Dear Father,

Will you please have sent me the following book:
It is the most practical dictionary German-English and Eng.-Ger. of to-day.
I could have gotten it in England but I do not know where. If it cannot be sent by mail write immediately and I will find out where I can send for one in England.

It is especially good for our American as we have no meaning terms which are sent forward in the older dictionaries published here.

You will find the title on the other side of this sheet.
But think for each clause
then it will be correct. 
A part of it to parallel it.
Certificate. If each clause
might affect parallel it.
A part of it to parallel it.
Certificate. If each clause
might affect parallel it.
A part of it to parallel it.
We respectfully offer our services to all persons requiring legal assistance at the seat of Government. Our practice extends to the management of suits in all the Courts in and around Washington, and to the prosecution of claims or the conduct of other matters before any of the Departments or before Congress. Cases placed in our charge will receive the benefit of an experience of eighteen years before the Department, and thirty years before the Courts on the part of the senior member of our firm. Liberal arrangements will be made with correspondents. Attention is asked to our list of references at the end of this circular.

ALL BUSINESS RELATING TO THE PUBLIC LANDS—THE SECURING OF PATENTS, WHETER AGRICULTURAL OR MINERAL, REINSTATEMENT OF ENTRIES IMPROPERLY CANCELED, AND ESPECIALLY CONTESTED MINERAL, PREEMPTION, TIMBER-CULTURE AND HOMESTEAD CASES—WILL RECEIVE PROMPT AND THOROUGH ATTENTION. PAYMENTS MADE FOR ENTRIES OF PUBLIC LANDS TO WHICH THE PERSON MAKING SUCH PAYMENTS HAS FAILED TO SECURE A TITLE, CAN BE REPLIED.

PATENTS

Patents for inventors will be obtained by us, trade-marks registered, caveats filed, contests conducted, opinions prepared, and all business before the Patent Office managed with care.

A patent protects the inventor for seventeen years, and is obtainable, in ordinary cases, at a cost of sixty-five dollars, of which thirty-five dollars is the Patent Office fee and thirty dollars our own fee.

Inventors desiring to apply for patents should send us a concise and clear statement of their invention, with such sketches as may be needed for explanation, and from these the application will be prepared.

BALANCES DUE CONTRACTORS

for Army or Indian supplies can in many cases be collected through the Court of Claims or by special act of Congress. We are familiar with the practice in that Court, which affords relief from the stringent rulings of the Departments, and will undertake any cases therein. We also represent numerous interests before Congress, and where payment of claims cannot be secured from the Departments or the Court of Claims, we will attend to obtaining legislative relief.

HORSES LOST IN U. S. SERVICE

Congress has extended the time for filing claims for horses and equipments lost by officers and enlisted men in the military service until January 1, 1884. The law provides for losses in the Enrolled Militia, Home Guards, or irregular organizations, as well as in the Volunteer Service, and includes losses in battle, by capture, for want of sufficient forage, by overheating, sickness, hard usage, accidents of all sorts, and in general, every kind of loss that was not the result of the officer's or soldier's fault or negligence. Officers as well as enlisted men can obtain pay for their horses. Widows and next of kin of deceased soldiers are entitled, the same as the soldier would be, if living. We have a large register of officer's addresses and find witnesses whose whereabouts are unknown. No new claim of the kind can
be filed after January 8, 1884, but proof in all cases filed on or before that date can be presented at any time. All claims are considered in the order in which they are filed.

INVALID PENSIONS.

Any wound or injury received in the United States military service, by accident or otherwise, if in line of duty, entitles the soldier to pension. The loss of a finger, toe, or ear gives a right to pension. Pension is also due in all cases where the soldier is suffering from disease of any nature, contracted in service, such as rheumatism, heart-disease, chronic diarrhoea, or disease of the lungs or eyes.

WIDOWS' PENSIONS.

The widows of all soldiers who died from the effects of disability contracted in service are entitled to a pension of eight dollars a month, and the children, under sixteen years of age, to two dollars a month each. If the soldier left no widow or children, the mother or father, if dependent upon the soldier for support, is entitled to a pension of eight dollars a month.

INCREASE OF PENSION.

Many invalid pensioners are entitled to an increase of their pensions for one or more of the following reasons: (1.) They may have been rated too low at first. (2.) The disability may have increased since the pension was originally granted. (3.) Pension may now be drawn for only one disability when two or more exist. (4.) New laws may have increased the rate. Increase claims are not difficult to settle, but a pension is never increased unless proper application is made. If you think yourself entitled to a higher rate than you are now receiving and will write to us, we will send you a proper blank.

