

Mythology

FIELD NOTE BOOK

CHICKEN LAND EXPLORATION

1913 - 1915

No. 30

#13

AM67.114a

June 12

Male Eider Length $24\frac{1}{2}$ in

Male Old Squaw $16\frac{1}{2} - 21\frac{1}{2}$

Belly white. Breast dark brown.
Throat speckled white. Around
eyes grey divided by narrow
black line. Top of head streaked
with white. Rump white.
Between shoulders and at junction
of wings feathers are edged with
light brown. Wings and back
very dark brown.

Male Old Squaw. Also called
South Southern. Hounds.
Old Injun; Old wife; Long-tail;
Cochamee, Scoldenore; Scolder;
Quandy.

Harelda pygmalis
Length to end of tail 20 in
Throat, breast, neck, wings
and middle of back very
dark brown. Around eyes a
light grey white-around eyes.
Grey patches separated on forehead
by narrow black stripe.
Shoulders and junction of wings
light brown caused by dark
brown feathers being edged with

buff or light brown.

White of belly extends
around body and well up
on rump.

Male Old Squaw.

Length 22 inches

Ring around neck speckled
dark brown. Grey patches
around eyes shade to white
on top of head. Throat almost
pepper and salt. Junction of
rings and body white, a
continuation of white of belly
and rump.

Eider ducks

Weight of female

4
3 3/4 and 4

Brant

Weight

3 lbs

June 18th

16 Brant eggs Rattleton Island

4 Snow Bunting eggs

4 Burgomaster eggs

June 18th

Killed

8

Brant Rattleton

"

5

Burgomasters

June 19th

Used egg in duck's nest
on island off camp

Secured 25 Brant eggs
at U.S. Gary's Island and
18 on Rattleton Island

At U.S. Gary's rock
found gull's nest containing
2 gull's eggs and 1 eider
duck.

Brought back in boat
2802 eider duck eggs.

June 30th

Blowing eggs of little auks
and burgomaster gulls.

At Utoyah brought back
one egg of dray gull.
broken in two pieces.

Packed away yesterday
5 nests and 6 sets of eggs
of Snow Bunting
New carping yab brought
in 5 Burgomaster eggs
yesterday.

First burgomaster seen
May 10th

July 7th
Loon today fishing near
Jolo tent.
Total brings in 2 Uria
lousia

July 14.
A new bird today
with nest in river bed.
Gray head and back.
Wings black also tail
slightly reddish throat
think it must be
the wheat-eater.

Called at nest where
I have seen a glaucous
gull sitting for a month.
Nothing in the nest
at all much to my
surprise. Think the
young gulls must have
been concealed under
the rocks.

July 16
Rashed 62 brant's eggs today
" 69 Eider " "

July 21st
Visited Cliffs in Pandora
Harbor finding young
gulls about 10 days old.
No young gulls on
Hunt Island or young
ducks yet.

According to nab
brought in a young duck
from Amurillo day
before yesterday.

July 24th
Young ducks swimming
Old Squaws have gone
home today.
Saw the heat up
on the hills yesterday.

Fitz reports a
burgomaster as swooping
down upon a mother
and her young today. The
mother collected them
together upon an ice cake
and defended them with
her beak and wings.

Young ducks seem to
come about as soon as
they take to the water.

July 28th

Sammy showed me a wheat ear's nest today near our motor boat.

Have it boxed ready for home.

Aug. 5th

Have packed today 12 species — 38 specimens as follows: Male Eider 5

Female "	1
Little auk	7
Sea Pigeon	8
Long Tailed Duck	4
Murre	7
Kittiwake	1
Gaiger	2
Burgomaster	1
Braut	1
Kuak	1
	38

Aug. 15

Little auks, small eiders and young burgomasters are swimming around the harbor.

Aug. 27th

All little auks seem to be gone. Although the Quins say the young ones are still here.

A gyrfalcon near park today.

The young ravens are around every day. Yesterday they were playing with the dogs.

Kuaks still here.

Sept. 1st

Have today killed a sea pigeon (guillemot) we fast winter plumage.

Saw two gyrfalcons yesterday. One young gull today.

May 10th

John says first gull came

Sept. 7th

A few little auks still here. Many young gulls which are a mixture of black and white.

Sept. 8th

Saw 8 eider ducks today.

Sept. 14

8 Quails Today feeding
at water's edge.

Many young gulls
still like both Burgomasters
and Fulmars.

Have not seen any
little auks lately.
Young sea pigeons today.

Sept. 19th

Large flocks of young
auks still here.

Jan. 1915

Metak reports two large
eagles at Cape Sedon all
last summer.

April 28th

The now-yah (Burgomaster)
gulls have come. Reported at
Dulwaddy by Koolah-tin-ah today.
Seen here last year May 10th.
We we heard today the
song of a snow bird.

Procellaria glacialis

Fulmar - Whale bird -

Maatemuck - Stormfowl.

"dirty" grey, short eggs,
equally rounded at both
ends. Eggs taste very
good.

The fulmar is bold,
voracious and much
"out loud"

May 25 -

53
22
25

Packed 8 Male Auks
" 20 Female "

June 7

Packed 25 Auks
18 Buntlings

Urgulus alle - little
aubs - rotax - sea king -
ice bird - fine hunt
alle alle

Cry ratt-tet-tet-tet-tet

Egg - one - bluish white -
no nest - deep in rocks -
egg excellent - flesh
excellent

Weight
Length
Food

Preyed upon by foxes
Urgomarsus gulls and
ravens

Arrive at Elāh May 20th
Leave about Aug. 27 (1914)
Is food for foxes, ravens,
Urgomarsus, and man.

Uria Brunnichii - Loom
murre, Brunnich's Guillemot

One large egg, grey
pied with brown, of
very variable size and
form

Urmou aretiens

Arctic puffin - sea
parrot - puffin -
parakeet

Uria gyrfalke
Black Guillemot
Sea pigeon
"Lill-wah"

Larus glaucus
Burgomaster

Sufficiently strong to
protect its young
from fawks and hawks
often on easily
accessible cliffs and ledges
near colonies of little
auks and on islands
inhabited by eiders upon
whose young it feeds greedily.
Lays 3 to 4 eggs
Last very good
young gull resembles
eider.

First

Arrived at Etah May 7th
Two of the boys report the
Burgomaster as preying upon
little auks driving them
down to the ice of the fiord
where they flutter about as
if wounded. The *Burgomaster*
seizes it in his bill and
shakes it until it is dead.
Has been seen by Hunt
trying to capture young
eiders. Reported by Fader

as eating young Kittiwakes
The burgomasters will cover up
her eggs with moss upon the
approach of a person (Jackson)

Larus tridactylus

Kittiwake. "Likelels"

Nest walled with seaweed
and mud and very firm.
In inaccessible places
well protected from weather.
Nest lined with moss,
grass, and seaweed.
Eggs - good - 3 to 4.

Larus churinus

Ivory gull - ice gull.

"In gull it compares with the fulmar. When a walrus or seal is killed this bird soon makes its appearance. Often seen sitting at a seal hole waiting to feed upon the excrement."

"Young ivory gulls have dark markings on the back of the wings, not unlike those of the young snowy owl but fewer in number. There are a few dark marks on the breast and back of the neck. The tail feathers are tipped with black and there are dark markings around the eyes and about the mouth on the lower jaw. The legs and feet are dark in color. The ground color all over the body is pure white. There are a few dark marks on the small feathers on the underside of the wings at the fore joint. The head is darker than in the adults." Jackson

Jackson found the ivory gull resting on the ground at Franz

Joseph Land. Two eggs very much
like the Kittiwakes but larger.
Nest raised about six inches, base
2 feet to 30 in, moss and a few
white feathers.

