Northfield, Mass.

Dear Mr. Howard,

Some time ago I received a letter from Mr. Smith asking me to forward an invitation to you which I did. He also asked me to write you a note and bring the postscript to bear which I could not do.

Yours affectionately,

Everett,

2 April 94.
very hard to bring me to

venue sit at the

on me.

I could
talk you by the hand

I should love my best

And could return you

It a warm welcome

and a royal enter-

tainment. I have

visited my pastors a

beat every time and
I know it would be

a real rest to you

to visit their real time

and be entu-

signed in their heart.

and one the grans
Dear General Irwin,

I know all I could from Church to see you yesterday it was so easy to miss you. If you are coming to join Wednesday meeting with you come & see us Lipham almost 6 1/2 o'clock then stay & dine & go to the meeting afterwards. I enclose for a postal to save you trouble please say a word from this Howard in - the Lipham
Has spoken of her illness
as often & is anxious to hear
With our love, to all your
honored. I am
very sincerely yours
Elizabeth F. Upham
April 9
[1894]
4 4 35 - 5 2
Of course I have very
little news to give you
I see Upham twice a week. This
is very little change from
day to day.
Post of Fort Grant, A. T.;

April 9, 1894.

My dear General Howard:

Understanding that Fort Ethan Allen will be occupied by troops in the near future, I have made application to the War Department, through military channels, that the claims of my regiment, the First Cavalry, for an eastern station, be considered when it is decided to send troops there.

May I be permitted also to ask you, in case the question is left in your hands as to what troops you would like to have, that you give consideration to the First Cavalry in making your choice? The regiment has had a long tour of frontier duty, and is now for the second time serving in Arizona. You are personally acquainted with most of the captains and older lieutenants, as they served under your command in your difficult Indian wars of the North West, so that the regiment is no stranger to you.

With expressions of high esteem, and of regret that your active service in the army is nearing its end, I am,

Very sincerely yours,

[Signature]

Colonel First Cavalry.

To

Major General O. O. Howard, U. S. Army,
Governors Island, New York Harbor.
My dear General,

Comrade Benson also came as we hereby recommend, tells me he proposes to resuscitate in a certain place the Historical Magazine, or rather the Ideas of Men: History, formerly edited by Mr. Lath. That periodical filled a place in the literary world which is not yet filled.

There is the general state of unrest throughout the country at this present time, and the great questions all intimately associated with the great principles in which our government rests, principles which are nice men within a very brief period that again around 1867, just to the best. It always to me we need an expression of these principles, peace and one which bring to the freedom discussion.
An intense and vital Americanism and abiding friendship—Patriotism of the best kind is now in the air, and any man or woman who will join with the feelings and sentiments of the real body of the American people at this time, will feel its deep and sincere
sympathy.
I know you are better fitted by reputation of your personal and patriotic devotion to his Country to take the position of the Editor of such a newspaper as the American people and I hope if it is otherwise, you will find that you can accept this duty.
Duties State the Constitutional Constitution which has in every hand, and
the matter of an amendment is present Constitution as foremost cut of all the opportunities. I add the
Responsibilities an annually receiving from
New York, 189

The state, though the occupant of the

33 East Twenty-second Street,

of several cities, fully 13,000 or more, in

self-appointed rooms, until the

all which will be report off.

adequate letter will be found in the

Amendment.

other prevarications will also appear, which

be the cause of such a periodical and

Next letter past in all these decisions,

and it contains a recent report past in the

rendering of the day. To do this copy of

Official records will be needed.

I meant for him that another man

for the place.

will do all I can to support it.

help you and am

sincerely yours,

Geo T. Bald.

[Signature]

[Branch, Address]
33, East 22nd Street,
New York, April 9th 1894.

