

Staden, J. A.

April 19, 1877.

1877
1830
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Headquarters Department of Columbia,

PORTLAND, OGN. April 10th 1877.

Dear General:

Your letter concerning address of Lieut. Abel Blair is received. I know McBlair very well and saw him while in Washington. He studied medicine several years (and is now practicing in Wash^g.) in order that he might learn all about his disease and, if possible, obtain control of it. But he is not cured and is extremely sensitive about it. I feel that your letter would be a source of great annoyance for his disease is a subject that he never alludes to voluntarily and will not talk about. I would not write you this if I did not know McBlair as well. He and I were students together.

In view of this I will retain the letter till I hear from you again. I have some good news. Rabbitt has joined the reformed. He took a pledge this morning, very strong and comprehensive, and limited only by the time he remains in the Army. One copy is filed with Hook, one goes to the Chief of Ordnance. He expresses a thorough determination in the matter and says he wishes he had taken it years ago. Weeks has had him in charge and gave him to understand

that he had gone to the end of his rope. He means to keep it. The pledge is vigorous in its strength and comprehensiveness, and is Babbitt's own conceit. In the Q. M. Dept. Dawson is to be kept in the second place; Brook and Joe Batheider are discharged at the end of the month. Col. B. has no orders as yet. You will probably have news of Lieut. Hyle's death before this. It will promote Shelton to Whipple's company. The town is saddened by Dr. Wilson's melancholy end. It ought to have a good effect on people here. I hear that Inge Page is holding out wonderfully well.

Your family seem to be all well. So is Willamson. My wife sees Mrs. H. every day, though I have not seen her since Monday.

There is no news of interest.

Wood asks me to send you, with this, two papers for your action. He tells me that Col. Keddy this morning decided to keep Joe: so Brook's retirement will be the only change.

Very truly yours

Leander

Gen. Howard.

P.S.

A letter came from Gen. Schinner recommending to clemency the prisoner Travis, otherwise Temple. I replied enclosing copy of your proposed order.
Yours.

54
GEO. W. DYER & CO.,

SOLICITORS OF

American and Foreign Patents,

Counsel and Advocates in Patent Causes,

519 SEVENTH STREET,

LOCK BOX 100.

Washington, D. C., April 21 1877

Genl O. O. Howard.

Portland Oregon.

My dear General, I have
your letter of the 2^d. covering Treasury Certificate
for \$278.94 to the order of M. C. Adair, which has
been rendered, expecting however to hear from you
that some part might be retained for him.
At his urgent request, I have held on to this
matter for three or four days, until it seemed
certain that no order could come from
you to him. I enclose my check for the
amount viz \$278.94.

Yours truly
Geo. W. Dyer.

Washington, Apr. 21. 77

Dyer Geo. B.

Enclous CK. for 27894

+

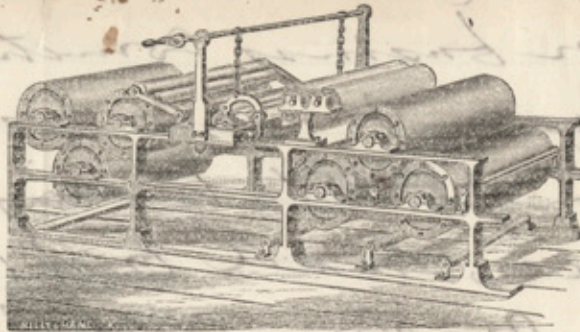
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Recd Matt. Lohrman d.d.
May 12th / 87

Field's Patent Combined Straw Board Making and Lining Machine,

In Use at

Lima	- - -	Ohio.
Akron,	- - -	"
Halltown,	- - -	W. Va.
Winchester,	- - -	"
Lockport,	- - -	Ills.
Wilmington,	- - -	"
Quincy,	- - -	"
Lyons,	- - -	Iowa.



Also,

B. F. FIELD'S
PATENT COMPRESSED BOARD
of any Thickness
MANUFACTURED AT
LYONS, IOWA.

Used for
Box Making, Book
Binding, Paper Barrels,
Refrigerators, Etc.