Larus sabini

Sabine's gull

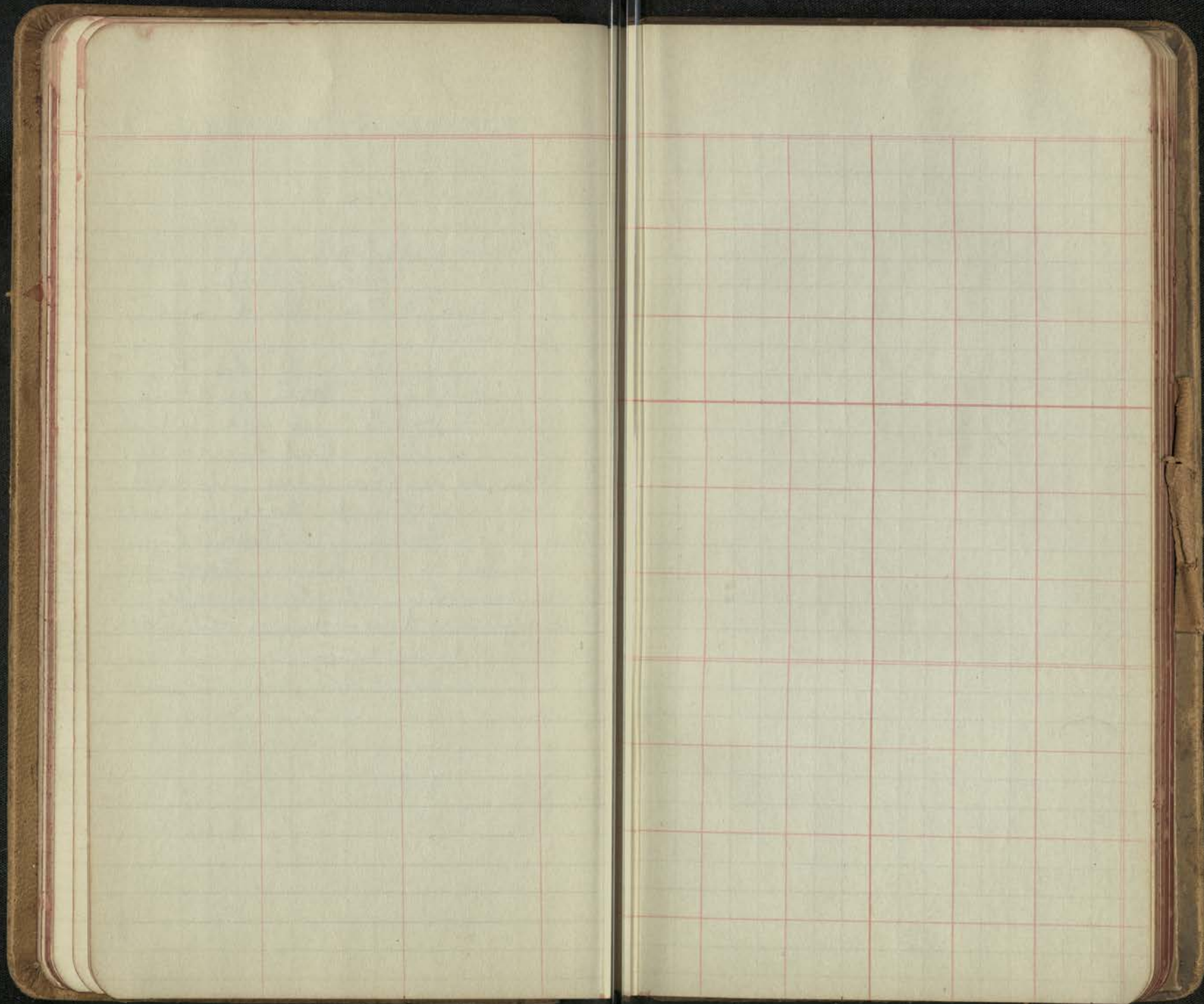
and chat
are seen by me on
northern shore of Grant
Land in spring of 1909.

Stercorarius parasitica

Brown bird

Feeds upon eggs of
waders and geese.
Picks hole and sucks
contents.

Compels other birds to
discharge ~~their~~ as deep
their food in air which
it catches and consumes.
Breeds upon low lying
marsh without trace of a nest.
Eggs 1 or 2 colored
ground. Defends eggs
vigorously, kept continually
swapping down upon intruder.



Sterna fuscata

Sterna macroura

Breeds in low grass free
headlands or islands,
covered with sand or pebbles.
Protected by coloration.
Attacks larger birds fiercely
in defence of its nest.

Samalonia wallisiana

Female retreating covers
her eggs with dirt also
if frightened suddenly
sprinkles over them a
stimulating fluid which is
so volatile or so easily
decomposed in the air
that the smell completely
disappears in a few hours.

Conualeria spectabilis

What are needed to
complete life history
of North American Birds

Black Throated Loon
surface and
Adult bird - Downy
young - Juvenal plumage -
eggs and photographs.

Red Throated Loon
Downy young and
nesting photographs

Haudts Guillemot
Downy young - Juvenal
plumage and nesting
photographs

Douglas Little Auk
Downy young - adult birds -
Juvenal plumage - nesting
photographs - and eggs

Skua

Downy young - adult birds -
juvenile plumage - nesting
photographs and eggs

Pomarine Jaeger

Downy young - Juvenile
plumage - nesting photographs

Parasitic Jaeger

Downy young - Juvenile
plumage - nesting photographs

Long Tail Jaeger - same

Ivory Gull - same and eggs

Bergomaster

Juvenile plumage - nesting
photographs

Island gull

Downy young - juvenile plumage -
nesting photographs and eggs

Munich's Gull

Downy young - adult bird -
juvenile plumage - nesting
photographs, and eggs

Doss's Gull

Downy young - adult bird -
juvenile plumage -
nesting photographs and
eggs

Labine's Gull

Downy young - adult -
juvenile plumage - nesting
photographs, and eggs

Arctic Tern

nesting photographs

Skua

Downy young - juvenile
plumage - nesting photos.

Cormorant same

Oldsquaw
Nesting Photographs

Harlequin Ducks
Downy young - Juvenal
plumage - Nesting photos
and eggs

Northern Eider
Juvenal plumage

King Eider
Downy young - Juvenal
plumage - Nesting photos
and eggs

Crow Goose
Downy young - adult -
juvenal plumage - Nesting
photographs and eggs

Blue goose
Downy young - Adult -
juvenal plumage - Nesting
photographs - and eggs

Brant
Downy young - Juvenal
plumage - Nesting
photographs and eggs

Red Phalarope
Downy young - Juvenal plumage -
Nesting photos and eggs

Northern Phalarope
Juvenal plumage - Nesting
photos - and eggs

Dowitcher
Downy young - Juvenal plumage -
Nesting photos and eggs
That same

Rufous Sandpiper

Downy Young - Juvenal plumage
nesting shales and eggs

White Rump the same

Red-back " "

Sanderling same
eggs important

Black-bell. Plover same

Sander Plover same

White-fronted Plover

Juvenal plumage and eggs

Ruddy Turnstone

Every thing

Rain Bird's Plumage

Every thing Adult bird
important

Gray Sea Eagle

Every thing

White-Syphalar

Every thing and eggs

Gray Syphalar

Every thing - Adult bird
important

Syphalar

Every thing Adult
important

Dutch Hawk

Downy Young - Nesting
photos

Crowy Owl

Everything and eggs
Horned Larks same

Northern Raven

Downy Young - Juvenile
Plumage - Nesting
photos

Greenland Redpoll

Everything and eggs
Smaller Redpoll " "