My dear General:

Comrade Benson who comes to me highly recommended, tells me he proposes to resuscitate in a certain sense the Historical Magazine, or rather the Magazine of American History, formerly edited by Mrs. Lamb. That periodical filled a place in the literary world, which is not yet occupied. In view of the general state of unrest throughout the country at the present time, and the great questions, all intimately associated with the great principles on which our government rests, principles which are once more within a very brief period to be again as in 1861 put to the test, it seems to me we need an exponent of these principles, per se, and one which going to the questions discussed an intense and vital Americanism and a broad statesmanship - patriotism of the highest type is now in the air, and any paper or sheet which will give voice to the feelings and sentiments of the great body of the American people at this time, will put itself very close to the American heart and be a success. I know no one better fitted by reputation, experience and patriotic devotion to his country than yourself, to take the position of the Editor of such a mouth-piece of the American people, and I hope if it is offered, you will find that you can accept the duty. In this state the Constitutional Convention which sits in May have to decide the matter of so amending our present Constitution as forever to cut off all appropriations for sectarian purposes. The Roman Catholics are annually receiving from the state through the municipal presents of towns and cities, fully $3,000,000, in this city alone they receive some 1,300,000, all of which will be cut off. A desperate battle will be fought over that amendment. Other great issues will also appear, and have to be discussed. Such a periodical as I name must take part in all these discussions and it can take a most prominent part in the questions of the day. To do this lot of special versatility would be needed. I think you have it and are the man for the place. I will do all I can by pen and word to help you, and am, sincerely yours.

Geo. T. Balch.

Genl. O.O. Howard, Gov. Island, N.Y.
The National Home,
Milwaukee County, Wis.

April 9th 1894.

General O.O. Howard, U.S.A.,
Governor's Island, New York Harbor.

Dear General:—

You will, perhaps, remember that I served under your command in the Department of the Columbia from 1875 to 1881, and have, possibly, some knowledge of my reputation as an officer since that time. I retired from active service for the purpose of giving my daughters better educational advantages than they could have at army posts. Since my retirement I have held the position of adjutant and inspector at the Northwestern Branch of the National Home for D.V.S. A few days ago the death of Colonel Charles Treichel, Governor of the Pacific Branch of the Home, was announced, and as my experience here has given me some familiarity with the methods of administration in the Home I felt justified in making application for the position thus made vacant. A letter from you testifying to my character and ability as an officer would be of great assistance to me in my efforts to obtain this appointment, and should you feel that you can write such a letter I shall gratefully appreciate your kindness. The board of managers meets at the Southern Branch of the Home, Hampton, Va., on the 18th inst. and the letter, if you can file it.
find it possible to send it, should be addressed to Gen. William B. Franklin, President of the Board of managers, National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers, Hartford, Conn., to reach him by the 16th inst.

I am, General, with great respect,

Faithfully Yours,

[Signature]

[Name]

Major U.S.A. Retired
May I speak of J. O. O. Howard
Governor Island, N.Y.

My dear Sir,

As President, and in behalf of
the West Side Republican Club, I take

great pleasure in extending to you a
cordial invitation to be present at this
great dinner to be given by them
now Thursday evening, April 26th,
commissioned
We would consider it a
great honor and pleasure to have you
with us, and in honoring the memory
of the dead we may honor one who
was so largely a part of the times in
which he lived.

[Signature]

Owing to the large number of engage-
ments commemorating Grant's birthday
on the 27th we have arranged to have
our dinner on the 26th.

The dinner will be given in the
Assembly Rooms of the Club, in the Hotel
Empire, 102 West 82nd St.

Hoping for your favorable reply, I
remain

Yours very truly,

J. Edgar Leavcraft
President, West Side
Republican Club.
Yarmouth, Maine
Apr. 9, 1894

Maj. Gen. O. O. Howard

Dear Sir,

Your letter of the 4th inst., owing to some unavoidable delay, failed to reach me until today. Thank you for your kind
wishes in implying so prompt, and for the hope that you will be present at our Alumni Reunion

Our school year close on the 7th of June, but there is perhaps no reason why the Alumni
meeting may not be postponed until later, and we hope to be able to arrange it to suit you


convenience. The Bandon Commitment is on Wed.
June 26th. May we press on your kindness and
courtesy so much as to ask you to hold Monday
June 25th, in Denver for us, if that will be agreeable
to you, until we can hear from our committee
and arrange the postponement? If practicable
we shall endeavor to
have it at that time.

