American Home Missionary Society.

REV. J. B. CLARK, D. D., } SECRETARIES.
REV. WM. KINCAID, D. D., }
REV. A. H. CLAPP, D. D., TREASURER. Washington Choate D.D.
REV. D. B. COE, D. D., HON. SECRETARY.

BIBLE HOUSE, NEW YORK.

REV. T. W. JONES, D. D.,
SUPERINTENDENT OF PENNSYLVANIA, NEW JERSEY, MARYLAND, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, DELAWARE, VIRGINIA AND WEST VIRGINIA.

511 WOODLAND TERRACE.
PHILADELPHIA, PA., Oct. 27th 1893

Maj Gen O. O. Howard
Governors Island NY

Dear General,

Dr. Clark sent me the inclosed for my Consideration, with the request to forward it to you. I leave tomorrow for Western Pa - also soon as I return I will visit Liberty Stock, and if possible spend a Sabbath there, and will report at once -

Very Truly Yours
T W Jones

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Jones T. W.

9-93-5M

Rev. Joseph B. Clark,
Rev. William Kincaid, } Secretaries
Rev. Washington Choate,
William B. Howland, Treasurer
Jas. T. Brinckerhoff, Ass't Treasurer

The Congregational Home Missionary Society

Bible House, Astor Place, New York

Publication Department: Rev. Alex. H. Clapp, Editor
Woman's Department: Mrs. H. S. Caswell, Secretary

New York, Oct. 19, 1893

Mr. H. W. Herrman,
Hodge Hall, Room 200
Princeton, N.J.

My Dear Sir:- General Howard has forwarded to me your favor of the 14, to him concerning Sandy Hook. He adds "hope something may be done for Sandy Hook if possible."

The whole case is hardly in the form of an application to the Congregational Home Missionary Society for its aid. But as it has a bearing that way I desire to obtain some information concerning the field and the work.

Could you, if not too much trouble, inform me with some approximation to correctness concerning the following points.

1. The population of the district where this work is being carried on. Varying from 150 to 500 according to amount of Government work on Land — Now at not 160.

2. Is it a growing population? Not in any sense. It is simply Government territory

3. What is its character and about how many families are permanently settled on the ground? All have army or political jobs. 60 soldiers are regularly garrisoned here. 18 families otherwise settled in connection with lighthouse, boat house etc etc.

4. What other religious enterprises are established within this population? A Catholic congregation meeting every week.

5. Is it an all the year round work or is it one of those fields to be worked chiefly in the summer? It ought to have some kind of regular all year round work. This summer work can be nicely taken care of by present agencies — there is no trouble about that.

have come to your attention because
The matter proved to be a Congl. and to him I have been
civilizing in some way giving some
help as this is a part of his official
territory & he is all that an
earnest Christian man.

6.a What is the denominational preference of the majority of the people?

Methodist probably but Lutherans, Episcopalians, Reformed
it are mixed together and what they want is the
Gospel without denominationalism.

7. Is there any distinct reason in your mind why this work should be assumed by us, Congregationalists, rather than by Presbyterians, Baptists &c?

None in particular. I am earnestly striving to
find some means of getting for them
regular preaching service once a week or
twice a month.

Finally, What material is there for the organization of a church and how much money would be required to properly support a missionary exclusive of what may be raised on the ground?

Some of these questions may be difficult for you to answer but your reply covering in the main the ground outlined by these questions will determine whether it is timely for us to send an agent to Sandy Hook to investigate the needs of this field.

I am very truly yours,

J. B. Clark

As a matter of pure fact, there
ought not to be anything of the sort
there a Union Protestant Church there.
The Methodists tried to start a Church and it did
incalculable harm. The actual fact is this: there are
a company of people, deserted neglected from 1st to
last without any gospel ministrations. What they
want and all they want is some earnest,
christian helpful man to come once a month or
twice or 4 times, and preach to them. They are
isolated, it is a long distance to and from Sandy Hook
but there are families bringing up children, young
men and women without any gospel privileges except
Sunday schools taught by inefficient and ignorant
men and women. It is a desperate hard field and
still it is the duty of the Church to help them.

Resp. H. W. Herrman.

Headquarters Veteran Zouave Association.
334-344 W. 44 St. NY City.

October 27 1893.

Maj Genl O. O. Howard.

Sir.

You and your Staff are hereby respectfully invited to attend the Ball of The Veteran Zouave Association of NY City. Composed of Veteran Soldiers of the Late Civil War. To be held at Wendel's Assembly Rooms and Armory at the above Headquarters on Wednesday the 8th day of November 1893. at 8 P M.

Respectfully.

Thos H. Sheehan.
Lt Col Commanding.

591 Broadway NY City.

4254

Cavases Lake N.Y.
Oct 27th 1893

Major O O Howard
My Dear Sir

No doubt you will be surprised to hear from me (a stranger) but I write you in regard to my son who enlisted nearly two years a go & now they claim he tryed to desert he says he had no thought of deserting. his wife & babe was sick & he got a pass to take her home I can not tell you just how it was but at least he did not try to leave the army they were here last winter & they would go back so he report there in time

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I believe his sentence
is for one year now my
Dear Sir I write you
to plead for him he has
a wife & babe to support
& an anxious mother for
his wellfare please in the
name of heaven release
him if you will not
discharge him restore
him to his company & you
will always have the
prayers of a greatfull
Mother he writes me
his wife has worried her
self sick over the matter
it seems I could write a
volume but perhaps I
have written enough

Sincerely yours
Mrs Wilbur Clark

he is in Sokes Harbor
Co a 9th in
his name is Allen J H

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McDonald Clara Mrs

My dear General:

I have been thinking ever since Monday - how very kind it was of you to leave your seating place and come over to New York with me - that rainy day! I can never forget your great kindness to your poor unworthy child!