B. F. FIELD, Patentee.

186 MONROE STREET,

Chicago, April 22nd 1877

San Francisco

Genl O. Howard

Dear friend

... ..
to the young man etc. And am sorry for the
delay which has occurred in replying. I am
of the city part of the time in carrying
forward my enterprise, which is progressing
quite satisfactorily. So far as I have gone
and think I shall succeed in establishing
a very strong company. But it is as yet
not far enough advanced to make any
engagements relative to employees. I shall
had to do anything I can when the time
comes for your friend in the way of a situa-
tion. There are however so many parties
interested that it may be difficult for me
to secure a desirable place for the young
man, and it will be some little time before
all business operations, as it will be

Excuse me for not returning to Chicago for
short time on business connected with the
enterprise & my own private business also. And
as the work of establishing the manufacture
of Paper here shall bring my wife & Daughters
back with me, my Son is at the head of
a manufacturing concern interested in a
Clinton Clove from which place we are now
shipping Paper -

I shall hope to have the pleasure of
seeing you ere long.

Please remember me to your dear
children & may the blessing of God dwell
upon you & yours

Yours Truly

B. J. Filla

Remember me also to Capt. Wilkinson

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Apr 22, 1847.

SEATTLE, W. T. April 23/77

Dear Gen'l Howard -

We want you to be sure & be with us during the sessions of our Association beginning June 21 next. And if you will accept it we will put the last evening (Sunday June 24) entirely at your disposal to do the best possible for the Cause & Kingdom without let or hindrance.

We enjoyed Capt Wilkinson's stay greatly. We want him here several weeks to help us. When can you spare him? A few of us will go with him on the street or anywhere to do good & fish up souls.

With great love to your
self & your family we are
ever yours most faithfully
J. F. Ellis 2nd day

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It is possible -
but not announce
or rely on him

Read by Sladen

Apr. 25, 1877.

Read again

May 3, 1877.

APR
25
1877

23

Will be impossible - in the
field and don't know where will
be shown - Much obliged

Order by Student

Apr. 25, 1877,

and again May 3, 1877.

ROYAL
MAILS

Oakland, Douglas
Co., Oregon, April 23, 1877.
General O. C. Howard,
Portland, Oregon.

Dear Sir: As I have
heard your lectures on the
battle of Gettysburg spoken
of very highly, I write you
for the purpose of ascertain-
ing whether we can secure
your services for two lectures
on that subject in this place
about the middle or last of
May, and if so on what
terms. The proceeds of the lec-
tures would be used for
the purpose of paying off ^{the}

^{debt} on the Methodist Church
at this place. Our so-
ciety is weak at this point,
and this is a little country
village of about three hun-
dred inhabitants, but I believe
that I could sell over hun-
dred tickets at one dollar
each for two lectures on
two consecutive evenings,
provided they were on Fri-
day and Saturday evening.
That is we would be able
to realize one hundred
dollars, I believe, for the
two lectures. It might
be that we should real-
ize more. If you can
make it convenient
to come we should

be very glad indeed
to hear you, and shall
endeavor to make
your visit a pleas-
ant one. If you
should come we should
want as much as
two weeks notice, that
we might be able
to sell as many tickets
as possible.

Hoping to hear
from you soon I
remain

Yours truly
W. D. Nichols,
Pastor of the M. E. Church
of Oakland.

Ed. Chamberlain.

Apr. 24 1877.

[Faint, mostly illegible handwriting, likely bleed-through from the reverse side of the page.]

Portland Apr 24th 76

Gen Howard.

Dear Sir.

Last Sunday was a good day. We had as good a meeting at the Young Mens Rooms as we have had for a long time. I mean the result was good in the salvation of precious souls. There were six sinners held up their hands for prayers, the meeting was led by Judge Bronough.

I wish I had of got that recipe from you for to destroy the appetite of strong drink. I could have made good use of it in two cases since you left. Our friend I took up to your house to pray with us is holding out faithful. You ought to feel the influence of the Holy Spirit present with you because I dont know how often I have heard good people offering their prayers to our heavenly Father in your behalf.