Very truly yours,
Ala. T. Whitman
Sociy Alumni Ass't N.Y.

P.O. Address

Yarmouthville
Maine
30 W 116th St
N.Y. City

April 9th 1894

My dear General,

I am quite sure you have many engagements, and I regret to trouble you so early after your return. But Mr. George Henry, who joined our Ch. some months ago is very anxious to see you to ascertain if you can in any way help him to a position, and has asked me to bring him to see you. Have promised to do so, and
we will (at?) be on the Island about 2-30 p.m. tomorrow.
Mr. Henry can take his case as early as he can understand.
many apply in this way, and it may be you can do nothing for Mr. Henry, but if you will send
I grant him an interview this will satisfy him.

we have held two weeks special services as the ch. we have had
nice meetings and several have been converted. we con-
continue these this week. could
you address our tuesday
meetings? one another will do
tomorrow when i call. we shall be
glad to hear you. with great respect

F. A. Shulfield
April 9, 1894

To the General Commanding Governor Island,

Dear Sir,

Am a stranger in town and being very desirous of visiting Governor Island would feel greatly obliged if you would kindly favor me with a pass for a party of four.

Trusting you will not consider my request a presumptuous one, but will favor me with a reply.

I am
Your obedient servant,

Jules Ward
173 St Nicholas Ave City
438

Hart jo
It will give much pleasure to the President, Member of the St. George's Society of General Moscow, to be kind enough to send a few words in response to the Toast of "The Army and Navy at their Annual Dinner on the 23rd ult."

Rachel Morgan

April 9, 1894
WAR DEPARTMENT,

SURGEON GENERAL’S OFFICE,

DISBURSING DIVISION,

Washington, D. C., April 9, 1894.

Sir:

Enclosed I transmit vouchers, in duplicate, drawn in your favor for amounting to $50.00.

Please SIGN BOTH VOUCHERS and return them to this Office, when a check for the amount will be forwarded to your address.

Very respectfully,

[Signature]


[Handwritten notes:]
maj:sgt. A. A. Howard U.S.A.,
Governor’s Island,
New York, N.Y.
4-10-94

My dear Friend Mayor Gen.
O.O. Howard.

I received the
P.O. Pass back yesterday
extended to Dec. 31.
I am very much obliged
for this as I am looking for another
horse so to do all my
own plowing. I am also
joining a loan association.
I have to pay too much
every week but every
time I get my pension
$16. for Mar. I shall pay
up three months in
advance $23. I think.
it is a grand thing for me. I'm raising several calves so to have more stock—a thing I have neglected. My wife has worked too hard. I am sowing grain so I'll not require help and she can rest more.

It is raining. You see the Loan Association takes up the present mortgage on my farm, and takes one themselves which I pay as I'm stated. Thanking you again for your favor (I can go to N.Y. next fall nicely) and hoping you and yours are well. I am yours truly,

Howard Cat. Co.
San Francisco, April 10, 1894

Major General O. O. Howard, U. S. Army

Dear Sir,

Governor Island,
New York Harbor.

Enclosed please find our check
No. , of this date, on Wells
Draft on New York
Fargo Co.'s Bank, for $20.00

in payment of dividend No. 109.

upon your 140 shares of stock
in this company.

Respectfully,

[Signature]

Secretary.
Gen. A.O. Howard,

Dear Sir:—

I take the liberty of writing you to ask if you would be so kind as to send me your autograph. I am making a collection of prominent generals of the Civil War autographs and would be much pleased to receive yours.

I have found out your address from Col. Allen who resides a few doors from us.

Hoping to be favored with your autograph,

Very respectfully,

Walton Mitchell.
Mitchell Walton
Rockland, Maine,

April 10th, 1894.

Gen. O. O. Howard.
New York.

