July 3, 1894.

Gen. O. O. Howard,
Governors' Island, N. Y.

My dear General:-

Upon returning from Europe I find the correspondence about Chautauqua. I confess I am greatly distressed in view of their being any doubt of your presence there. To tell the truth, you are the drawing card on that programme. Other names do not carry weight at all comparatively. I appreciate the difficulties of the situation, and yet having consented to go, and allowed us to advertise you so widely, it becomes now a serious matter for you to fail us. It specially complicates our relations to the Chautauqua authorities. For several years we declined to take any part in the exercises there. This past season when questioned by Bishop Vincent why we did not take advantage of their invitation, I stated frankly we could not invite men to go there and then have them sandwiched in between other exercises crowding our day, and crowding us almost off the platform. He very positively agreed to give us entire control of one of the best Sundays if we would provide speakers, and has been apparently delighted with the men we had secured. Now they are wondering if we are advertising men without their consent or what it means. I stated to you frankly the question of expense and that it would be the last call I would make on you for a donation of your valuable services to our work as we had no money only to pay traveling expenses and hotel bills. As the matter was so thoroughly understood between us, I do hope you will see your way clear to allow the
July 2, 1939


programme to be kept as far as possible.

Should the strike continue, I can see that you could not promise to be away from your post of duty, and no one could blame you.

I have not seen Mr. Goodman—my associate, but have no doubt he has written you fully about these things.

With kindest regards, I am as ever

Very sincerely yours,

Geo. A. Hall

P.S. I enclose a portion of the printed programme from the Chautauqua Herald.
Dear Sir,

Four months ago the idea came to me of a Reserve Corps to the United States Army composed of citizens organized on about the same lines as the militia of the several states ready to respond to their country's call and rally to the defense of our honor and our flag.

The qualifications of the officers and men being about the same as the Volunteer army during the civil war under the jurisdiction of the War Department and the direction and orders of
The Major Generals of the Army to co-operate with the Regulars in case of necessity, armed and equipped and maintained by the Government or about the same lines as the Militia of the States, an army of young men, citizen soldiers, disciplined, drilled and ready to take the field or occupy a fort, ready for instant service.

I believe this method of national defense has much to recommend it to thoughtful attention, and as it has in it no proposition to really increase the Army, and would be more likely to secure efficiency at a nominal expense it would...
be less liable to arouse the jealousy and resentment which such propositions usually provoke.

I have had correspondence with several public men on the subject and it has met with their approval in every case and owing to the present conditions existing in the country and the Reign of Anarchy I believe we never needed such a force so much as now, and undoubtedly it will not end now, the fire is burning, it may be in some degree smothered but never quenched, for the foreign element will always lack that hatred of law order and
Governor.

My first plan was that this Reserve force be composed of Sons of Union Veterans who have their fathers record to sustain and a birthright to fight for, who were conciliates and gone during the dark days of the sixties when their fathers rallied to the support of the Union and went to the front to fight for their God, home and native land that the Yankee might live and that not one of the bright stars of the Constitution might be obscured or our flag be nullified by traitor’s hands.

This class could certainly be relied upon, but it might...
not be policy as it would be a class distinction among Americans, but be it as it might I would see if it were in my hands to do so that now but native born Citizens would be enlisted and would show a preference to Sons of Veterans without giving any chance for recruitment for Sons of Ex. Confederates. I would be pleased to have your valuable opinion upon these points and the plan entire and remain your obedient servant W. D. Lowell
Rochester, N.Y., July 9, 1894

Sir:

Since writing you this morning it begins to look as though serious times are ahead, and as Fort Ontario at Oswego and the Barracks at Fort Schuyler Harbor are about deserted and both being on the Frontier could a provost guard be of service?

Under any and all conditions and circumstances I would be ready to serve and can raise a Company of Reserves in Rochester within 48 hours drill them and be in readiness for service in a week or less. I beg to be
remembers if such service is desired and I remain 
your obedient servant
and a loyal true patriot

W D Lowell
office 301 Wilder Building
Rochester NY
residence 56 Chestnut St

I am thoroughly familiar
with Oswego and have often been through Fort Ontario.
THE WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH COMPANY.

This Company TRANSMITS and DELIVERS messages only on conditions limiting its liability, which have been assented to by the sender of the following message. Errors can be guarded against only by repeating a message back to the sending station for comparison, and the Company will not hold itself liable for errors or delays in transmission or delivery of Unrepeated Messages, beyond the amount of tolls paid thereon, nor in any case where the claim is not presented in writing within sixty days after the message is filed with the Company for transmission.