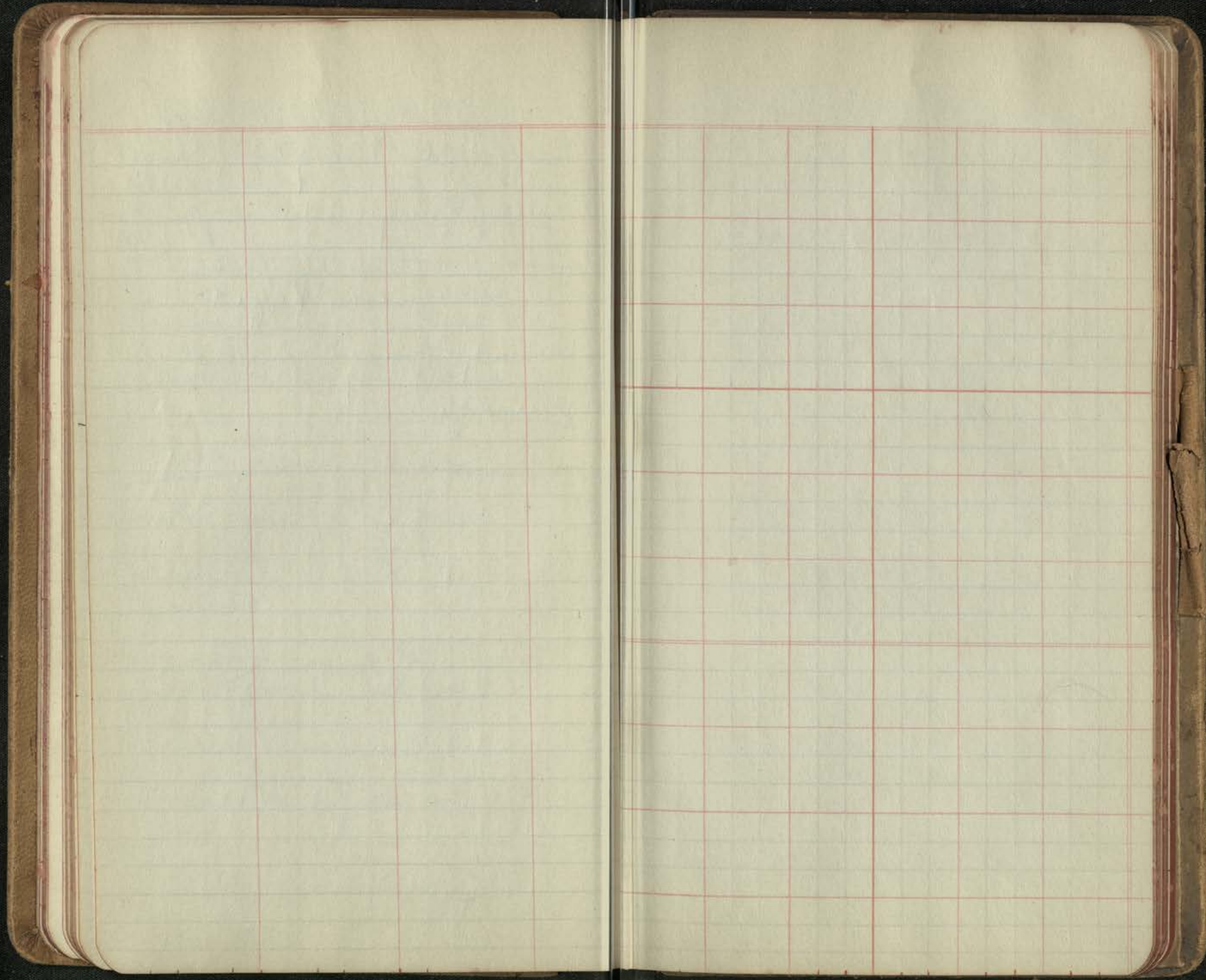
Snow Bunting

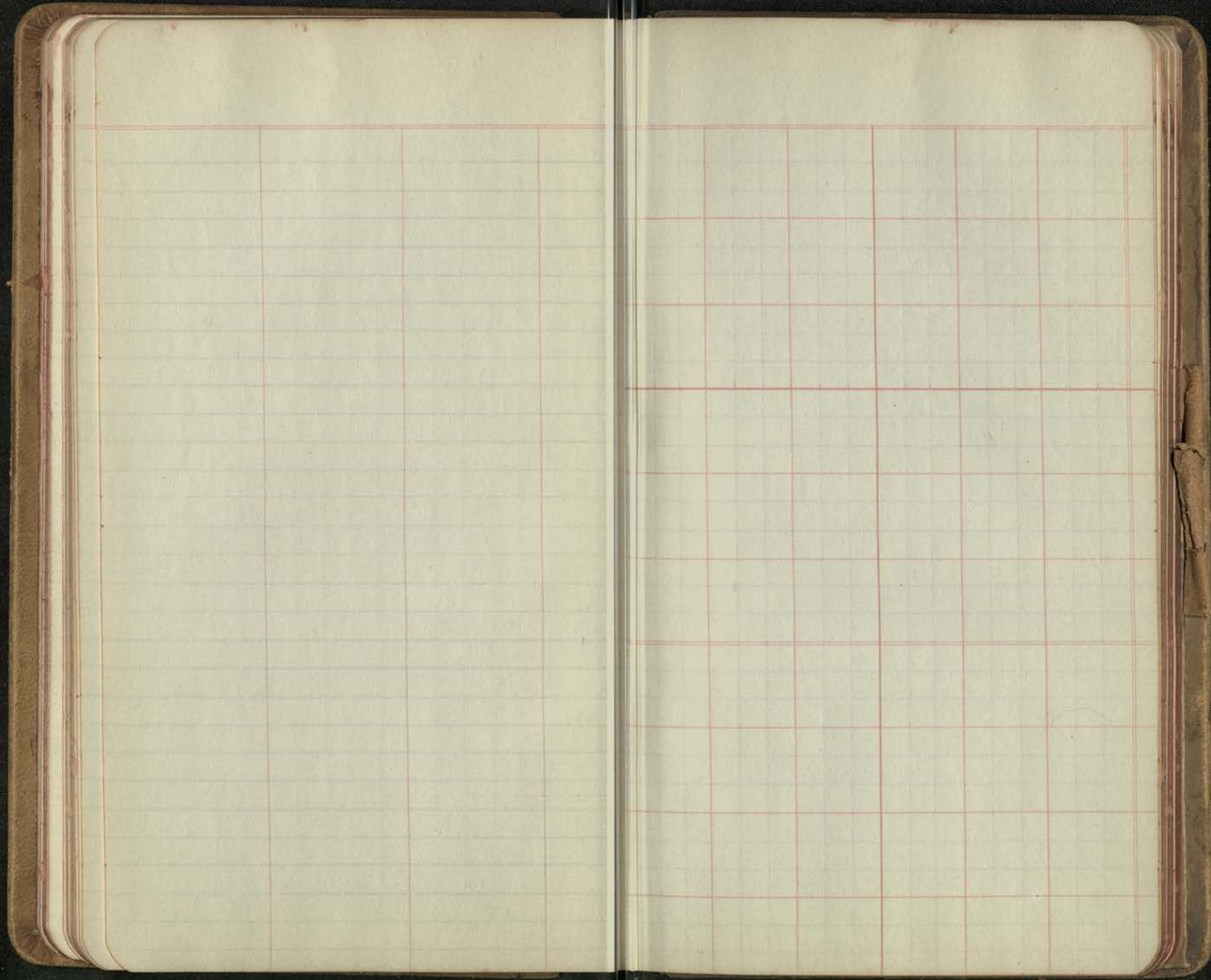
Everything and eggs