Dear Friend

Dear Sir,

I had the pleasure to receive your kind letter of the 14th inst. and was glad to hear from you. I am well and hope these few lines will find you the same. I have not much news to write at present. I am still in the same place, and I hope to continue so for some time. I have not much news to write at present. I am still in the same place, and I hope to continue so for some time. I have not much news to write at present. I am still in the same place, and I hope to continue so for some time.

Mr. Wadhams has been considering all this time if he should trust me for \$175.00 worth of goods, and he has given me an answer this morning, it is as follows he will do it if I will insure him that I will pay him \$100.00 in 30 days and \$100.00 in 30 days more. I do not believe there is a Store in town that would not be glad to sell me their goods, on those conditions. I did not accept the offer. I thought I had better get along without the goods if I could. I miss your daily visits and words of encouragement very much after you left, but after all, it is good for me to be left alone with God. My regards to Cap. Willkinson and may god bless you.

I remain very truly
Yours
Ed. Chamberlain

Buck, Saml.

Apr. 25. 1877.

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San Francisco Cal

April 25 '77

Dear Saml

I write - this to
appeal to you on behalf
of Co. E 4th reg. I hear from
mutual friends that the
Co. is pretty tired of their
station at Ft Stevens, they
have been there since '72
except while in the Woodcock
campaign, and they are
worn out with their
isolated position on a spit-

of sand - it struck me that
in the changes about to be
made there might be a
chance to help them out
a little & therefore venture
to make the suggestion.

Capt Miller is too good
a soldier to complain
himself and I don't ^{say} would
stay there forever without
a murmur, but if you ask
him about it he can tell
you what a depressing
place it is. Excuse ^{me} for
bringing up this subject

but it was presented to
me in such a way that
I could not help but
sympathize with their
troubles, and I don't
see any chance of doing
anything for them here.

Yours truly
Geo. F. Puck

Major Genl Howard

Portland.

Personal

Fort Wrangel, Alaska.

April 26th 1877 -

Major General O. O. Howard USA -

Comd Dept of the Columbia -

Portland, Oregon -

My dear General

Your esteemed favor of the 3rd April is at hand - contents noted -

With reference to the care of Indian boy "Esteen" I beg leave to state, that your suggestions as to my mode of action will be carefully carried out - but I am of the opinion that he will be left helpless a long time, waiting for a special act of Congress to relieve him -

May I be permitted to trouble you with a matter in which I shall be personally interested, in the event of change of station by my company - & that is on the question of transportation of my family when moving with the troops - allow me to suggest that when the contract for transportation is made at your Head Quarter, an express stipulation (verbally or written) be required of the Transporting Company, that Officers wives & families shall be carried free - an agreement of this kind made at your direction, by the Steam Ship Company

would relieve myself particularly from any anxiety on
the score of passage money for my wife & little ones -
I am anxious to have this question settled arbitrarily at
the starting point - viz between the contracting parties at your
Head Quarters - and a line from you to the effect that
free transport of Officers wives & families is a part of the
contract of the Steam ship company, would effect the
desired result - If it is left an open question to be
decided by the ship's Purser - the Officer may find himself
victimized to the extent of being compelled to pay full fare
for every member of his family, excepting only himself -

With kind regards - I remain

Yours truly

E. W. Hancock

Manuscript: E. A.

April 20. 1877.

Acad by Gen.
May 25. 1877.

West Point, N. Y., April 27, 1877.

To

Genl. O. O. Howard

Portland Oregon

DEAR SIR:

The body of Capt. Alexander McRae, 3d Cavalry, killed at the Battle of Valverde, New Mexico, February 21st, 1862, lies in the Cemetery here without monument or head-stone.

In honor to the memory of this brave officer it is proposed to erect over his grave some plain, enduring mark, and it is thought that many of his Class-mates and fellow officers, and many of the present officers of his Regiment, will be glad to contribute to this end.

A small monument was erected at Fort Craig over Capt. McRae and a Sergeant killed in the same action, but since the removal here no stone has marked his grave.