This is an UNREPEATED MESSAGE, and is delivered by request of the sender, under the conditions named above.

THOS. T. ECKERT, General Manager.

NORVIN GREEN, President.

RECEIVED at PRODUCE EXCHANGE, NEW YORK.

Dated July 9, 1896

To General O. J. Howard

Governor, blind

To Arthur with Yon Michigan Central

Stopped Wait funds and answer Glencoe

C. H. Howard
Gen. O.H. Howard
Arthur left 6. Tonight
Can return from Buffalo
if necessary.
O. O. Howard.
Cambridge, Mass.

July 9, 1894—

Gen. O. O. Howard:

Dear Sir:

In behalf of the Veteran Association of Washington Co., New York, to be held at Cambridge in the same county, I am requested to write to you and as certain if we could obtain your presence on that occasion to address the veterans. Many of them have been with you at Chancellorville and on the march through Georgia, and I can...
Allen you that no name
Can awaken in
Theda less than yours.
The reunion will be
held about the 28th
of Aug. The gathering
at times, at a rough
estimate is about 12
thousand.
If you will kindly let
me know what the
association can de-
pend on and what you
charges might be, I
will write you of the
way to reach us.
Hoping for a favorble
answer believe me
very sincerely yours,

Henry Gordon
former Chaplain

123rd N. Y. V.
July 9'34.

Dear General Howard,

I am today in receipt of some confidential information in regard to a possible removal of the St. Francis Barracks to another Post in Fla. It is a matter I don't like to write about. If you are in the City tomorrow afternoon, and can conveniently look in upon me at say 2 P.M. I would be very glad to see you.

Very truly yours,

[N.M. Flagler]

O.O. Howard, Major General,
Governor's Island, N.Y.
I am today in receipt of some confidential information in regard to a possible removal of the St. Thomas Battery to another port in N.W. If in a matter I should like to write about. If you are in the city tomorrow afternoon can conveniently look in upon me at any S.P.M.

I would be very glad to see you.

Very truly yours,

[Signature]

O.C. Howard, Major General
Governor of Texas, H.Y.
Major General O. O. Howard,

Dear General Howard:

For your kindness, I thank you very humbly.

My mother perhaps is at the House of Mercy, even if Adelaide is not there, but wherever she is, I never hear from her directly or indirectly. Even if I knew where they were, to compel them to write to me, is out of my power.

There are no relatives of mine in New York City. My uncle, Mr. George Mcgroat, has sold his house in 19½ st. and is traveling with his wife. I know not where. They do not like me to write to them, because of my misfortunes.
The ladies of the Trinity Church Guild, Santa Barbara, gave me a steamboat ticket to Los Angeles, upon the condition that I would make use of it at once. They thought that I had tried even too long to find suitable here. This city is larger, I may be more successful. The letter I return as requested. Thanking you very sincerely, I am very respectfully,

Emily Murdock

The Rosemont, Los Angeles
California July 9th 1894

Adelaide must be with my aunt Mrs J. B. Cooper no 4632, Rhea St, Frankfort, Kentucky; but my aunt never answers my letters nor can I compel her to do so.
War Department
Washington
July 14, 1894

Sir,

The dispatch referred to in your letter has not been found among the records of this department.

C. Amosworth
Mayor USA

War Department
Washington
July 7, 1894

My Dear Sir,

I beg to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of June 26th and suggest, extremely, to say in reply that I have been unable to find any of the enclosed for which you ask. They were probably sent to J. A. Sherman and after having been examined by him were not returned as enclosures to the dispatch which they accompanied. I find that this is very frequently the case with papers of the kind to which you allude in your letter of June 26th.

and I remain,
Faithfully Yours,

C. B. Davis
Mayor USA

Cincinnati July 10th, 1894

Genl. O. A. Howard

Sir, I don't think that this is fair play —

Respectfully yours truly,

Louis Walker

157 S. Delaware
July 10, 94

Dear uncle,

Mr. Bangs is going to find out some of Mr. Aston most intimate friends and I will be down Thursday to dinner to get the introductory note from you unless you are to be away.

Your loving nephew,

Franci Howard.
Gen. O. O. Howard,

Governor's Island, N. Y.