I am hunting work as rapidly as possible - having given up my vocal lessons for the time. I hear no good news from Don and feel it is wicked for me

to keep on with my lessons when he is having such a hard pull in San Francisco to secure the money even needful for living purposes.

I have heard good news from my precious Mother - so I am relieved in her direction. I am so thankful for that!

I am ready now to go to work - just as soon as I can secure any - even at moderate salary.

You spoke of the Pension Office - would it be of any use for me to go there and personally make application? Being almost a stranger here - I dont know which way to turn - but will do anything I can that is honorable and legitimate - no matter if it is menial labor!

I have never been in the position in which I am placed at present - and long for some hard work for a diversion - if nothing more -

I sincerely hope you and yours are well and may God grant you many happy years together!

Your loving daughter.
Clara McDonald.

36 W. 61st. St.
N.Y. Oct. 27 - 1893.

331 Tompkins ave.

Brooklyn N.Y. Oct 27/93

Gen. O. O. Howard

Governors Island N.Y.

Dear Gen. I learn that you take a deep interest in all matters concerning Coast and Harbor defense, and as I have a projectile and Range Finder peculiarly adapted for such objects I would be pleased to submit the same to your inspection. Should you grant me a personal interview I will wait upon you when you may be direct

Respectfully &c

Daniel Moore

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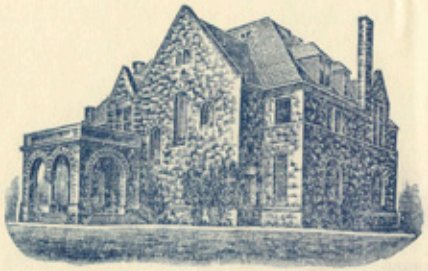
Moore Daniel

WILLIAM H. SALLMON, PRESIDENT.



Young Men's Christian Association
OF
Yale University.

HENRY T. FOWLER, GENERAL SECRETARY.

Dwight Hall,
New Haven, Conn., Oct. 28th 1893.

Dear General Howard:

Placing the matter on your own grounds, we deem it best for the Master's cause that you be with us Monday, Nov. 6th. There are special reasons for making such a large and urgent request which would take too much of your time to enumerate here.

If you can notify me of the probable time of your arrival, I will see that you are met at the depot.

Yours Sincerely, Wm H. Sallmon

To Maj. Gen. O. O. Howard N.Y.

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Sallmon W K

Chicago.

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The Tribune.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 28, 1893.

KEAN CASE RESUMED.

MINORITY CREDITORS WIN AFTER A LONG, INVOLVED BATTLE.

Supreme Court Finds That a Voluntary Assignment Is an Irrevocable Trust That Cannot Be Destroyed Even by the Wish of a Majority of the Creditors—Estate in Question to Return to the Jurisdiction of the County Court—Lawyers and Judges Interested.

The Illinois Supreme Court has rendered a decision in the clebrated S. A. Kean assignment case which, in effect, makes a voluntary assignment an irrevocable trust—one that cannot be destroyed by even the wish of the majority of the creditors and will result in returning the estate eventually to the jurisdiction of the County Court. Attorney Andrew J. Hirschell, who has contested the case on behalf of the minority of the creditors, received word from Ottawa yesterday morning of the decision of the Supreme Court in his client's favor. The decision as rendered reverses the decision of Judge Tuley given in the suit of John C. Terhune against S. A. Kean, G. M. Warren, and B. F. Jacobs, in which it was sought to obtain the appointment of a receiver for the estate, then in the hands of Warren, the novel proposition being advanced that the estate in Warren's hands was subject to the assignment made in the County Court.

"We intend to move on the enemy's posts at once," said Mr. Hirschl yesterday. "We shall renew and urge our demand for a receiver just as soon as we can get the necessary documents from Ottawa. The general effect will be good and greatly welcomed, I believe, by the entire banking and mercantile interests. It will put a stop to 'freezing out' the minority creditors by a combination generally among the favored few and will protect the small creditor as well as the large until he shall have received every cent that prudent and honest management can realize."

Attorney Jesse A. Baldwin, who represents B. F. Jacobs, the assignee, said the decision would have the effect of throwing the case back into the County Court. New litigation would be the result. Mr. Baldwin thought there was crookedness in the case somewhere, but where it lay he acknowledged was a hard matter to find out.

Legal History of the Case.

The history of the case is as follows:

Samuel A. Kean, the banker, made a general assignment in December, 1890, for the benefit of his creditors to B. F. Jacobs, conveying property amounting ty $1,000,000, subject to some liens. Over 1,000 creditors in number and exceeding $600,000 in amount, filed their claims with the assignee. Shortly after Everett M. Warren arranged with 534 creditors, representing $300,000 to pay them 35 cents onthe dollar. In consideration of this they consented to the discharge of the proceedings in the County Court. John C. Terhune and 200 other creditors refused to come into the adjustment, alleging and insisting that all the debts could be paid in full or nearly so. Thereupon Kean transferred his interest to Warren and the majority of the creditors, with Kean and Jacobs, the assignee obtained an order from the County Court which found that Warren was the legal equitable owner of the estate and ordering the estate turned over to him. In the same order the assignee was discharged and all proceedings in the County Court discontinued. The order made in the County Court was based on the insolvency act of 1879, which says that all proceedings under that act may be discontinued upon the assent in writing of the debtor and a majority of his creditors in number and amount, and in such case all parties shall be remitted to the same rights and duties existing at the time of the assignment except so far as the estate shall have been already administered.