REJECTED AND ABANDONED PENSION CLAIMS.

Rejected pension claims will receive our careful attention. Nearly all such cases which have a just foundation can be favorably settled if carefully attended to. It is not uncommon to secure the allowance of a pension claim after more than one rejection. Cases neglected, abandoned, or unskillfully prosecuted by former attorneys will be completed by us.

SOLDIERS CHARGED WITH DESERTION.

A recent act of Congress directs the removal of the charge of desertion from the records of all soldiers who did not intend to desert. All soldiers who left their commands and are charged with desertion, but did not intend to remain permanently away, are therefore invited to send to us for blanks and instructions.

It is also expected that Congress will, at an early date, pass an act removing the charge of desertion from the records of all soldiers who left their commands after the close of the war.

In nearly all cases, the removal of the charge of desertion will give title to bounty and arrears of pay which have been withheld. Pension will become due in many cases.

DUPLICATE DISCHARGES.

Soldiers of the late war whose honorable discharges have been lost or destroyed from any cause, can obtain duplicates, and should do so at once. When a discharge has been sent to an attorney and lost by him, a duplicate discharge can be obtained, the same as when lost in any other manner. A duplicate discharge may be of the greatest value in the future, either to the soldier, or to his widow or children. The necessary blanks will be sent on application.

BOUNTIES.

Some soldiers are yet entitled to bounty. If you will send us your discharge and state the amount of bounty received, and when it was paid to you, we will see if you are entitled to anything further. Care should be taken to state all that was ever paid. If nothing is found to be due, your discharge will be returned at once.
Many officers of the late war were promoted, received their commissions, and entered upon the discharge of their duties, but for various reasons failed to be mustered, and did not receive the full pay of the rank to which their commissions entitled them. Under pending legislation they will be entitled to the difference of pay between the amount received and the pay of the rank in which they were serving. We would suggest to them to write to us at once, and we will send them the proper applications, so that they may be ready upon the passage of the act.

WAR OF 1812.

Survivors of the War of 1812 and their widows, are entitled to a pension of eight dollars a month.

MEXICAN WAR PENSIONS.

The bill providing a pension of eight dollars a month for soldiers who served in the war with Mexico, and in the Black Hawk, Creek, and Florida wars of 1832 to 1842, and the widows of such soldiers, will certainly become a law within a few years. We advise all who will be entitled to pension under this law to send us their names and addresses with the company and regiment to which the soldier belonged, so that immediately upon the passage of the act all papers necessary for the successful prosecution of their claims may be sent them for execution.

ROSTER OF ARMY SURGEONS.

We are agents for the sale of the book recently published containing a roster of the names and present addresses of the surgeons in service during the late war. The book also contains a full list of battles and other information which will be found very valuable to local attorneys. It will be sent post-paid on receipt of price, one dollar.

SETTLEMENT OF ACCOUNTS.

Accounts of officers of the Army, Navy, or Civil Service settled, and the payment of balances due them obtained.

CLAIMS OF POSTMasters.

All postmasters of third, fourth, and fifth-class offices, between June 12, 1866, and June 25, 1874, the business of whose offices increased during that period more than ten per cent., but who failed to receive a proportionate increase of pay, are now entitled to such balance. Thousands of postmasters who held office at that time have large amounts due them.

Claims of postmasters for losses by fire or burglary promptly attended to.

MAIL CONTRACTORS.

Balances due Mail Contractors will be promptly collected, and the remission of fines and penalties improperly imposed will be secured.

CLAIMS FOR PROPERTY TAKEN AND USED BY THE ARMY.

The time for filing claims for property taken by the U.S. Army in States not in rebellion expired December 31, 1879. Claims of this nature already on file can now be prosecuted and paid. Many claims which have been rejected can now be re-opened. Claimants are invited to write us about their cases at once and we will send them the necessary papers. New legislation, now pending in Congress, will, if passed, enable all claims unjustly rejected to be reconsidered.

INDIAN DEPREDACTION CLAIMS.

It is believed that Congress will at an early date create a tribunal, for the consideration of all claims for property taken or destroyed by Indians, and will provide payment for claims approved by this tribunal.
All persons who have suffered loss from deprivations committed by Indians are therefore advised to prepare their claims at an early date, together with such proofs as they can obtain, that no time may be lost in presenting them to this tribunal as soon as organized.

All other business before the Indian Bureau will receive our attention.

CLAIMS FOR SURPLUS PROCEEDS OF LANDS SOLD FOR DIRECT TAXES.