Dear Brother:

I telegraphed you yesterday concerning Arthur and received your prompt answer at Glenside last night, which was quite a comfort to his mother. Today we have a telegram from him saying he will arrive about 9:00 P. M. tonight. The Michigan Central has been tied up down at Hammond, Ind., some thirty or forty miles from the City, but I think that the U. S. troops, together with militia from Indiana have at length conquered the right and enabled the Company to open again their passenger traffic. It was a mistake to send only twenty-five men into a mob of from two to ten thousand. The apparent sympathy of our Governor and Mayor at the outset with the strikers, not to say the mob element, did much harm and made it much more difficult to put down the insurrection. Even the troops have been very slow and indecisive. All history teaches us that a mob should be dealt with promptly and severely. Ben Butler would have used artillery the first day, and then there would have been no need of anything since, but in the way this insurrection has been dealt with it has grown worse and worse until millions and millions of property have been destroyed, and we are just now beginning to show the strong arm in support of law. To have our
Governor's Letter

Yours truly,

[Signature]

Dear Governor,

I want to express my congratulations on your appointment as Governor of this state. Today we have a strong leader who can guide us towards a brighter future.

I have been following your career closely, and I believe you have the necessary qualities to lead our state. Your dedication and commitment to serving the people of this state are truly inspiring.

Your appointment means a lot to me, and I am confident that you will make a positive impact on the lives of our citizens. I look forward to working with you and supporting your initiatives to ensure a prosperous future for our state.

Sincerely,

[Name]

[Title]
mails and all our interstate commerce stopped for some ten days shows a great want of vigor on the part of the Government, but of course the complication was greatly increased by the socialistic sympathies of our democratic Governor and Mayor. I heard some good citizens say they wished that Gen. O. O. Howard was here in command.

I wrote you in your absence with reference to Geo. W. Quimby and Bedell to see if you could tell from your records personally or otherwise, the date when I was at Goldsboro, and when I left there for the North, or if there was any means of ascertaining when Bedell and Quimby left to go back with me to South Carolina. I have another letter from Quimby in which he says that he left Goldsboro about April 5th. As my muster in as the Colonel of the 128th is dated April 6th, I suppose that I must have been back in South Carolina by that date. I know I was there when we received the news of the assassination of the President. Quimby writes that he and Bedell reached New York on the morning of the 10th. He knows that because the papers announcing Lee's surrender met them at the Jersey City ferry. Someone kindly wrote me from your office that they had had search made in your absence, but could get no data; but it occurred to me you might have some personal diary or record by which you could tell the day I was
(2):

Write and send your information and dates for your trip. It seems there is a significant amount of information about the government's role in your order. Discuss the cooperation between the government and private companies, and how these organizations have grown and expanded. The information on taxation and the influence of government on commerce is important. I think it's crucial to review the laws and regulations that have been passed in recent years that impact business. I've noted several points that I think are important. Briefly, I know that the government has been encouraging policies that support small businesses. I've also seen evidence that the government is trying to create a more stable and predictable environment for businesses. In summary, the role of the government in the association of business is crucial. I think it's important to understand the regulatory framework and how it affects companies. The government's role in promoting economic growth is evident.
there or the date of my leaving.

My visit to Washington has been delayed in waiting for Mr. Wilson's return from California. He is detained by the stoppage of the Santa Fe trains. After going to Washington, if you are then in New York, I will make you a little visit. Arthur wrote he was having a pleasant stay at Governor's Island. It is very kind of you to give our boys so hearty a welcome. He says he found his aunt Lizzie waiting for him, so I suppose he must have informed you beforehand that he was coming.

Affectionately yours,

P. S. -- Quimby writes that he was on sort of detached duty at your headquarters, and that you gave him verbal orders to accompany me. It seems to me there must have been something more than this, because that would not have carried transportation for him, and as he was still an enlisted man, he would not have been protected from arrest as a deserter unless he could show some proper official furlough or order.
...a matter of the event of my leaving. My wish to Washington has been expressed to written for the MIT to return from Cambridge. It is necessary for the stop before the event to remain. After going to Washington, if you can find a place to live, I will make your a little money. Accept more no. I am in New York. I will make your a little money. We are leaving a pleasant idea of government. If you can give me a chance in some other way, I will make your a little money. Do let me know what I can do. I am in New York.