Demand of Minority Creditors.

The minority creditors, however, again demanded the amount claimed to be fairly due them based on the value of the estate, but were met with the refusal not only of such amount but even of the 35 per cent offered the majority of the creditors by Warren. The latter took the position that the assignment became inoperative upon the discharge of the case from the County Court. Upon this Terhune, by the then firm of Byam, Weinschenk & Hirschl, filed a bill in the Circuit Court on behalf of himself and other creditors who had filed their claims asking for a receiver and alleging that the assignment was still in force and a continuing trust, and that the estate in Warren's hands was subject to the County Court's jurisdiction. This bill was filed in July, 1891, almost immediately upon the discharging order entered in the County Court. When presented to Judge Tuley he immediately overruled the bill, declaring it contrary to the text and spirit of twelve years' uniform practice under the assignment law. In August, 1891, another creditor, S. J. Howe, filed a bill in the Superior Court of the same nature as the Terhune bill. The questions were argued for some ten days, and finally Judge Shepard sustained the bill and appointed E. A. Filkins receiver, which appointment was subsequently reversed by the Appellate Court, that court holding the same view as Judge Tuley.

Then Terhune's bill filed in the Circuit Court was amended before Judge Tuley so that it involved a freehold, thus allowing an appeal directly to the Supreme Court, which was taken with the foregoing result.

Arguments in Supreme Court.

When the case reached the Supreme Court it was argued by Attorney Hirschl on behalf of the plaintiffs in the bill on the ground which the Supreme Court reverses the case. The points argued on behalf of the defense in the Supreme Court briefs were that the Supreme Court had no jurisdiction and that the appeal should have been to the Appellate Court. A motion was made on this ground to dismiss the case, but, when argued, was taken by the Supreme Court under advisement to the final hearing. Another point raised by the defense was that the finding of the County Court that Warren was the legal and equitable owner of the estate was, whether right or wrong, a judgment which could not be attacked collaterally by Terhune in his bill, but must be overcome by direct appeal from the order of the County Court or by writ of error. The defense also argued that the order discontinuing the case from the County Court and discharging the assignment necessarily rendered the deed of assignment null and void. All these positions have necessarily been found in favor of Terhune and against the defendants by the decision just announced in order to cause a reversal of Judge Tuley's opinion. The Supreme Court by its decision sustains Judge Shepard. It declares that the estate of an assignor, when discharged from the County Court, remains in interest for the creditors and not administered by any one in whose hands it comes. It will be protected by the appointment of a receiver.

In the Terhune case the arguments were made by Attorney Andrew J. Hirschl for the attacking creditors and by him and ex-Gov. Hamilton in the home case. Attorneys Peter S. Grosscup, now United States District Judge; Levy Mayer, and Jesse A. Baldwin represented Warren's interest.

AFFECTS OHIO VOTES.

SUSPENSION OF PENSIONS AN ISSUE OF CAMPAIGN.

Exposure of the Method Followed by the Interior Department in Revising the Lists—It Is Made Through a Circular Sent by an Agent to Buckeye Soldiers—McKinley Condemns the Administration for Its Action in Making Suspension Before Investigation.

COLUMBUS, O., Oct. 27.—[Special.]—The *Ohio State Journal* in its issue of tomorrow morning will print a list of 1,830 names of Ohio soldiers who have been suspended from the pension rolls of the United States between March 4 and Sept. 1 of the present year. The list may be accepted as authentic, as it came from the Department of the Interior at Washington. Since Nov. 1, however, it has been impossible to obtain any further names of suspended pensioners. The list by counties is as follows:

Adams, 31; Allen, 23; Ashland, 6; Ashtabula, 24; Athens, 19; Auglaise, 15; Belmont, 59; Brown, 20; Butler, 14; Carroll, 9; Champaign, 16; Clarke, 31; Clermont, 11; Clinton, 21; Columbiana, 26; Coshocton, 25; Cuyahoga, 46; Defiance, 15; Erie, 23; Fayette, 19; Fulton, 11; Geauga, 7; Guernsey, 15; Ottawa, 7; Perry, 9; Pike, 7; Preble, 11; Richland, 14; Sandusky, 15; Seneca, 15; Hamilton, 183; Hancock, 17; Hardin, 23; Harrison, 13; Henry, 15; Highland, 14; Hocking, 13; Holmes, 17; Huron, 25; Jackson, 43; Jefferson, 9; Knox, 17; Lake, 5; Lawrence, 29; Licking, 15; Logan, 26; Lorain, 9; Lucas, 33; Madison, 11; Mahoning, 12; Marion, 12; Medina, 8; Meigs, 21; Mercer, 11; Miami, 12; Monroe, 12; Montgomery, 81; Morgan, 9; Morrow, 13; Muskingum, 32; Crawford, 9; Darke, 19; Delaware, 16; Fairfield, 17; Franklin, 67; Gallia, 10; Greene, 29; Noble, 11; Paulding, 21; Pickaway, 11; Portage, 5; Putnam, 16; Ross, 20; Sciote, 26; Shelby, 15; Stark, 27; Summit, 32; Trumbull, 16; Tuscarawas, 29; Union, 21; Vanwert, 16; Vinton, 11; Warren, 12; Washington, 21; Wayne, 14; Williams, 13; Wood, 18; Wyandott, 17. Total, 1,830.