Dear Sir,

My application for a Chaplaincy in the U.S. Army is now on file in the War Department, Washington.

I should esteem it a most valuable favor if you can consistently write a few words in my behalf either to the President or the Secretary of War as shall best in your judgment.

I have enclosed copies of a few letters and have the honor of suggesting the name of Rev. Dr. George H. T., of the American Board, in the way of reference.
in your city.

Hoping that it may be possible for you to favorably consider my request, I have the honor to remain,

Respectfully Yours,

R. W. Jenkyn.
568 Montague
New York City April 10th, 1894

Gentlemen:

I am greatly obliged to you for the interest you have taken in the case of Rampe and for the modification of his punishment. I have not seen yet Mr. Melesman, but suppose he and his friends will duly appreciate what you have done.

Very sincerely,

[Signature]

F. Riggs
United States Post Office,  
Brooklyn, N.Y., County, State of New York,  
April 10, 1894

To: Gen. O.O. Howard  
State of New York

Extremely

I beg to remind you of my in- 
terview to day requesting your pres- 
ence at the Progressive Library of 
Brooklyn on the eve of May 9th.  
and  
and hope that you can find it con- 
venient to honor me by your  
presence. While I realize that your  
engagement and responsibilities  
could not  
1

more up your time, I am sure if you could but  
realize the pleasure it would give  
the members of my race that especially  
the old soldiers to once more see  
you and hear your voice, it  

would be a sufficient recogniti
for any inconvenience it may cause you. The evening will be known as "Grand Army night" and all the Parks in New York and Brooklyn will be invited as an introduction presenting a play to the 78th Lloyd Garrison Post. Permit me to assure you that there will be a very large audience in attendance.

Hoping that you may find it possible to attend, I have the honor to remain your obedient servant,

[Signature]

[Address]
New York April 10, 1891

Mayre O. O. Howard
Governor’s Island, N.Y.

Dear General,

The day following your visit here I asked the children to write their recollection of the stories you told them and I thought perhaps you would be interested to see how the two best writers caught and recollected them.

Yours very truly,

Wm. P. Barnard
Super.
Meet the Colored Girl.

During the great war of Letteysburg when they were fighting very severely a piece of shell or shot went through Colonel Boughton's hair, and cut nearly all his scalp. In some way it touched his nerves so that he had very severe head-aches. He was taken to Washington to stay until he would recover of his wound. While he was staying in Washington, he and his wife hired a little colored girl to do a little work for them. This little girl was a little Christian, but Colonel Boughton and his wife were not Christians. The little girl did not know how to read, but Colonel Boughton did, so he thought he would try to teach her how to read. When the little girl would tell him about her religion, he would say 'Non-sense! Non-sense!'

One day when Colonel Boughton said this to the little girl, she said 'I don't know what you white people believe, but I know what I believe.' After that
colonel Boughton sent for one of the soldiers in General Howard's regiment, and after a while he and his wife became followers of the Lord Jesus. Little while after, colonel Boughton sent for General Howard, and told him the story about the little colored girl.

About the German Boy.
During the beginning of the war of Gettysburg, one of the colonels had a little German boy in his regiment. The little boy had a pony given to him by the colonel. One night, this little boy rode from the colonel's to General Howard's tent, with messages. One night when little Bony, as such the soldier called him, was outside of General Howard's tent, General Howard heard Bony say some very bad words. He told a tall Englishman to go out and get Bony and bring him in. After that General Howard told the Englishman to get a basin of water and have it very soapy. Then he told the
Englishman to wash Bony’s mouth when he did that, General Howard said, “Wash it again!” so he washed it again and he said “Wash it again!” so he washed it again.

Then he said to Bony, now you may go and don’t you let me hear anymore such words. After while the army was fighting in the cemetery called the Cemetery hill. Little Bony was behind a large rock named Key Position holding a lot of horses by the reins with his left hand. A few pieces of shell fell on his hand and cut off.