Your Baltimore friend, etc.,

[Signature]

[Address]

---

Governer Alabama State to was on part of increasing with in your neighborhood. May rest you have the money to name the bank and. It seems to me, there are many persons engaged in this firm. People that want to have can be. The matter please bear in mind.}

---

Attorney General of State.
San Francisco, July 10, 1894

Major General O. O. Howard, U. S. Army

Dear Sir:

Governor Island

New York Harbor

Enclosed please find one check

No. , of this date, as Wells

draft on New York

Fargo Co.’s Bank, for $20.00

in payment of dividend No. 112.

upon your shares of stock

in this company.

Respectfully,

Secretary.
York, N.Y.,
July 11th, 1874

To Sir P. P. Shannon,
Mclean's Depot, Pa.

Gentlemen,

I am requested by Mr. Warner, the Manager of the Steamboat Line, to send you the following letter relating to the balance due on the above account.

I have every reason to hope to be able to effect all the arrangements which have been the subject of correspondence with you, and I trust it will be possible to close the account at an early date.

Very respectfully,

[Signature]

Capt. Crut, Deputy.
NY July 11 1891

Maj Gen D.O. Howard

Dear Gen,

Can you inform us about the Boat for August 8th for picnic?

We like to have tickets on sale by Sunday next—also if boat has right to land where we did last year without a permit from harbor master.

An early reply will greatly favor us.

Yours Sincerely

J.C. Francisco

13 Carmine St

NY C
Dear Sir,

The Canadian Temperance League will enter on its sixth annual series of Sunday afternoon Gospel Temperance meetings in the Agricultural Pavilion, Toronto, on 4th November next. We earnestly desire to count you among our speakers for the coming season, ending 1st April 96. Will you kindly let me know, as soon as possible, the most convenient time for you to favor us with an address, — giving

terms.

Yours truly,

John Armstrong,

169 Chestnut St.

Toronto, Ont., Can.

(Handwritten note: "Genl. O. O. Howard, New York")
New York, July 12th, 1894.

Gen. O. O. Howard,
Governor’s Island, N. Y.

Dear Sir:

The Prison Association as its work increases, feels more and more the need of a steady income. I am endeavoring to secure five hundred annual subscribers of ten dollars each, and have already obtained more than one hundred of these.

May we not hope you will come to the aid of this old Association, with an annual donation of this amount, to be paid in any month of the year, that may suit your convenience.

I make this appeal on behalf of our Executive Committee, whose names are sent herewith, and am,

Very truly yours,

[Signature]
Cor. Sec.
Very truly yours,

[Signature]

Secretary
July 12, 1894.

Dear General:

Herewith I return the letter addressed to you by Gen'l L. G. Estes of Alexandria, Va., relative to the application, recently made in his behalf, for a medal of honor. In reply to your personal note of the 10th instant which accompanied this letter I beg to say that the Assistant Secretary of War personally decides all applications for medals. I have nothing to do with them further than, in cases of officers and enlisted men of Volunteers, to make up their records and submit them to him without remark or recommendation.

If you desire me to do so, I will submit the letter of Gen'l Estes as an application for a reconsideration of the decision in the case; but I think that, upon re-reading the letter,
you may think it advisable to pursue another course.

Would it not be better that you yourself should request the reconsideration of the decision, and at the same time make a statement containing all of Gen’l Estes’ letter that is material, and setting forth clearly the fact, if in your opinion it is a fact, that his action upon the occasion in question was purely voluntary, “beyond the mere call of duty” and not “within the line of official duty” — in other words that he did much more than his mere official duty? In this connection your attention is invited to the wording of the decision of the Assistant Secretary as set forth in my letter to Gen’l Hawley, which appears to be now in your possession. I suggest this course because, as you very well know, officials are usually reluctant to reverse their decision except upon a presentation of new facts or of facts in a new light.

Very truly yours,

[Signature]

U. S. A.

Maj. Gen’l O. C. Howard,
Governor’s Island, N.Y.E.
Gen'l O. O. Howard,

Dear Sir:

I send you enclosed a copy of the Manual of the Boys Brigade in order to acquaint you with the object and method of the Brigade.

The Executive Coun. of the Ill. Council has instructed me to write you requesting permission to elect you as an honorary Vice- President in accordance with Art IV. sect. 17 of the State Constitution (see page 59 of Manual). After reading the Manual I am sure you will be in hearty sympathy with the work of the Brigade and I trust you will lend your influence in this way in extending its work.

An early reply will be greatly appreciated.

Yours Respectfully,

O.C. Grauer