This pension business will cut no little figure in this campaign. Every man with a suspended claim naturally feels himself aggrieved against the Secretary of the Interior; as a consequence the Democratic party will lose a great many soldier votes it had in 1892. The claims suspended were almost entirely under the act of 1890. The same procedure that is going on here prevails, it is said, to an equal degree in Indiana, Illinois, Iowa, and other Western States. It will be seen, therefore, at a glance that the question is one of universal interest, and will be a factor in politics, particularly in the elections of next year.

The exposure came in rather a peculiar way. Henry D. Phillips, a pension attorney having an office in Washington and another in Trenton, N. J., issued a circular with the approval of the Pension Commissioner declaring the status of the law and decisions of the pension office pertaining to new claims whether admitted, pending, or rejected. The circular in question was rather voluminous and says that to entitle a man to $12 a month under the new law he must be wholly disabled, and that this decision changes the entire basis of the rates of invalid pension. After explaining in detail the rates that will be allowed he says the Pension Department has by order 236 constituted a Board of Revision composed of twenty-four men, "whose duties it shall be to draw from the admitted files as rapidly as may be practicable all invalid cases under the act of 1890."

How Suspensions Are Made.

The circular continues:

4. To all admitted cases affected adversely by said orders the bureau is sending a notice reading in part as follows: "Payment of pension on your certificate No. —— has therefore been suspended pending the receipt of such answer as you may desire to make; all statements of yourself or others to be made under oath. If, after a period of sixty days from date you have failed to rebut the evidence referred to and no sufficient reason appears why an extension of time should be made your name will be dropped from the pension roll."

Now I say to you by way of illustration: (a) That the rates under this new law are today but one-half to one-third what they have been, except in cases where a man is "wholly disabled"; old law rate, $30; new law rate, $12. (b) That the bureau has taken its stand, has rendered its decision, and is at work. (c) That the change thus made applies with equal force to every new law case, whether admitted, pending, or rejected.

The rates having thus been reduced, unless the claimant can meet the requirements of the law as held by the bureau and as above set forth, the regulations aforesaid are being applied to every admitted or pending case under the act of June 27, 1890, called the new law. Pensions in admitted cases under said act have been cut down, cases heretofore pending having been rejected, and rejected cases held in rejected files in accordance with regulation, the claimant being unable to establish a pensionable degree of disability thereunder in such cases. Now, what are you to do? There is but one answer—find out how you stand under the law. Fill out and return the statement herewith and I will advise you what to do. The government has passed the laws. The general law runs from $1 to $72, and the thing for you to do is to get what the law grants you. You will thus see that the old law will give in many cases three times as much as the new law as now construed by the Pension Bureau, service origin of disability being proved. Tens of thousands of new law cases can be placed under the old law, service origin of disability being proved, and it is to the interest of every soldier or sailor, whether pensioned or not, and whether he has a claim pending or not, to send me a statement of the facts of his case so that I can advise him what to do.

The Republican State Central committee heard of the existence of the Phillips circular and secured a copy of it. Mr. Phillips was using it for the purpose of securing business in suspended cases. A copy of this circular was sent to each of the 2,000 pensioners in Ohio whose claims have been suspended. All over the State from one end to the other the soldiers have met and passed resolutions denunciatory of the practice obtaining in the pension office in the suspension of pensions without notice to the recipients thereof.

McKinley Meets the Issue.

This is one of the greatest issues of the year here and no campaign speech is considered complete without something relative to the pension business. Maj. McKinley referred to it at some length yesterday in his speech at Dayton, saying:

If an undeserving soldier is on the pension rolls today and the administration at Washington has reason to believe he is thereon unlawfully, let him be confronted with the evidence and permit the soldier to meet with his accuser, a privilege which is religiously accorded the most depraved criminal in the land. Even the murderer is per-

SUSPENSION OF PENSIONS AN ISSUE

AFFECTS OHIO VOTES.

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cago, Oct. 28. 93.

Gen. O. O. Howard,

New York City.

Dear Father:

The attached clipping from the Chicago Tribune of to day oct 28 explain a great deal in the Kean case. If your case is in the hand of your lawyer, you should lend him this letter & clipping. The address of S.A.Kean; is 99.Washington str. Chicago.

" " " Andrew I. Hirschell, is — ? —
" " "B.F.Iacobs, is 99. Washington str. Chicago.
" " " Iohn C. Terhune, is 62.S.Canal str. ".
" " " I.A.Baldwin, is 99.Washington str. ".
" " " Morris & Son, is I.602.Chamber Commerce Bldg. Chicago.
" " " Everett M.Warren, isByam & Weinschenk, I84.Dearborn str.

Use these names as is best, or let your lawyer use then. Perhapsdrop it altogether. Please not talk of this to many people. It does not mean that you will get the money due you from S.A.Kean & Co,s assignees. It simply opens up a faint hope. Have you put this matter in the hands (lately) of a lawyer? If not, do not, till you write me & hear from me again.

Your affectionate son

J. M. Howard

Chicago, Oct. 28. 93.

Gen. O. O. Howard,

New York City.