Under the provisions of the act of August 5th, 1861, many lands, particularly in the States of Virginia, Tennessee, Arkansas, and Florida, were sold to pay the Federal tax assessed against them, and the whole amount realized from the tax-sale was covered into the Treasury without regard to the amount of the tax originally assessed. In many cases this amount paid for the tax title was far in excess of the amount of the taxes, and the original owner of the land before he could give a clear deed to the property was obliged to buy in the tax title. Congress has just provided that the surplus paid into the Treasury over the amount of the tax shall be refunded to the original owner of the land. Claims of this kind will receive our careful attention.

CASES BEFORE CONGRESS.

The management of business of a legitimate nature before Congress is solicited. Briefs and arguments will be prepared, and we will appear counsel before any of the committees of either House.

SUITS IN THE COURTS.

Suits intrusted to us before the Supreme Court of the United States, the Court of Claims, the Supreme Court of the District, or before any of the Commissions sitting at Washington, will receive due care. We will attend to the taking of testimony of witnesses residing in Washington to be used in suits pending in other jurisdictions.

CHARLES & WILLIAM B. KING.

REFERENCES.

Dear Sir:—

We append hereto your Record as it will appear in the forthcoming "Records of Living Officers, U. S. A.," to be published October 1, 1883. If you desire to make any alterations, please do so and return the slip to us at once.

We solicit your subscription to the book, which will make about 700 Imperial Octavo pages. Bound in cloth, price, $5.00. No books will be sent C. O. D., but all subscribers are expected to remit for their copies within, say, thirty days of their receipt.

Very Truly Yours,

L. R. HAMERSLY & CO.

Please return slip whether you make alterations or not.
July 1, 1883

Philadelphia

Dear Sir:

We advance your request as it will appear in the forthcoming "Records of Living Officers, U.S. A." to be published October 1, 1883. If you desire to make any alterations, please do so and return the slip to us at once.

We solicit your subscription to the book which will make about 400 impress pages. Bound in cloth, price $2.50. No books will be sent C.O.D. but all supplies will be expected to remit for their copies within sixty days.

Yours very truly,

R. HAMERLY & CO.

[Signature]
No. 916, F Street.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 2nd, 1883.

Gen. O.O. Howard, U. S. A.

Sir: We are endeavoring to find a Colonel Clark who was Adjutant General at your headquarters before Atlanta, Ga., in October, 1864; but not knowing his regiment, full name, nor whence he came, we are unable to get any trace of him.

Do you remember this gentleman? If so, will you please give us his full name, service, and last known address, or refer us to some one who can give us the desired information.

Hoping to receive an early reply, we are

Yours very respectfully,

Charlie B. King

Please return this letter with your reply.
Glyncor, July 3, 83.

Dear Brother:

I was glad to get your letter on arrival here. We were delayed on our way home by a washout in Mo. Kitty was well enough to enjoy some of the fine scenery in Colorado, notwithstanding the fact that she most keep most of the time prostrate on the Pullman car both. We spent the Sabbath at Mt. Garland and would have greatly
enjoyed the visit to
the Irwines (Capt. & Wife)
the father and mother
of Miss Louisa Irwine
the young lady mission
ary who has been so
lately with the Fort
Sully Mission (Thomas
Riggs). We found
mother pretty well
but she has since
been very sick for a
week or more with
dysentery and inflam-
ination of the bowels.
She is again able to
come down stairs &
was at the dinner-
table today. Kitty now
sits up most of the
time & begins to hope
for restored health
again.
I will come to Omaha about the 20th of July.
Will you be home then?
I wish to see you as you suggest I desire to meet
also Agent Llewellyn (The
Mescalero Apache). Who is to be at Denver the 20th
and will probably come on to Omaha to meet
me.
I note what you say
of the Howard University
meeting. I will try to
do what you wish as
to Bangor notes after
I see your plan and
style and so know
how to work them up.
I had not seen that
about Gen. Sherman's
son. I don't believe he is of much comfort to his father. Do you think Hancock will come to Chicago when Sheridan goes to Washington? Rowland's Otis reached San Francisco after I left and has gone to Oregon into lumber-raffing. Rowland ought to be satisfied to have him engaged in any useful industry. I you speak of Jamie's visit to Countess de Gazaran, I would like to see that account. Will you translate
and send it to me? We all will want to hear of your yellow stone trip.

Affectionately,
C. H. Howard

P.S. That was good news about Bessie’s joining the church. We were also much rejoiced to have Mac come forward and join our church the last communion. He had told us in California that he thought he would do so on his return home.
Howard, Ind. C.H.

Glencoe
July 23, 1883
BRIG. GEN. O.O. HOWARD

SUPT. MILITARY ACADEMY, WEST POINT, N.Y.