He was carried to the nearest hospital. A friend of General Howard named Mr. G Dawson went to see Bony and said, Poor boy! and he said I’m not a poor boy! I’m not a poor boy! General Howard got his right hand cut off, and I got my left hand cut off that’s all about it.

Fannie Keegan

Age 10

Feb 27 1894
\textit{I Brave Little Boy}

In the great war there were some men whom we called guerrillas. They lived in the woods.

General Howard said that he used to send his men after them on horseback. If you asked them where they were going they would point to a bag on the horses back, which meant that they were going to the mill. If they found a man alone they would kill him.

One of our men was killed by them. He and his family were very poor, and the mother went to the great city of St. Louis to go to work. But she could hardly get money enough to buy bread for her children.

One day Willie, the oldest, a boy about ten years old, said to his mother, "Mom, I can do something, and the mother said, "What can you do and she said, "I can go and see if they will enlist you."

So he went to the captain of the army, and met a sargan...
and said to him I want to be enlisted and the sargent said what can you do and he said I can drum and the sargent said to a fifer who stood near him get me a drum and he got a drum and gave it to Willie and Willie played several tones and the fifer fifid. The sargent went and I got him enlisted. One day they had to go into battle and Willie went with them but the sargent was always by Willie, when nighttime the sargent could find Willie so he waited till morning and began to look for Willie. Pretty soon he heard Willie's drum. He soon found him and found that his two legs were cut off by a shell, he took him to a hospital where he died in a few hours.

John Donnemurth
Age 13
Feb 27th 1894
139 Ward St.
Pawtucket, R. I.
April 10, 1894.

Maj. General Ohne-Frondt.

Dear General:

We are expecting you here on next Monday, 10th inst., for the Anniversary of Christian Emmerson Society which is held at 9 A.M. You will step with us at the Emmerson home in time to take supper with us at 5:30 P.M., and stay with us as long as you can.

The Emmons we will be pleased. The best way to reach here is by the train. Let me know if I can assist.
you will take one & I will
back you here at the depot.
Also if agreeable to you let
we have the加持 of your
address that it may be con-
formed from the book
and the papers.
Anticipating much
pleasure and instruction
from your visit I am
Yours Respectfully,

[Signature]
Gen. O. O. Howard,
Governor's Island, N.Y.

Dear Sir:—

Will you oblige me as you have done twice before by furnishing me with a pass which I may use on Saturday April 29, to take a party of 15 boys to the Island, and oblige,

Yours very truly,

J.T. Carpenter, Esq.
Secretary of Boys' Department.
April 4th

Dear Sir,

Will you kindly give me a little information about the object of the Freedman's Bureau?

I do not wish to trouble you to go into details but as an old soldier of this town told me he thought I could get the best information from you, I have written to you about it.

Very Respectfully,

Ray R. Robertson

To Gen. Howard.
The question at that time discussed in Congress was such as these:

"What shall be done with the Negro?"

"What shall be done in the work of reconcentration as a step prior to political restoration of political equality?"

After lengthy discussion the Subject was affected by the passage of a law, popularly known as the "Cotton Boll Act," establishing a 13th in the Department of the Interior.

I submit the woman as a person. The President, in the capitol, has appointed the Surveyors of abandoned lands. In the control of all subjects relating to refugees and freedmen and army districts of territory which had territory included in the operations of the army under the law. Proposed by the Council of the President, submitted by the Executive."

Extract from Universal Cyclopaedia page 341 - Article "Fugitive Slave Law" by Dr. W. T. Harris

"Introductory." Preliminary to the establishment of what shall be done with the Negro? of the Negroes officially known as X.

Why, if the people were not permitted upon the terrors of the American people by means of fleeing directly from the Great War of 1848-1865, Bh Trow and people were not allowed to act for their own benefit?

In the state population of the Cotton States, there disturbed in sought refuge and applied for law enforcement in the cities and villages. The poorer class had become so much involved in the abolitionists. The whites in 1865 that at one time the army alone was found to be able to suppress the abolitionists. Freedom in the states was the claim of the freedmen; completely broken up."

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