Dear Father:

The attached clipping from the Chicago Tribune of to day, explains a great deal in the Kean case. If your case is in the hand of your lawyer, you should send him this letter & clipping. The address of S. A. Kean, is 99. Washington str. Chicago.

" " " Andrew T. Hinchcliff, is — ? —

" " " E. K. Jacobs, is 99. Washington str. Chicago.

" " " John C. Tarbuns, is 98. S. Canal str. ".

" " " I. A. Baldwin, is 99. Washington str. " .

" " " Morris & Son, is 1404. Chamber Commerce Bldg. Chicago.

" " " Everett M. Warren, Isham & Weinschenk, 184. Dearborn str.

Use these names as is best, or let your lawyer use them. Perhaps drop it altogether. Please not talk of this to many people. It does not mean that you will get the money due you from S. A. Kean & Co., as readiness. It simply opens up a faint hope. Have you put this matter in the hands lately of a lawyer? If not, do not, till you write me & hear from me again.

Yours affectionately

Son

O. O. Howard

Howard
Gen.

Farm, Field and Fireside,

FORMERLY FARM, FIELD AND STOCKMAN.

GEN. O. H. HOWARD, MANAGING EDITOR.
JAS. W. WILSON, BUSINESS MANAGER.

Times Building.

Chicago, Oct., 28, 1893. 189

Gen. O. O. Howard,

Governor's Island, New York City.

Dear Brother:--

I have your postal suggesting that I take the pictures to Glencoe, that Harry and Lizzie may make selections for the book. I will do so, but you will see by the enclosed letter that Mc Clurg & Co. answer unfavorably. I will now see S. C. Griggs, who is another highly respectable publisher in this City, but I must confess I feel a little discouraged.

Was much pleased to get your postals, at Glencoe, as well as here & to hear so good reports about Burt & about Bessie's health. M have not seen Lizzie yet.

Affectly
O. O. Howard

file

Herbert Hoover

3.30

IMPORTERS BOOKSELLERS AND PUBLISHERS STATIONERS

A. C. McCLURG & Co.

117, 119, AND 121 WABASH AVENUE
CORNER MADISON STREET

CHICAGO Oct 20 1893
Oct. 20, 1893

Gen. Charles H. Howard
Times Building
Chicago.

Dear General.

Our reader has now given very careful attention and reading to your brother's MS — "Isabella of Castile" and from his report to us. We do not think that we could make its publication profitable either to him or to ourselves. Regretting that we can not come to a different conclusion. We return the MS. herewith"

We desire to thank you and your brother for your consideration of us in the matter

Very truly yours
A. C. McClurg & Co
David

On a second thought we send by Express

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McClerg & Co

[illegible]

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HEADQUARTERS

REPUBLICAN EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

NOBLE COUNTY.

Caldwell, O., Oct 28 1893

Dear General,

I promised to send you in the Election of Hayes & May, & here they are with the little Bertel clinging to the one we broke in when our boots & shoes are burned etc.

The Democrats love General Hayes & are begin to be mad Kenny remembered about Lt. Macdonald also.

Your friend

J. W. Dolzell.

P.S. We still have a entire ticket getting May & Hayes at Clarksburg

Mr. Everett.

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Dalzell J M

C. P. HUNTINGTON.

23 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK Octr. 28, 1893.

Personal

Genl. O. O. Howard,
Governor's Island, N.Y.

My dear Sir:-

I met Maj. Throckmorton's people the other day & they said they would like to come down to the City for a few months as the increased cost of fuel, &c., at Fort Schuyler made living there more expensive than in New York. Their son, too, is in business in the City and it would be convenient, as well as advantageous, for them to have him with them. The Major said he did not know but that if he left Fort Schuyler they might take possession of his house. I told him I hardly thought that would be the case; but that

Personal

Oct. 24, 1893.

Gen'l O. O. Howard,
Governor's Island, N.Y.

My dear Sir:-

A few Mormon people the other day told me they would like to come down to the City for a few months as the increased cost of living, etc., at Salt Lake made living there more expensive than in New York. Their son, too, is in business in the City and it would be convenient, as well as economical, for them to have him with them. The Major said he did not know but that if he left Salt Lake for them it might take possession of his house. I told him I hardly thought that would be the case; but that

2 C.B.J.

if he thought it would be of any service to him I would write to Genl. Howard. It is in compliance with his wish that I again address you.

I wish you would let the Major & his family retain the house at Fort Schuyler for the winter during their absence from it, for the storage of their furniture, &c., & allow them to return in the spring. It would certainly be a great accommodation to them & a thing that the writer would, as well as they, greatly appreciate.

Very truly yours,

C P Huntington

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if he thought it would be of any service to him I would visit it again I shall be happy to do anything in my power. It is with great reluctance I address you. I wish you would let the Hon. this family retain the house of Mr. Schuyler for the winter during their absence from it for the storage of their furniture, &c. I allow them to return in the spring. It would certainly be a great accommodation to them & a thing that the writer would, as well as they, greatly appreciate.

Very truly yours,

Huntington C. S.

Twenty Third Street Branch
The Young Men's Christian Association
Twenty Third Street and Fourth Avenue
W. B. Miller, Secretary New York, 188

Oct. 28, 1893

Mr. O. O. Howard

Sir

Dear Sir: ~~It~~ gave us much pleasure to have you in our Sunday School last Sunday morning, and we trust that you will be with us tomorrow the 29th. Several young men have expressed a desire to be in your class. Yours very truly

Waldo H. Sherman
Supt.