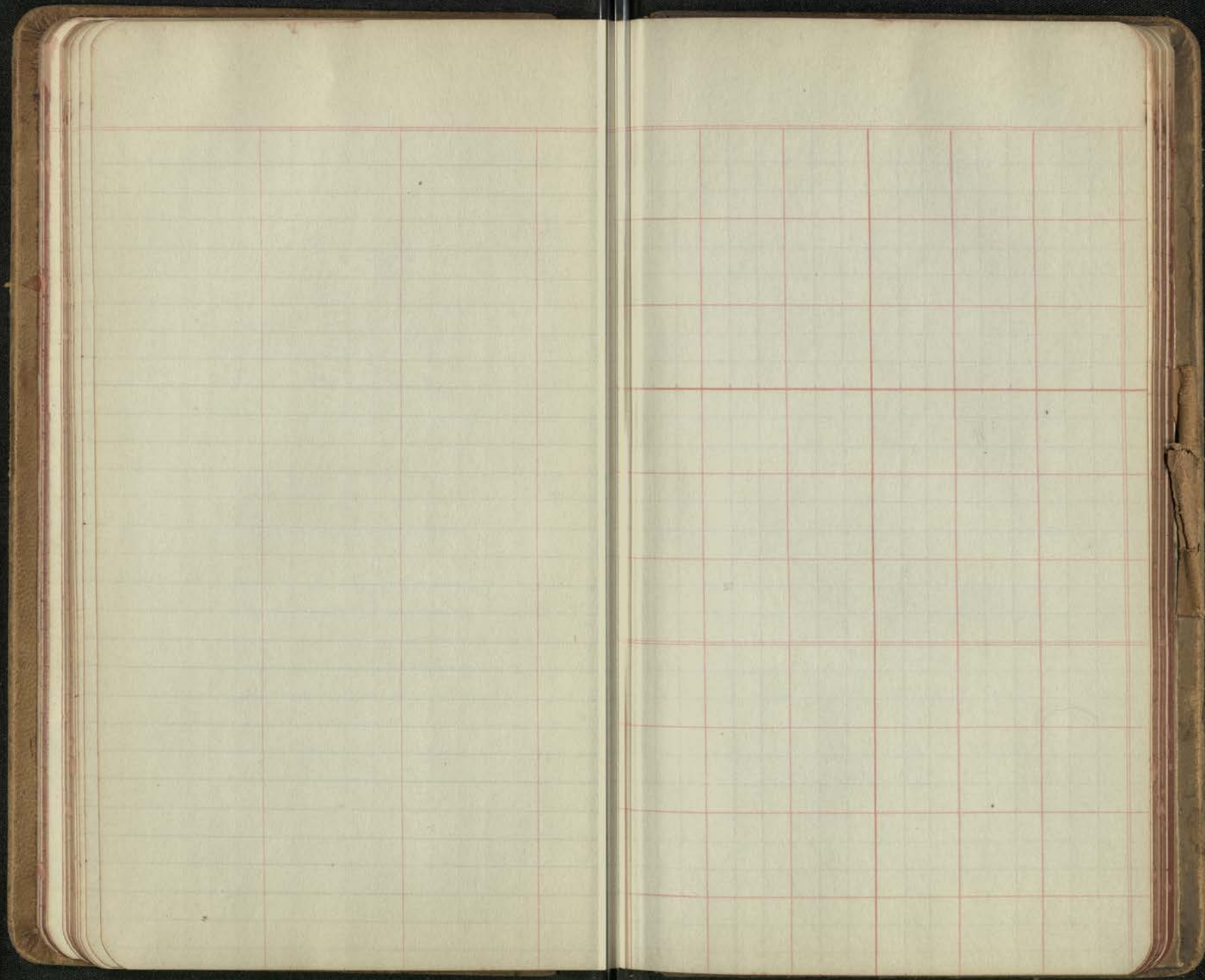
Lapland Longspur
Everything and eggs

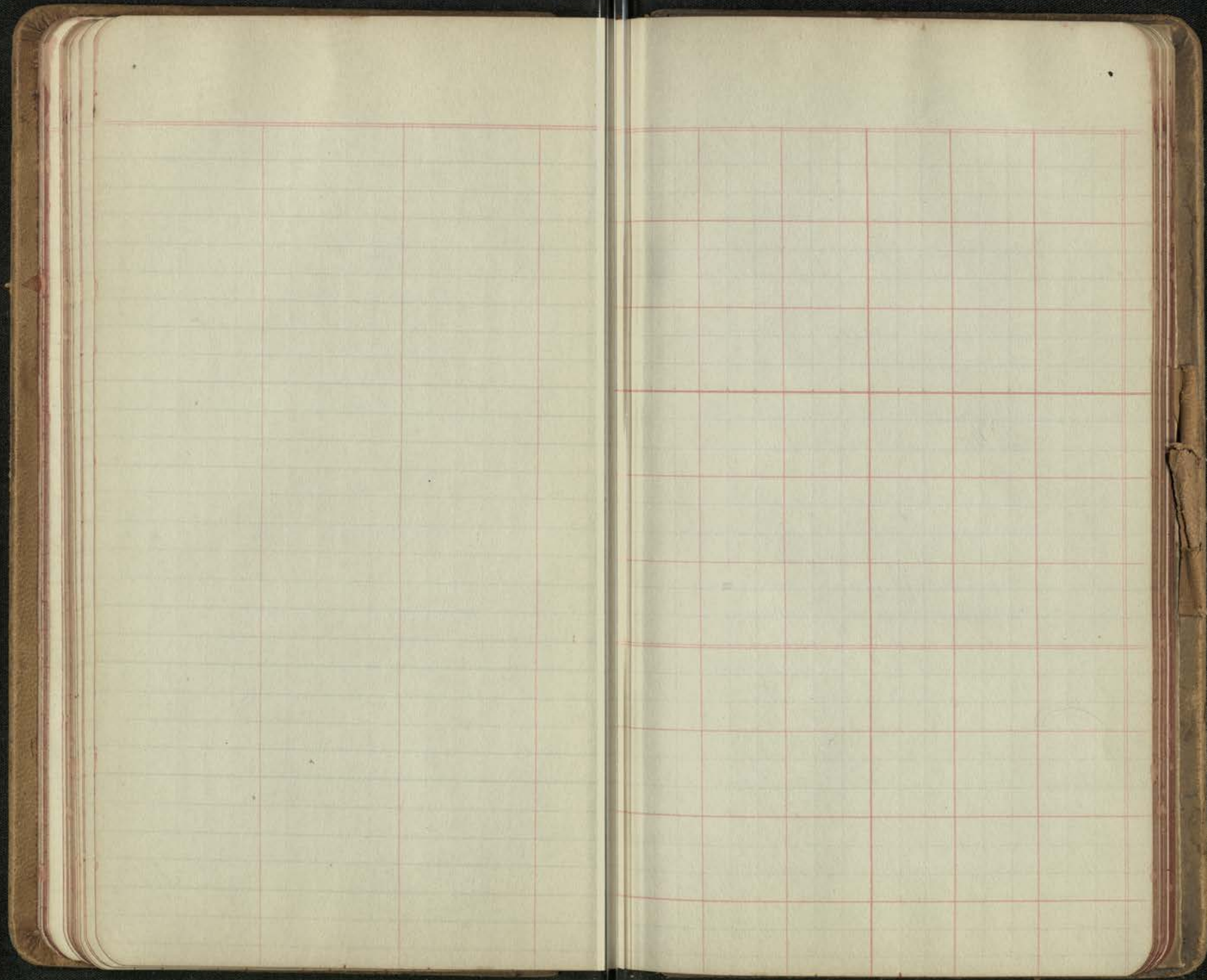