Should you desire to aid in this design, contributions may be sent to me here, or to the Adjutant of the Military Academy.

The nature of the memorial will depend upon the response to this notice, but it is believed that a subscription of five dollars will be ample to cover the expense.

Very Respectfully,

W. H. Russell

Lieut. of Ordnance.

Wm. L. G. J. April 27, 1877.

TO

DEAR SIR:

The body of Capt. Alexander Martin, 24 County
of the 10th of Infantry, New Mexico Territory
1862. He is the only one who has not been
sent on board.

In honor to the memory of this brave officer it is
proposed to erect over his grave some plain, enduring
grave, and it is thought that many of his comrades
and fellow officers, and many of the present officers of
his Regiment will be glad to contribute to this end.

Felic

A movement was made at Fort Craig over
Capt. Martin and a Regiment of Infantry in the same action,
but since the veteran has no stone has marked his
grave.

Should you desire to aid in this heroic enterprise
you may be sent to the Adjutant of the
Military Academy.

The names of the persons who will depend upon the
response to this notice, but it is believed that a
number of our fellows will be ready to cheer the
cause.

Very Respectfully

Adj. of Gen. G.

Mc Dowell, Irwin.
Maj. Gen. U.S.A.

April 28. 1877.

File

Recd. Ft. Lapwai I.D.
May 14. 77

53

Hqrs. Mil. Div. of the Pacific & Dept. of California.

San Francisco, Cal., April 28, 1877

Dear General

I beg your pardon for
having overlooked your personal
note of last month, which I
intended answering the day of
its receipt.

Please be not concerned
about the newspaper writer. I
have not seen any of his
articles, and it would not
make any difference if I had.

The newspapers should condemn
Kearney for having bulls and
private theatricals, as you say
they do you for your religious
life. Neither are proper subjects
for the press. If an officer
has his duty whether he fasts
or feasts, prays or plays,
is he an personal individual
business on which the public
has no right to meddle

Yours sincerely
Amos A. Bennett

Amos A. Bennett

Portland
Oregon.

find your peace & comfort. I don't think therefore that
you need apprehend active hostility from the Army - In fact -
if you could manage to discover "that the "Digger" is a failure
and has disappointed your expectations" - and "that in certain
climates, and under certain conditions, Whiskey is just
altogether a creation of the devil" - and "that you are
not quite certain that the principles of the Republican ^{party} are right" -
and "that, notwithstanding the fact that there are some thirty
or ~~40~~ millions of your countrymen, natives of the North, you
are surprised to find some gentlemen among them, who
if they had had the advantages of Southern culture would
~~have been~~ ^{be} fit to be classed with the mirrors of chivalry of that
Section" - in a word, if you can only bring yourself to
make a good breakfast upon your own words and thoughts,
I can promise you the enthusiastic support and fellowship
of the War Dept. =

Sherman is your friend, is he not? - If I am right in
this conjecture - put yourself at once into communication
with him - and while the glamour of newness lasts, and
before he has had time to quarrel with the Secretary - get him
to present your case - and show him from what source all
your opposition comes -

Don't delay this however too long - For as sure as there is a
Secretary of War to quarrel with, so sure is it that Sherman
will quarrel with Mr. Henry - that is if Mr. Henry has the making
of a Secretary of War in him. The fight that General Grant waged against
the Secretaries in his time is the inherited fight of all Generals ^{in chief}.
It is the same old war that has raged since the world
began - and before if we may believe the poets. The fight

Enda Howard
us Army
Portland Oregon

Washington - Apr 3^o 1877 62
2033-9 11^o 21

Dear General Howard -

Your letter of the 14th March at hand - Thanks for
forwarding my letter to Gen. Sprague - & for your suggestions in re Oregon.
You conclude your letter by asking me to "mitigate"
"in reference to the present Secretary of War - I (you) mean tittle
"straws", such as, intimacies, proclivities, Boynton-word - Belknap
"word or other-kind, whose Church?" and then you say - "The
"jessuits will of course run the War Department as usual,
"as no protestant has got strength to clean the stable," -

I don't know the Secretary personally - but since
the receipt of your note several days ago, I have taken some
pains to inquire about him, and to come to a conclusion
as to his ~~transiency~~ ^{transiency}, to create a road for the accession.