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Sherman Waldron

215 4½ St. N. W., Washington, D. C., Oct. 29, 1893.

Maj. Gen. O. Howard,

U. S. A.

Governor's Island, N. Y.

Sir,

In writing this letter I believe I am fulfilling a plain duty. From reliable authority I understand that you are a Christian; that you fear God and obey the commandments of the Lord Jesus Christ. This being true, I have no fear but what you will thoroughly understand why I write and what I write without a lengthy explanation. In troop H, 8th cavalry of Ft. Myer, Va., there is a gunner by the name of Howard C. Cruse, who has lately been advised by his Captain to apply for a discharge from the U. S. service. Col. Henry said he would favorably endorse the application. The facts of the case are thus, and anything to the contrary is positively untrue. I have long been interested in religious and temperance work conducted among soldiers and sailors of this city, and about eight months ago I met Mr. Cruse in a Christian Endeavor Society of the Army and Navy. He seemed a very diffident man of limited education,

but the thought came very forcibly to me, perhaps there is more in the man than he is able to express. With this idea I invited him to attend a mission hall on K street of this city where at the time I was assisting an elderly man, Mr. Proctor, to conduct service. Mr. Bruce replied that he did not think he could be of much help, but finally became identified with the mission as an active, earnest worker. During the summer our work was transferred from K street to a tent on L and 10th streets. Some time ago the tent was blown down in a storm and since then we have confined our work entirely to open-air services. I wish here to state that we have preached to thousands of people on the streets with the approbation of all honorable citizens and under special police protection. We may be ignorant of the wisdom of this world, but the Lord has made us wise spiritually. There is probably more open-air work done here in proportion to the population than in any other city of the United States. And now comes the explanation of my letter. A few nights ago I suggested to Mr. Bruce and Mr. Proctor that we separate for the evening and each one conduct an open-air service alone. Mr. Proctor and myself took different positions on Penn. ave., and after much prayer Mr. Bruce decided to take his stand in Georgetown which is about two miles from Fort Myer. And there in his soldier's uniform, a man with scarcely any education at all, full of faith and the Holy Ghost, preached the gospel of Christ for over two hours to a large and respectful audience. The people approved warmly of his preaching,

recognizing in him the power of the Spirit of God. The only solution of the trouble that followed is this: In the audience there must have been a soldier in some little authority in Ft. Myer, and who has in more than one instance tried to persecute Mr. Crane since he has become a Christian. This man must have given a very unkind, untruthful statement of the service to Capt. Fountain, as the next day Mr. Crane was ordered to report to his captain, and the Captain said he himself and the whole troop were ~~this~~ scandalized by his street preaching. That a man of his calibre could not preach the gospel, it required an educated man, and that he would be taken up by the police as a street nuisance, and there advised him if he intended to preach to apply for a dismissal from the army. The next day Col. Henry forbade him to preach in his uniform and said he would favorably endorse his application for discharge from the service. Col. Henry has spoken to me and others very favorably and kindly of the Christian work done in Ft. Myer and now I do not understand why Mr. Crane should be treated as if he were guilty of some offence. Col. Henry addressed the men in a prayer meeting not long ago and urged them to continue the Christian life. Mr. Crane's life is now above reproach; his comrades bear testimony to that fact, whatever he may have done in the past, and several citizens have told me of the high esteem in which Mr. Crane is held. Soldiers are sure intoxicated and in the company of harlots, and yet the uniform is not disgraced; but where a man preaches the gospel of Christ in his uniform, that is considered a disgrace. O consistency thou art a jewel!

I have written a plain statement of facts because I believe it right to do so, and without the knowledge or advice of any one.
Does the Constitution of the United States afford the conscience of a soldier any protection? I would in the interest of the Word and freedom to preach as the Spirit directs, beg a prayerful consideration of the question submitted which does not lie in the province of a criminal court, but in the liberty of a soul redeemed by the blood of the Son of God.

I have the honor to remain,

Very respectfully and sincerely,

Ida H. Davis.

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Davis Ida Miller

WALTER M. PATTON, President.
THOMAS I. GIFFORD, Vice-President.
JOHN T. SEYMOUR, JR., Recording Secretary.

SCHUYLER C. WOODHULL, Treasurer.
CHAS. H. HARRINGTON, General Secretary.
ROOMS OPEN, 9 A. M. to 10 P. M.

THE YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION,

THIRD AND FEDERAL STREETS,

Camden, N. J., Oct. 30. 1893

Genl. O. O. Howard

Dear sir and brother, –

For our men's meeting Sunday Nov. 5th. we select "The great loving kindness of our Heavenly Father," as topic. Rev. A. G. Lawson D.D. offers his pulpit for an address in the evening and we have promised that you would speak there but have left you free for the morning to attend services with our president at whose home you will probably be entertained over Sunday

Do you wish to speak in morning?

Your address in the church in the evening while not directly on our work may be a great blessing to us and we need such help

Will you please let me know if everything is all right and what your subject will be in the evening by Tuesday. We have cards out and will try to work up a large meeting.

We invite the citizens and their wives to meet you informally at our rooms Saturday evening 8:30 to 10 o'clock. You can come via Trenton direct to Camden or to Broad St. Station Phila. Please say what train you arrive on and when so we can meet you. Sincerely yours

Chas. H. Harrington

27 Harrington St

OFFICERS:
FRANKLIN A. WILCOX, PRESIDENT.
CHARLES L. ADAMS, VICE-PRESIDENT.
JOHN E. BRYANT, GENERAL MANAGER.
EDWARD A. HOWLAND, SECRETARY.
EDWARD H. HOBBS, TREASURER AND COUNSEL.