American Pipit

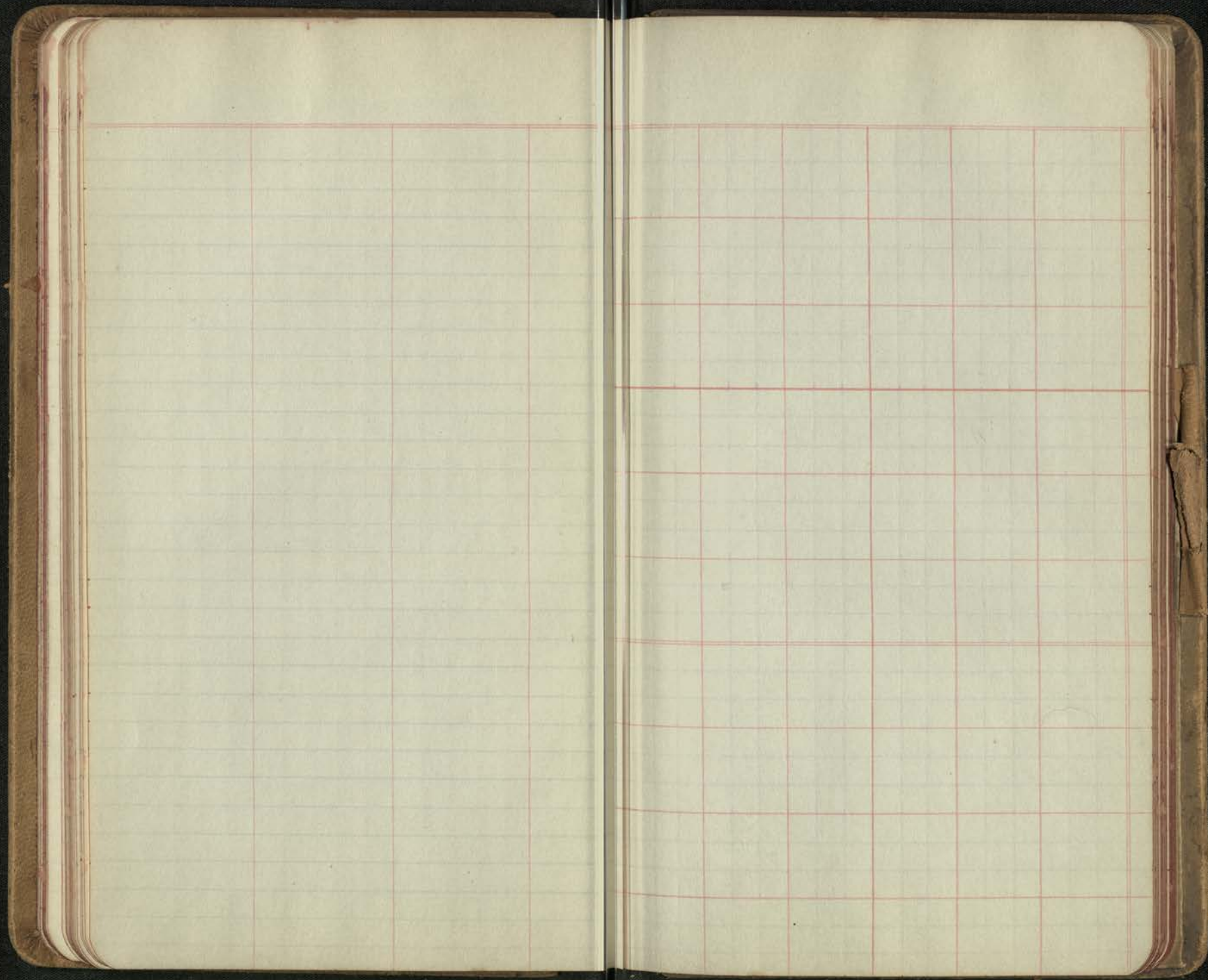
Downy Young - Juvenile
Plumage