SIR:

I AM ADVISED THAT JACOB G. SCHILLING, SON OF THE HON. JOHN SCHILLING, OF HIAWATHA, IN THIS STATE, FAILED TO PASS HIS EXAMINATION, OWING AS HE SAYS, TO THE MISUNDERSTANDING OF A SIMPLE QUESTION IN HISTORY. HIS FRIENDS HERE ARE DEEPLY INTERESTED IN HIS WELFARE, AND AS HE PASSED THE REQUIRED EXAMINATION A YEAR AGO WITH CREDIT, IT WOULD SEEM THAT HE MUST HAVE FAILED THIS YEAR THROUGH SOME TEMPORARY TREPIDATION; AND I WOULD BE GREATLY OBLIGED IF A WORD OF ENCOURAGEMENT COULD BE GIVEN HIM, SO THAT HE WOULD BE BETTER PREPARED FOR THE EXAMINATION IN SEPT. HIS FAMILY HERE IS OF THE HIGHEST RESPECTABILITY, AND OF VERY CONSIDERABLE INFLUENCE; AND A FAILURE WOULD BE FELT BY THEM AS A SERIOUS CALAMITY, AND MIGHT PERMANENTLY IMPAIR THE BOY’S FUTURE USEFULNESS.

VERY RESPECTFULLY YOURS,

John J. Ingalls
Dear Cousin [illegible],

I hope you are doing as much as can be done at [illegible].

Please understand that I'll be glad to hear from you about your [illegible].

May I ask all the friends at [illegible] to write to me.

Yours truly,
[illegible]

Mary A. Williams
in conclusion - I think in one of the spasms but he did not tell Cousin Reek, for in a very short time the expression of the face gave place to a look of peace & youth which it had not worn in many a long day. The old Cousin of that & the new comforted. I could have written for poorer, had not lips continued so miserable as to need my tone until the day of sailing the 20th of June. I then went on the same vessel - the Hulda - North German Lloyd in order to be with her. She had she much care her traveling companions are Detroit friends - Miss Young, whom you may have heard before mention - a Mr. Welles & his daughter, Miss - a frie 19. Who will be a pleasant life
for Sapha - The ladies are lovely Christian characters. We have seen the arrival of the 4th but I shall be anxious until I hear how Sapha bore the journey. I think Sapha wrote of her family of three and of all but could not of her course of travel as she had not met her friend, and not known of their plans. She had been too ill to make inquiries. It is pleasant to hear such good accounts of Sapha. I was sure he would make good use of his opportunities. It was a source of regret to me that she had not have Chauncey and John with us often last winter - but Chauncey helped Sapha and she was ill. Chauncey made it bearable and possible.
I hope it will be different next winter. Send the boys return to Connell. Remember me to them both & give my love to Con.

Lizzie & Harry & Reenie. I trust you had a delightful trip to the Park & left all the colds & coughs behind you.

Therie Banks returned this evening. She went back to the teaching in Chicago about two months ago & has come now to spend her vacation with her mother. Maybunt is not comfortable at present than she has been in months - the rest of the family well.

Oh, Scotland & Bonnie are sitting by & wish to be kindly remembered. Bailing often talks about you. How and his wish to visit Pont. These only been there once & you left which seemed strange not to see you.
WAR DEPARTMENT.
ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
1139 GIRARD STREET.
Philadelphia, July 5, 1883

My dear General,

Col. Taylor sent me a copy of your most excellent and timely dispatch to the Secretary of War in my favor. I write this note particularly to convey to you my sincere appreciation for your prompt and effective assistance, you lent a helping hand when in need as you always have in the past. I pray God.
Bless you in all service. I shall
your ways. May you gladly respond in
how every blessing every care.

you and your Tin. Again thanking you,

Every good wish to My dear general,

Kind remembrance. I am faithfully

But 10098 joins your friend and the.

me. I wish you every

success & hope that

many occasion

When you see fit

you will write me

upon any matter where

in you may think it

possible for me to do

T. 3. Holobrid

I ent. C. D. Steward

M. J. A. H.
H. T. CLARKE, Pres'rt.
H. F. CLARKE, Sup't.
J. T. CLARKE, Vice-Pres't and Treas.

THE H. T. CLARKE BRIDGE CO.

OF OMAHA, NEBRASKA.

Owners and Operators of

- Platte River Bridge at Ashland, Neb.
- North Platte River Bridge at Camp Clarke, Neb.
- Platte River Bridge at South Bend, Neb.

OFFICE PRESIDENT.
Omaha, Neb. July 6th, 1883.