Mt. Vernon Suburban Land Company,

POST OFFICE BUILDING, ROOM 2.

Mount Vernon, N. Y. Oct. 30th 1895

Dear Gen. Howard:

I deeply regret that it will be impossible for me to lunch with you at one o'clock tomorrow. I have a business engagement at one-thirty o'clock that is of such a nature that I cannot possibly put it off, and I must be on time sharply.

I will, if agreeable to you, take great pleasure in lunching with you on Thursday at one o'clock. If I hear nothing to the contrary from you, and you hear nothing further from me, you may expect me at that time.

Very truly J. E. Bryant

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BRYANT J. E.

H. M. Brewster,
President.
J. C. Paine,
Vice President.

Veteran Association

57th Reg't, N. Y., S. V.

J. T. Commoss,
Sec'y & Treas.
26 Church St., N. Y.

New York, Oct. 30th 1893

Dear General.

I enclose to you, circular for our annual dinner at Columbia Café, on Wed. Evg. Nov. 15th.

We should like to have you as a guest on that evening.

Our Regt. was in 3d. Brigade 1st Div. 2d. Corps, and under command of S. K. Zook.

Some time ago I had the pleasure of an introduction to you on Governor Bland. And you may recollect I mentioned having seen you at the time you was wounded, on a stretcher and smoking a cigar, when you informed me that you had not smoked a cigar since 1857. I thought my recollection was clear and never could account for the mistake.

I trust you will find it convenient to be with us at our dinner. Resp.

J. T. Commoss.
Sec'y.

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57th N. Y. Veteran Association.

NOVEMBER 15TH, 1893.

MENU.

BLUEPOINTS.

SOUP.

Cream of Cauliflower.

HORS D'OEUVRES.

Celery. Olives. Radishes.

FISH.

Filet of Sole. Sauce Tartar. Pommes Brabant.

ENTREES.

Cotelettes de Ris de Veau Moderne.

Sirloin of Beef a la Russe. CLARET.

Petits Pois a la Francaise.

ROTI.

Young Turkey. Cranberry Sauce. Salade de Saison.

ENTREMETS SUCRES.

Farina Soufflee. Ice Cream. Assorted Cakes. Pie Fruit.

Cheese. Bon-Bons. Demi Tasse.

H. M. BREWSTER, PRES'T. J. C. PAINE, VICE PRES'T.

VETERAN ASSOCIATION,

57TH REGT. N. Y. S. V.

New York, Oct. 26th, 1893.

Comrade:

At a business meeting held on Feb. 22, of this year it was decided by the Association to have our Regular Dinner take place sometime in the late fall, in order to avoid exposure to the cold and stormy weather so common in winter and early spring.

At a meeting of our Executive Committee held lately, Wednesday Evening, November 15th, has been named for our next Dinner, to be held at the Columbia Café, 46 East Fourteenth Street, near Broadway.

Dinner at 6.30 P. M. Members of the Association will meet as usual at 4.30 for Reunion and transaction of business.

Dinner for Members and Invited Guests $1.25.

Dues $1.00. Will you please communicate and state if you will attend, and if any company, ladies or gentlemen, how many?

Fraternally,

J. T. COMMOSS, SECY.
26 Church Street.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

O. F. MIDDLETON. H. C. HOUSELL. R. S. ALCOKE.

R. M. DELWISTER, Pres. J. C. PAINE, Vice Pres.

VETERAN ASSOCIATION,

57TH REGT. N. Y. S. V.

New York, Oct. 26th, 1893.

Comrade:

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At a meeting of our Executive Committee held lately, Wednesday Evening, November 15th, has been named for our next Dinner, to be held at the Columbia Club, 48 East Fourteenth Street, near Broadway.

Dinner at 8.30 P. M. Members of the Association will meet as usual at 4.30 for Reunion and transaction of business.

Dinner for Members and Invited Guests $1.25.

Cost $1.00. With you please communicate and state if you will attend, and if any company, ladies or gentlemen, how many?

Fraternally,

J. T. COMMOSS, SECY.
26 Church Street.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

O. F. MIDDLETON. H. C. HOUSELL. R. S. ALCOKE.

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57th N. Y. Veteran Association.

NOVEMBER 15TH, 1893.

MENU.

BLUEPOINTS.

SOUP.

Cream of Cauliflower.

HORS D'OEUVRES.

Celery. Olives. Radishes.

FISH.

Filet of Sole. Sauce Tartar. Pommes Duchesse.

ENTREES.

Côtelettes de Ris de Veau Moderne.

Sirloin of Beef a la Kipper.

Petits Pois a la Francaise.

ROTI.

Young Turkey. Cranberry Sauce. Salade de Saison.

ENTREMETS SUCRES.

Parfait Soufflé. Ice Cream. Assorted Cakes. Pie. Fruit.

Cheese. Bon-Bons. Demi Tasse.

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Broadway Tab. Church

Broadway Tabernacle Church

Broadway, corner Thirty-fourth Street

New York Oct. 30, 1893.

My Dear Sir:

The joint committee of the church and society hope that as many as possible of the members of the Church Committee and members of the Board of Trustees, with their wives, will be present at the installation council tomorrow afternoon and evening, remaining to dine with the members of the Council tomorrow between the afternoon and evening sessions.