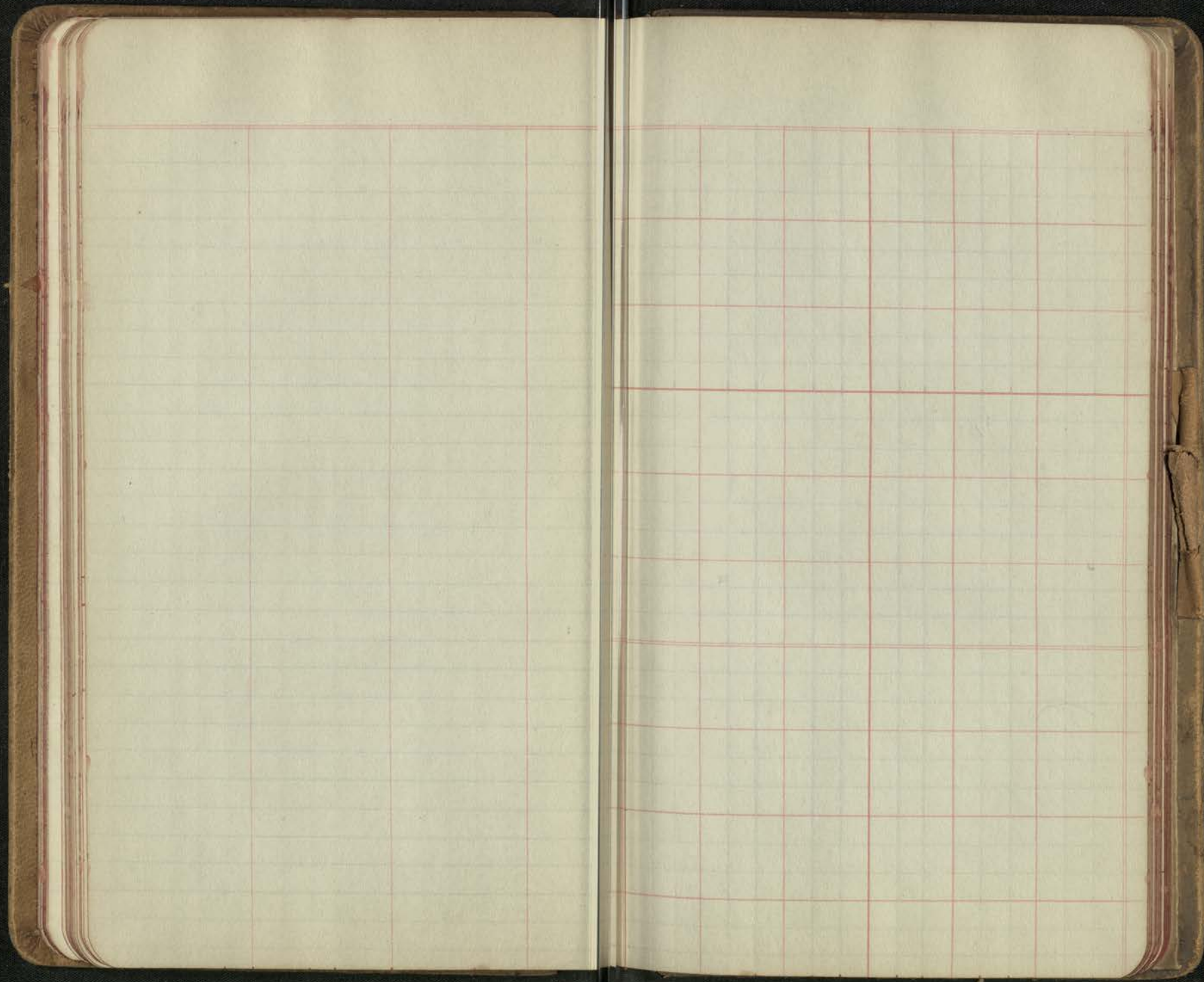


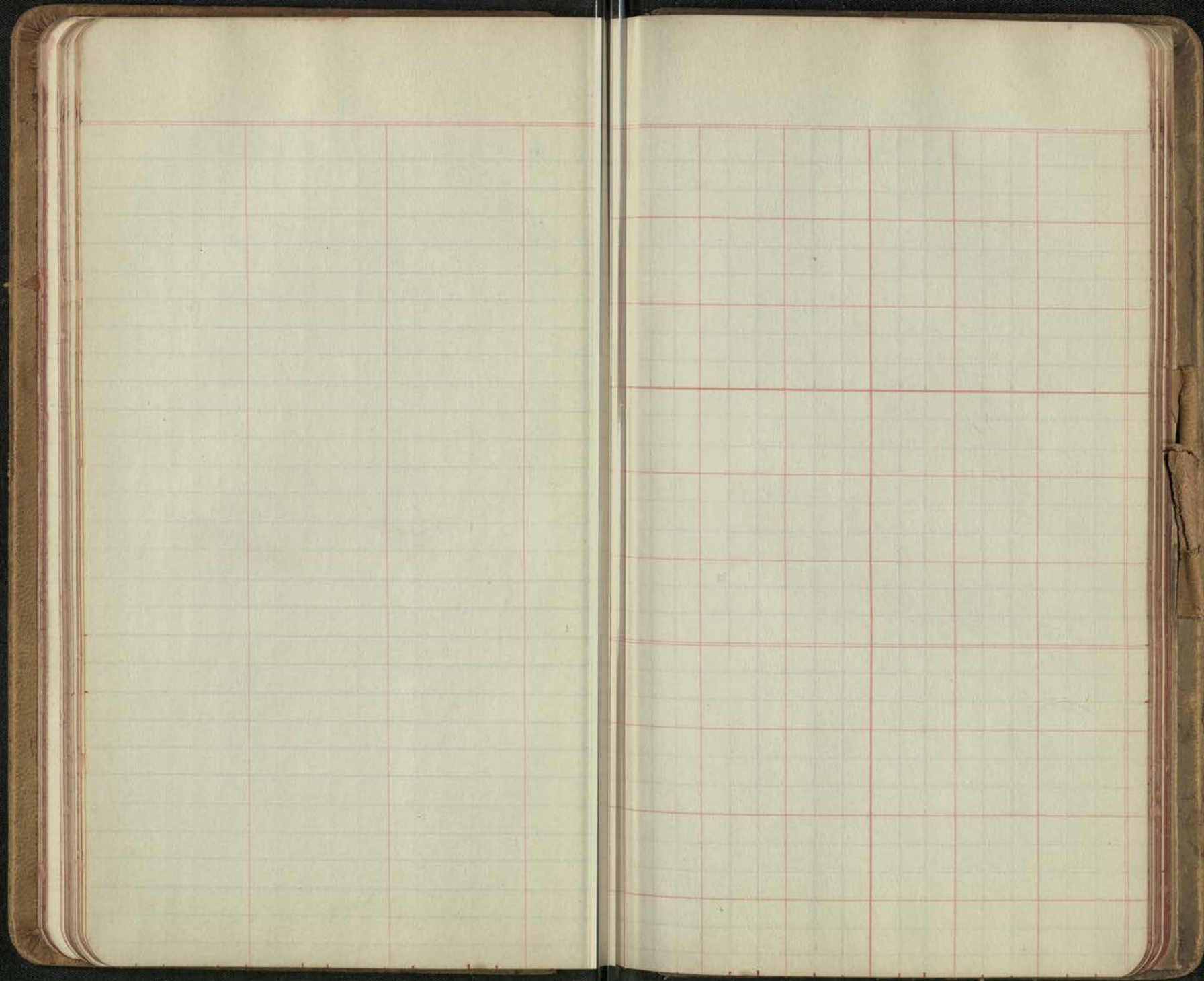


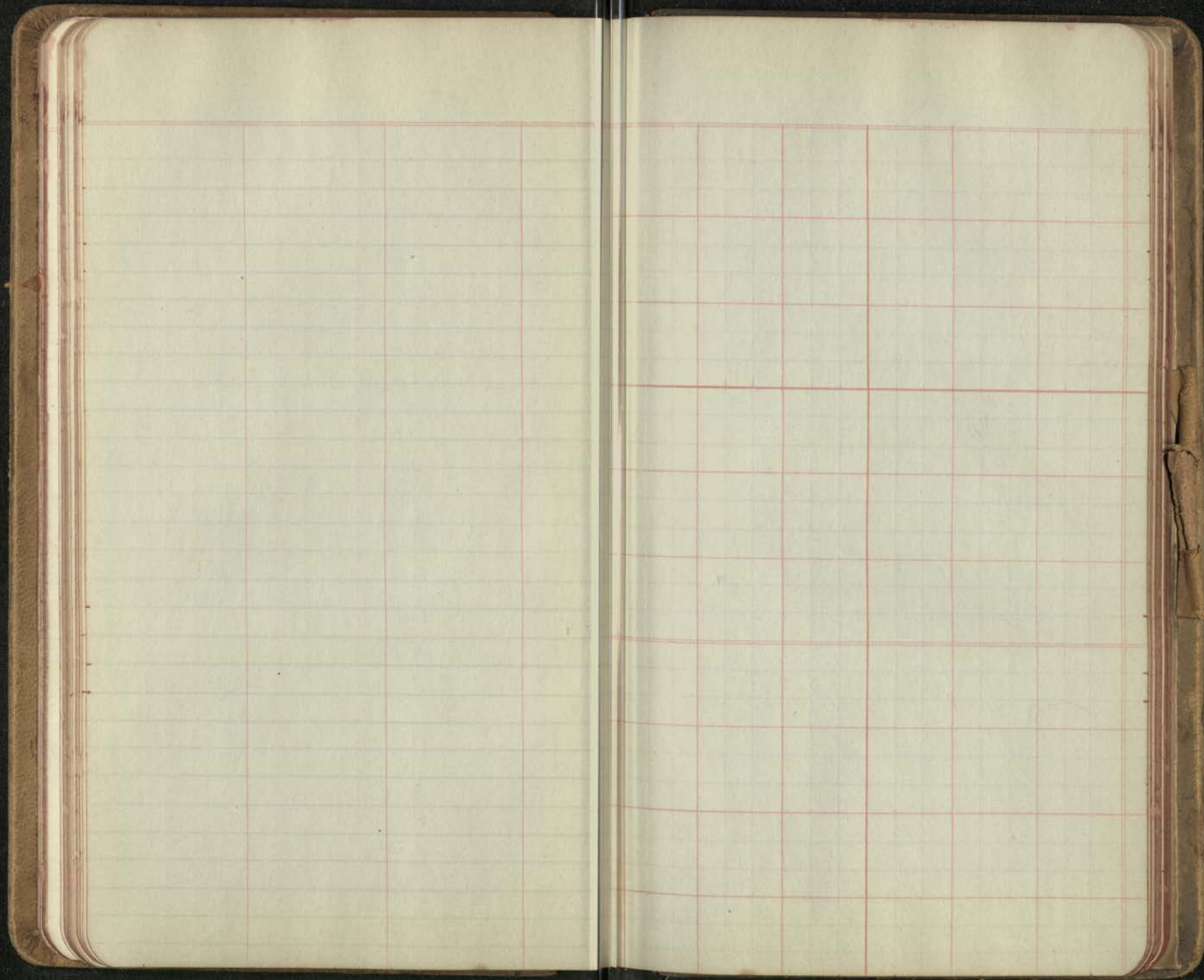