1st - I understand that he opposed the appointment of Belknap
to the Cabinet, and was greatly chagrined thereat, when in opposition
to his remonstrances, and those of others from his State and from the
West, the President ^(Grant) appointed him to the War Dept.

2^d - His friends seem to be Garfield, Rawson and men who
thought as they were supposed to think a few weeks ago - for it
is just now almost impossible to find any one who thinks
at all if he can be saved the operation - The mental condition
I mean of Republicans, is one of suspended animation - And
from all that I can learn I don't think the Secretary of War
bores much from the prevailing condition of mind of his former
and for aught I know, present friends, and party associates -
He seems by his official acts to have found relief from this
mental condition of uncertainty by turning as far as possible

from the present and immediate vicinity to the extreme limit of
your department, and to have evolved the necessity for the
withdrawal of the troops from Alaska from the nebulous conditions
of Republican thought as to the withdrawal of troops from somewhere,
a withdrawal being the demand of the day - The evolution of
any thing positive however is a great relief even though it
concerns but a hundred or so blue coats, away with among
the ice fields -

When in Congress he is understood to have represented
Western radicalism tempered by intelligence and acquaintance
with law - And I think he supported what is known as "the
free bill" - Just what he represents now! or will represent
tomorrow or the day after - or for the matter of that, what
any one represents, no man will be found brave enough
to say - at least not I or I value the fame of prophecy -

I can't answer your question ^{as to} "Boystown road" - You
will have to evolve an answer to that from your inner ^{consciousness}
when you have digested the food for thought contained in
his letter.

I know what you mean however by the question, and
from what I can hear tell here, am inclined to think that he
will not allow himself to be prejudiced against you on
account of any thing that may have been written or
telegraphed away from Washington to Western or other papers to
your prejudice - I should feel entirely sure of this if there
was not another intimation in your letter that ~~you~~ you
apprehended the influence of enemies in the War Department. If

that influence should be actively excited against you it might
be difficult to meet it - It is so very domestic. You know
the effect of dropping water - no matter how fair or smooth
the stone may be, when the drop! drop! begins, it is only a question
of time - I will wear away the stone someday - I am
inclined to think however that the drifting has about
stopped in your case -

The attack upon you was with the Democratic party a
political necessity - The Southern wing of the party demanded
it - and their dirty allies of the North jumped eagerly to the
task - The army as a body is Democratic. That you know
as well as I - The nation however don't know it, and I
fear never will - During the war the average regular officer
had a kinder feeling for the West Point rebel who was
fighting against his government and striving to destroy his
country than for the volunteer officer who was standing by
his side - The war would not have lasted so long - nor
should we have suffered so many defeats, or ^{gained} so many
indecisive victories, had it not been for this feeling - the
result of the old Democratic feeling which leavened the Army
before the war, and which leavens it now - The political needs
of the Democratic party requiring the attack upon you, it was
easy to find assistants in the War Dept - through the Democratic
instincts of the regular Army - There is the secret of the
hostility of the War Dept people - It is no longer necessary
to Democratic success to continue the attack upon you - and
your associates, finding no show brought to bear upon them, will
allow, without knowing it, and without thinking very much about it,
their Democratic instincts to cast - and in that sleep let you can

But, how far we have got away from McCreary! - and yet not so very far after all - for if McCreary be the man I take him to be, he will see that no concession can be made to Sherman's demands to put the heads of the Staff Corps upon his staff, and his failure to comply with this demand will lead to a cooling between them - Use therefore the present moment of sunshine -

You say in another part of your letter that Oregon will have population when Senator Mitchell "breaks through the crust" which imprisons you from the outside world. I fear my dependence on your dependence is a weak one. The Senator strikes me as too light a weight to break through any "crust".

