

The unfaltering resolve of this glorious woman found willing aid. Every statue, every memorial, every new honor given to enhance the fame of Columbus, brings into bolder relief the true greatness of Isabella-

In almost every particular Isabella

queen of Castile.

ideal of a quaen. The calm of her nature, that quality which the ancients considered as characteristic of their gods endued her with a majesty greater than that which royalty can be can be rome mere extraneous splendor Such quality connections.

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11 the second birthe birth doubtless came had been a soil from which virtues had sprung beginning early she went through many tribulations; and only in one case is it recorded that her equanimity failed her. The clearness of her mental vision astonished her counsellors; no question arose that she could not and weigh in all its bearings. Her good sense or natural wisdom, never was duped by the most brilliant gifts offered, ; once she declined even the crown of Castile, and posterity knows that she Then did well to do so. Anything mean was repugnant to this great soul; when she was advised to obtain money, most necessary money, by means often employed by her predecessors, yet contrary to her sense of justice, though Ferdinand would have gladly

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mort flos a need ban emas aseliduob dirid in one case is it recorded what her squanimisy failed her. The clearness of her mental vision astonished her counsellors; here for bluos see just esors noits oup on beguh saw raven , mobaiw isrujan to eanes demon, berello silliant gifts offered, were will owors ent neve beniloeb ena sono ; come pugnant to this great soul; when she was decessors, yet contrary to her sense of

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followed the advice, she frowned the expedients out of sight, in a moment. constancy and endurance were wonderful. It is undoubtedly true that during the Moorish nevenergetie wars she did more work than thusband, and but for her of Baza and elater that the siege of Ganada would have been abandoned. Her understanding of the responsibilities of a sovereign was such as only the greatest of rulers have possessed. Her courage was unconditions der all circumstances, unflinching. History and me how term records a circumstance, when, thinking her presence necessary, she appeared suddenly and almost alone among infuriated crowds, and settled the pending quarrel, without fear or Her moderation was that of a noble masculine nature; she desired victory, not which following vengeance. The purity of We court, opportune death of king Henry, was the

. Juemom s ni sight to Juo sincibed Nevengelie wars she did more work than but for few to finger and water need even bluow shanes lotegets ent Jent Her C. anderstanding of the responsibilities of a rulers have possessed. Her courage was unconstitue as unflinching. History almost alone among infuriated provide, and To rest Juodilw . Istraup anihned ed beijies eldon s to isdi asw molisrebom rel . rovet Jon , vrojety beriseb eds ; ewisa entlussem whishefollow vengeance. The purity of Me court, Opportune death

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pride and perpetual delight of every true Spanish heart. Never was there a case consorversty when a counselor could smile at her opinion never an occasion when a Spaniard doubted her word and never an instance when a breath of scandal touched her fair fame. But after this deserved bribute There is, unfortunately to her history, rindonte a sombre side; it is that of the apologisto say she bigotry, which ■ imbibed from the lessons of her mother and her church. But there is probably in every man something that belongs to him, and some thing that belongs to his age, or to the circumstance in which he was born. She allowed the inquisition to be introduced and favored it. And into her kingdom, She, like Russia of The black pall of theory ong splanteus of to-day, expelled the Jews. How could that mind so clouded ? erewas The falacious Dias! She had been taught from her childhood that

Spanish heart. Never was there a breath of scandal touched her fair fame. Best after This deserves hotrate manuscrate end to Jant at it; obta ordmos a apologisto sago she church. But there is probably in every due pavores in when into her kingdom, She, like Hussia of J. to-day, expelled the Jews. How could that ? bebuolo os wa (bnia salassa long mas the todo sions loises

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franch chunch great frierarchy of Rome whosoever did not believe in Day town a heretic, was allied to the Evil-one himself; and not our duty to hate the vil one. A heretic to her was hardly a human being; and such feelings as love, friendship, pity, could not apply muless he recanted to him; nay, applied to him they were un-Julings natural feelings to be suppo crimes. When Jerome of Prague was burned by the Council of Constance, he saw a poor old woman approach the stake with a sheet full of wood, to add to the heap. Sancta Simplicitas, holy simplicity, said the martyr with his dying smile. And we, also, may say in speaking of Isabella's concerning herres abnormal bigotry as we would of the slayers of the Salem witches, Sancta Simplicitas: But Let us say this in abeyone. Holy simplicity! A In their times Washington and Taylor could hold slaves; but

visb two jon the has leaming one-live to hard one gull one. A heretic to her to him; nay, applied to him they were unbernoonerses natural feelings to be supplement; they were crimes. When Jerome of Prague was burnexels end denoveds namew blo mood gaed ent of bas of boow to iled seeds Sanota Simplicitas, holy simplicity, said ew both .elime units aid dilw ryjram edi also, may say in speaking of Isabella's · al. concerning herren of the Salem witches, Sancta Simplicitas! But hat no say this in abeganier . Holy Simplicity! A In their times Wash-

thank God, in our times, Lincoln and Grant could free them. External In Isabella, for the sake of and unity, could allow and favor uly o'Sier, Mitemble the horid inquisition; but thanks be to God an advanced understanding of the teachings of Jesus gives to the kindred soul of a Castelar, a juster idea of what is best for the spread of true religion, and what is needful for the advancement of the Spanish people. May a even plete delin rara the Thradown of bigoty + superstelion As Abraham Lincoln once said about a General of his after Gettysburg. While we are deeply realful for what was done, let us not be hypercritical as to the rest, Adare to assest that No woman with Isabella's great soul would _ whom God loves to to-day hate any man for whom Christ died. u be consummated in brautful

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