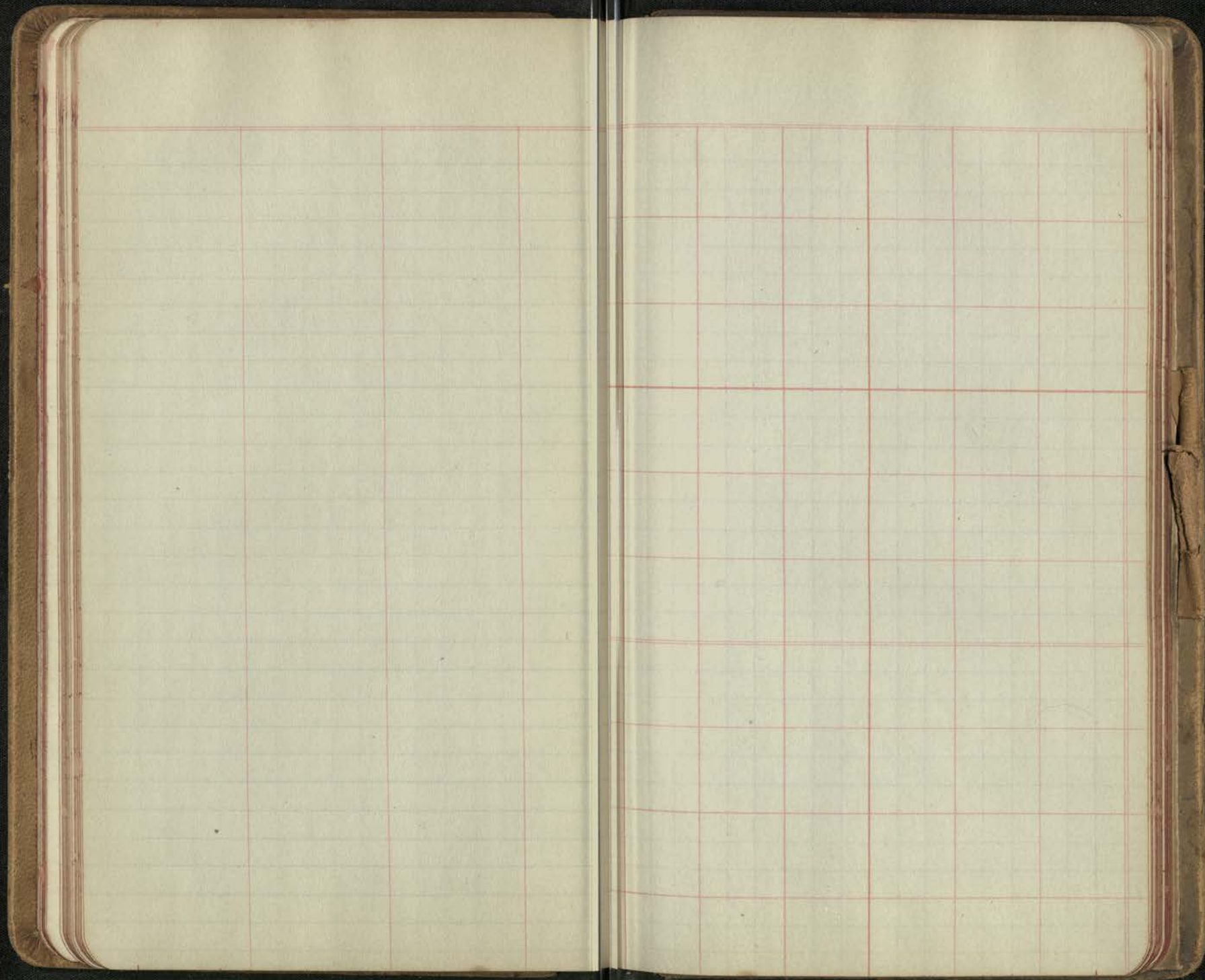


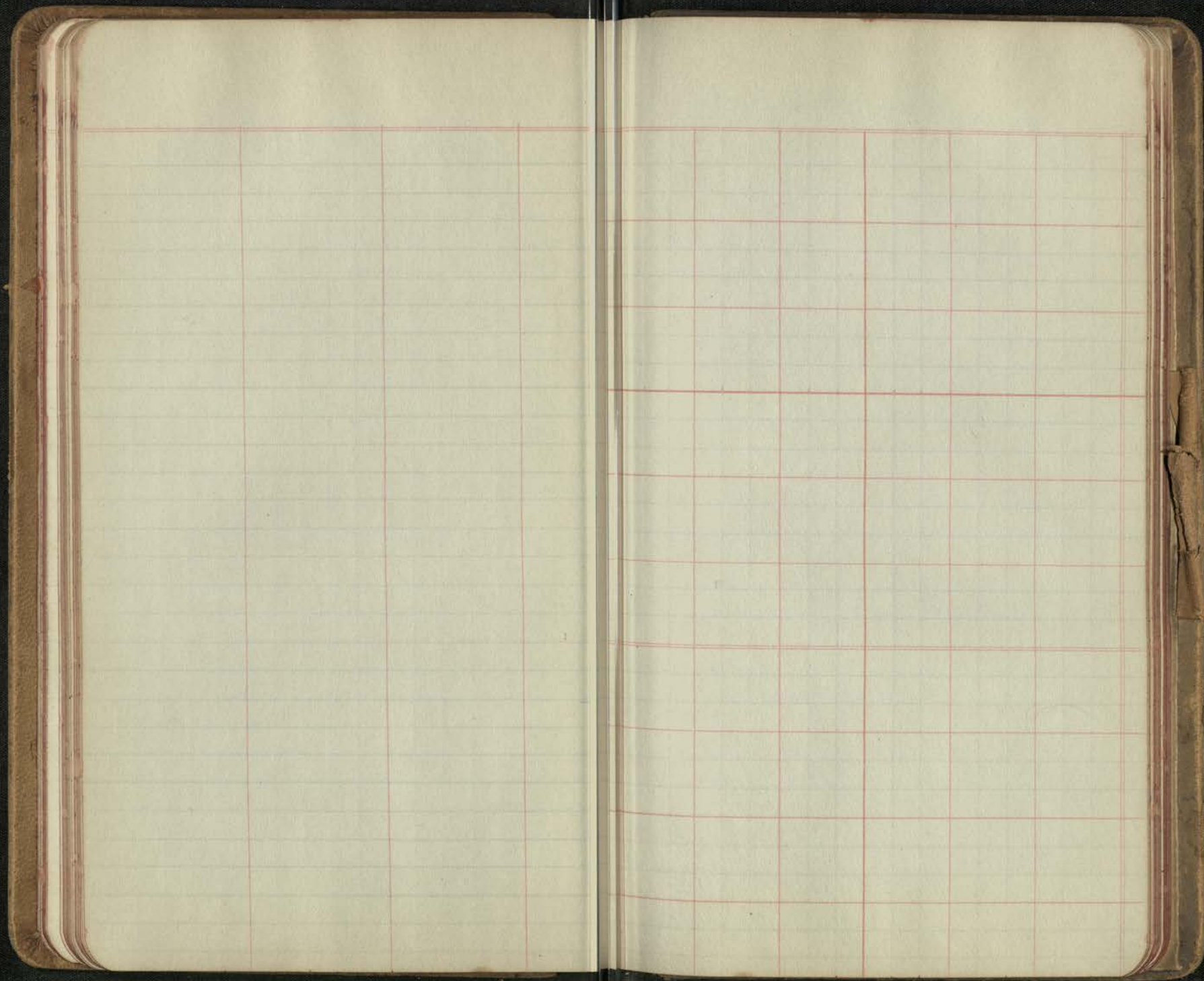