Today's news is that the troops are to be withdrawn from the State House at Columbia, & that the same order will be sent to Gen. Lejeune at New Orleans - This is the end of the Republican Party in the South for many a long day - It means a "Solid South". The absolute triumph of the "Mississippi Plan"! - Above all that sublime faith in either human nature in general or in Southern human nature that the President deems to have so that I cannot join him in his peans of victory - I am rather cross at it all - and fear that I may have shown this in my letter - Some of these days I will write you again, not about the Army, but of the political complexion of affairs as it may be of service to you to know how "things" seem to be near the South.

To answer your last question, I believe McCreary goes to the Unitarian Church when he goes anywhere -

He did regard to your family & Gladstone -
Mostly Yours
Wm. Woodhull

Which the devil fought against the angels, and which caused his expulsion from Heaven and his plunge into Hell - The fight for power! For mine power! Power that of right belongs to some one else - but which the Contestant wants.

Sherman can't understand that he is now, and must forever be until there is another war, but the ornamental head of the Army. He must make speeches in response to the toast "The Army" at dinner, - and when we need the lighting up of our wretched monotonous republican life by a little tinsel, to put on his uniform, surround himself with his staff, and come to the front of the foot lights.

The command of troops mobilized for action; and the control of the administration of the Army are two different functions - Sherman is charged with the one. The Secretary of War with the other - You can't unite the two without prejudice to the efficiency of the Service. To unite the two in himself is what Sherman is trying to do - as we sometimes say of a servant who apes the style of his master!, or the manner of his life - He is, above his place! -

If we should have a war he at once comes to the front. He organizes the Campaign - Takes command of the troops, and finds full activity for his abilities and full occupation for his time. What would he then do with the Administrative departments of the Army? - With the recruiting? The provisioning of the Army? The transportation of troops? We should find him making a special order relieving the heads of the Staff Corps from duty on his staff, and ordering them to

Report to the Secretary of War -!

He is, too active minded a man for his ^{position} present ~~work~~! It is his misfortune that he was promoted to the Generalship. As a General he could have found something to do. As General he is out of rank - He never has given enough attention to the ornamental to be entirely satisfied with his position. The best service that McCreary can do him is to hurry up the quarrel so that the General can go back to St Louis without further waste of time. There he could "boss" his orders, - Here he must content himself with his staff. -

4th And now as to your reflection as to the "Jesuits" in the War Dept - If you mean the word as a religious description I can't "speak to the question" - but if you use it figuratively I am entirely with you in wishing the stable cleaned. For I doubt if there be anywhere in the world - even in the court of the propoganda - a better set of Jesuits than those of the War Department.

It all comes from our absurd system of army organization - a system which might possibly be defended if we had a standing army of several hundred thousand men, and the possibility of war always impending - But for our little affair of twenty thousand men, scattered over a territory almost as large as Europe, I must say again that the system is absurd. I often wish to be Secretary of War for a few months with absolute power. I think these are expressive vulgarisms, I should make the "dust fly" -

I can't and shan't in the narrow space of a letter give you

a plan of army organization - but when you and the other good people of Oregon shall send me to the Senate I will discuss the whole subject with you - I think I know the Army. - I have studied its organization and its personnel without going into a discussion of the character of the last I think the first is about as illogical as it well can be. In a word it offers its premiums to those officers who have the address to get themselves as far away as possible from the troops, and makes of the War Department a very snug harbor - the getting into which constitutes the aim and ambition of the earlier days of every promising young officer - and the keeping there, the sum of intrigue unrequited in any other department of the public service -

Dealing only with the War Dept I say without the shadow of doubt upon my mind, that the staff corps (except the pay Dept) or permanent organization, should be broken up, root and branch - and the officers distributed throughout the Army. And detachments made from time to time for duty in the Staff Department, and no officer should be allowed to remain on duty in the Department for a longer period than three or four years - I should at least require from the Engineers periodical service with the troops. Not such fancy work as they can find with their Engineer Battalion, which is intended in the present scheme to answer such purpose, but actual work with the troops of the different arms - The Army is a school - not an Army in the sense of Europe - Its blood should be constantly kept in circulation that all the influences of change & variety & greater & broader opportunities for culture can be avoided - Under our system its blood is coagulated, and the result is mental atrophy -