Dear Sir:

I take pleasure in enclosing herewith one Annual Exchange Pass over all Bridges owned and operated by our Company.

Be good enough to sign and return to me the acknowledgment herewith.

Yours truly,

H. T. CLARKE,
President.
Clarke, H. F.

Omaha
July 6, 1883
18 W. Washington St
Alexandria, Va.
July 7th, 1883

Dear Sir, I am the wife of
the late Capt. Capt. A. G. Haubring
who died in your Dept. at Fort Selden in
May last and I am anxious to get an
Office in St. Louis, preferably the War
Dept. Gen. Drum advised me to send
in both my application letters from

1214
Influential Army Officer in Dept. Please let the Sec. If he recommending me for an appointment I fully appreciate it. First I am asking you to do double for going meeting. My husband and I went to Fort Madison last Fall but 6th Summer. Eric I am sure tell you something of the shows you can go in Queens. If you can return in comments it in. Such a letter you gave recently.

Into Mary French Kennedy
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NUMBER</th>
<th>SENT BY</th>
<th>REC'D BY</th>
<th>CHECK</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>65</td>
<td>Be</td>
<td>me</td>
<td>Paid Night</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Received at Omaha Dec 25th 1883

Dated San Francisco Jan 7
To John OC Howard

M. Warms Jan 29th 1883

from me

J B Thompson
Gru, Howard—

Dr. Sir: I should be glad to publish your remarks at the Bellevue picnic, if you would be so kind as to furnish me with them. Will you?

Sincerely,

R. M. Custer
Ed. O.
Paul Vol. 1
A Presbyterian Family Newspaper
S.E. Cor. 15th & Douglas Sts.

Omaha, Neb.
July 7, 1883.
Dear General Brown,

I was made to see any troops from the troops is from the Medical Dept. in the city, none being no from.

Lt. Brown - as I can

arrive - will send

you in a couple tonight,

please inform me when

you have me forward

me for them.

Saturday 17th July 53

G. W. R.
Omaha
July 9, 1883
Chicago, July 7, 1888.

Dear Brother,

Not long ago I wrote you — but I have to tell you of the coming of Grace. The family and all of the young men from school and Miss Smith — so I want to congratulate you on the happy reunion. You will think Jamie and I are coming to know dear Grace is not very well. But along with on this New Year's Day, we are rejoicing in their strength.
than her goodness. She
does no one harm. Her
parents take great
thrust in every
detail of Gracie's life
as Mother. Indeed this
is true of all her proud
children. Mother has
been a little "thin", I
think of late or perhaps
would my her had been
to feel of weakness or to
her own health. She does
not recover thoroughly from
the Influenza. It is truly
for poor health.

But she now comes
down to the mode of
even under one flow.
Chicago, 1889.

had to when it is not too warm.

Did you see the editorial on Brock’s Grocer in the “Advocate.” I wrote it at request.

Hazard (S.S. Secretary) told me he says you:

When can we see Greece? We have a woman looking for her then husband I think. Wherever they can come — ditto the young men. Certain whom we hope to see.

Affectionately,

C.M. Howard
Howard, Earl E.

Dear Mr. Howard,

I hope you are doing well. I have been thinking about the recent developments and wanted to take this opportunity to extend my gratitude for your continued support and assistance.

As much as I enjoy the details of our recent project, I must say that it was a challenging endeavor. I believe that we have made significant progress, but there is still much work to be done.

I look forward to hearing from you soon.

Sincerely,

Chicago, July 7

[Signature]
it affords me to embld.

Mrs. Flagler asks 1 to include
with me in a very small unmb.
mo to Mr. Howard and Mrs.
B. Please accept a warm
my dear Sir,

Cordially yours,

Mrs. Flagler

Mr. O.O. Howard

Okeechobee, Florida
July 8th 1883
68 & 125 A & B

My dear General Howard

I beg to be excused in not answering your letter of May 19th but I have been sick and overwhelmed with money matters and builders failed & great losses, I am perplexed beyond measure. I notice you had a rough ride of 250 miles and glad you arrived safely in camp. I hope this will find you well. Howard & children quite well and my kind love to you and family. I should be glad to see you and will Howard & my kind love to you both.

Affectionately yours

Benjamin Richardson
my dear general Ella
looked at my letter and
says grandfather you have
not said anything about
the slippers, she badly
and addresses all my let-
ters and I now thank you
very much for the slippers
medicine bag & needle
Case and slippers are very
Pretty many many
thanks for them. I sent
for a paper on my
George Washingtons
Coach yours very
sincerely

8/3/83

[Signature]