Yours very truly,

B. K. Wiley, Secy. Joint Committee.

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Bowery Mission

J. WARD CHILDS,
Superintendent

105 BOWERY,
Below Grand St.

NEW YORK, Oct 30th 1898

Gen O. O. Howard,
U. S. Army.

Dear Sir

Our 13th Anniversary occurs on Nov. 5th "Sunday", services at 3 and 7.30 P.M.

It would give us great pleasure to have you present and give a short address, either in the afternoon or evening.

Hoping you may be pleased to favor us

I am Very Sincerely yours
J. Ward Childs
per S.N.V

Ludlow. Vt Oct 30/93

Maj Genl O. O. Howard.

My Dear General.

Through the generosity of Mr James S. Gill. O. O. Howard Post is soon to be the recipient of a Memorial volume — giving the record of every member. Its roll of honor. — and a sketch of the life as well as the war record of the soldier in whose honor the Post is named. and also a sketch of the life of the donor.

The committee having its reception in charge have thought best to have a Camp-fire at some date that will best serve those interested

sometime between this and May 30th/94 Do we hope that Mr Gill (whose winter home is in Arlington, Mass.) will be here and present it personally. — And a general wish has been expressed that your might favor us with your company at that time - if you can do so without great inconvenience to yourself. — Should you find it possible to do this in connection with other business that may call you this way - we shall be glad to time the Ceremonies to suit your convenience And we Mrs Howard & Effie will try our best to make you and Mrs Howard comfortable while here With best wishes for you and yours. —

I remain Very Respectfully,

John Lombard.

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Loubard John

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.

MONTCLAIR, NEW JERSEY.

Oct. 30 93

Gen O. O. Howard -

Dear Sir - Enclosed please find as a slight acknowledgement - Check for Thirty Dollars -

Thanking you for your services and interest in our work

Yours Very Truly

T. K. Gray Jr.

Secy.

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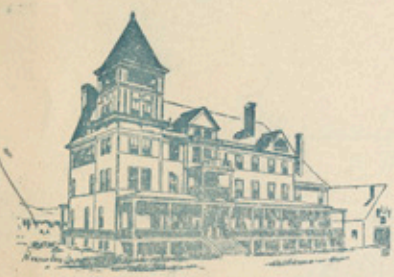
GREER T. K.



HOTEL * LOW,

H. W. BISHOP, Manager.
2 Wall Street, N.Y.C.

Bradford, Vt. Oct 30 1895

General O. O. Howard
Governors Island

My dear Sir –

My uncle I find has made arrangements with a party to take care of his farm which would prevent his considering your friend. My mother has it in hand and I hope I can report something later from her. One of our neighbors has been looking for a nurse to take care of an invalid and something encouraging may come from it. Very truly Yours

George S. Stiles.

Come up here that morning but return on Monday.

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STILES GEO. S.

2 Wall Street, N.Y.City

Mt Vernon N.Y.
Oct 31 '93.

Gen O. O. Howard U.S.

Dear Bro:

We are glad that you can come on the evening of Friday November the 10th - & we will expect you -
I will send you a program and time table. Dr. Stimson will make the Prayer of Dedication - Dr Bradford will preach a short sermon and we will expect an address from you -

Thanking you very much for your kindness

Yours very truly

L. F. Buell.

L. F. BUELL.

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L. F. BUELL.

C. P. HUNTINGTON.

23 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK Octr 31 1893.

Maj. Genl. O. O. Howard,
Governor's Island, N.Y.

My dear Sir:—

Your favor of 30th is recd. & I beg to thank you for your kind consideration of Maj. Throckmorton and his family, which I am sure will be as much appreciated by them as it is by

Yours very truly,
C P Huntington

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HUNTINGTON C. P.

THE MAIL AND EXPRESS,

THE LEADING EVENING PAPER.

MANAGING EDITOR'S OFFICE.

New York, Oct. 31st, *1893.*

Gen. O. O. Howard,

Governor's Island,

City

Dear Sir;--

On looking over the pamphlet entitled " Garden of Eden Defiled," sent to me by you, I find we have printed about all the facts the pamphlet contains and interviews with people besides on this matter, covering much more. I shall be extremely glad if you can at any time give us anything new on this subject and to send a reporter to you or to anyone whom you may designate.

Yours truly,

R. A. Boor.

Managing Editor,

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MAIL & EXPRESS,

Editor of

State of Vermont

Adjutant and Inspector General's Office,

FREEDOM AND UNITY VERMONT

The Tuttle Co. Official Printers, Rutland, Vt.

Burlington, October 31, 1893. A.D. 189

Major-General O. O. Howard, U. S. A.,

Governor's Island, New York Harbor, N. Y.

My dear General;-

The Executive Committee of the Vermont Officers Reunion Society present their compliments to Mrs. Howard and yourself, and would be glad to have you present at the meeting of this Society which is to be held in this city on the evening of the 15th of November next.

The oration at the hall of the Y. M. C. A. will be delivered by the Hon. George A. Marden of Lowell, Treasurer of the State of Massachusetts, which will be followed by a banquet at the Van Ness House.

Trusting that it may be convenient for you both to be present on this occasion, and assuring you that it will give us all much pleasure to have you with us, I remain,

Very respectfully yours,

F. S. Peck

For Committee.

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Peck, S.