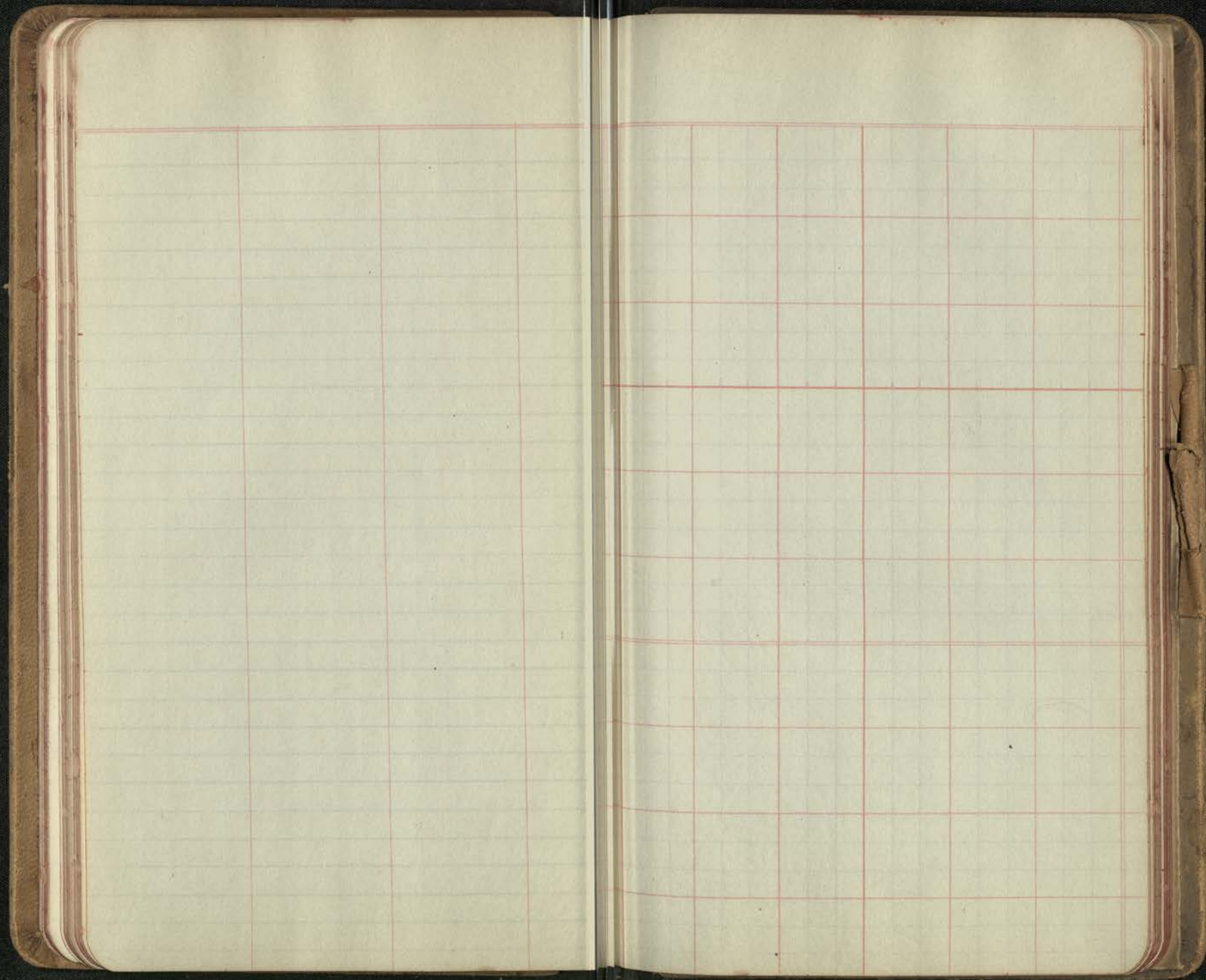


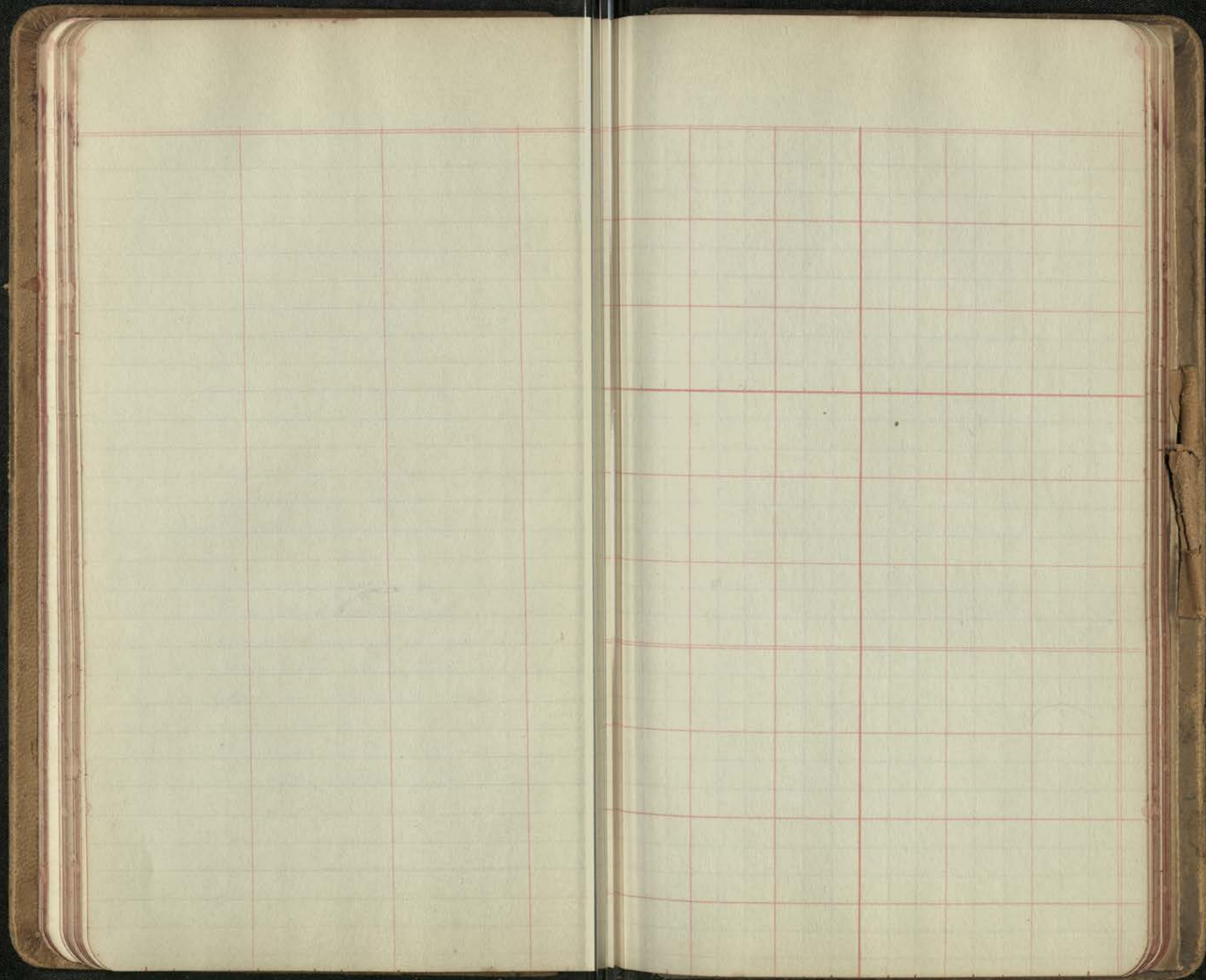


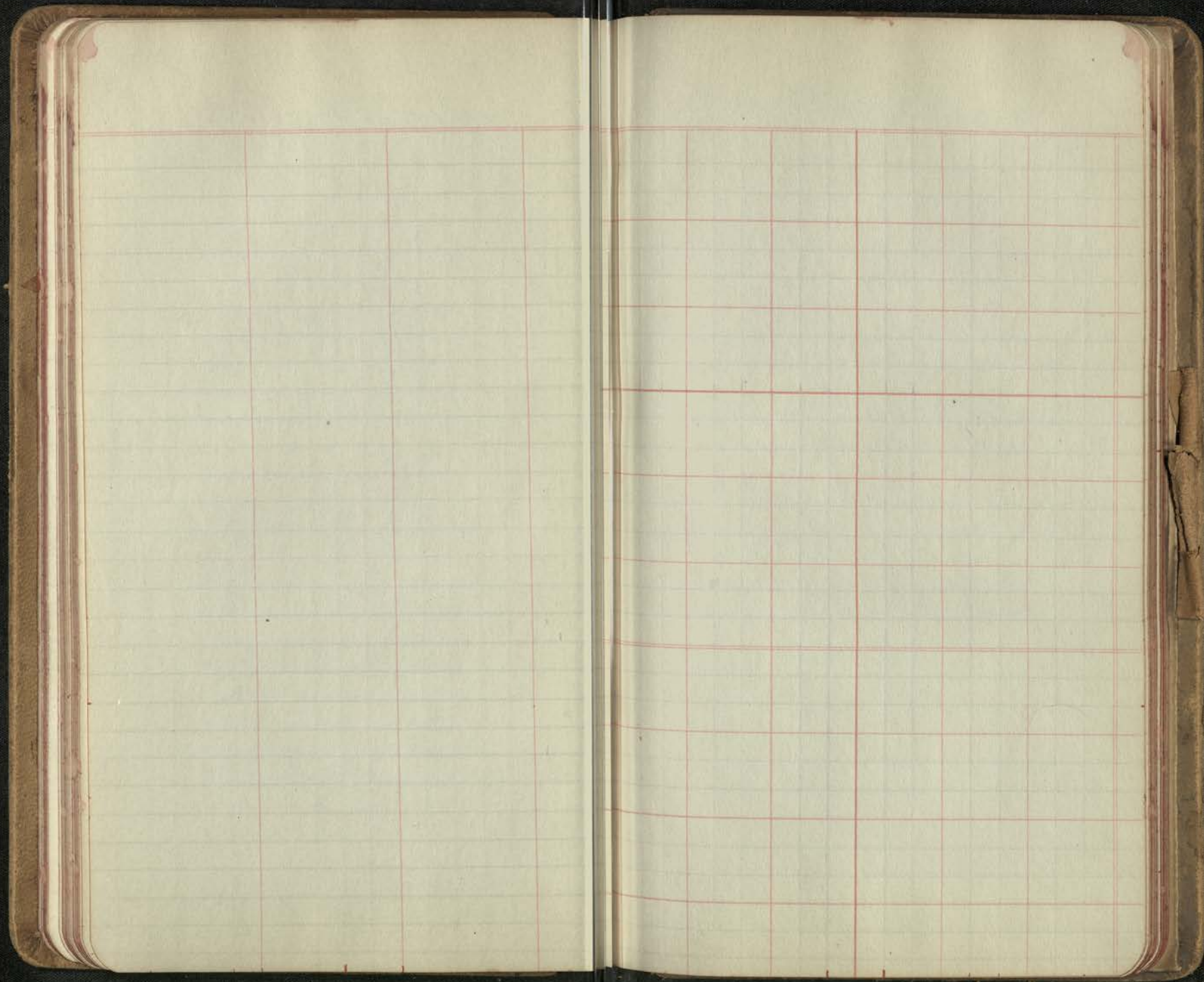


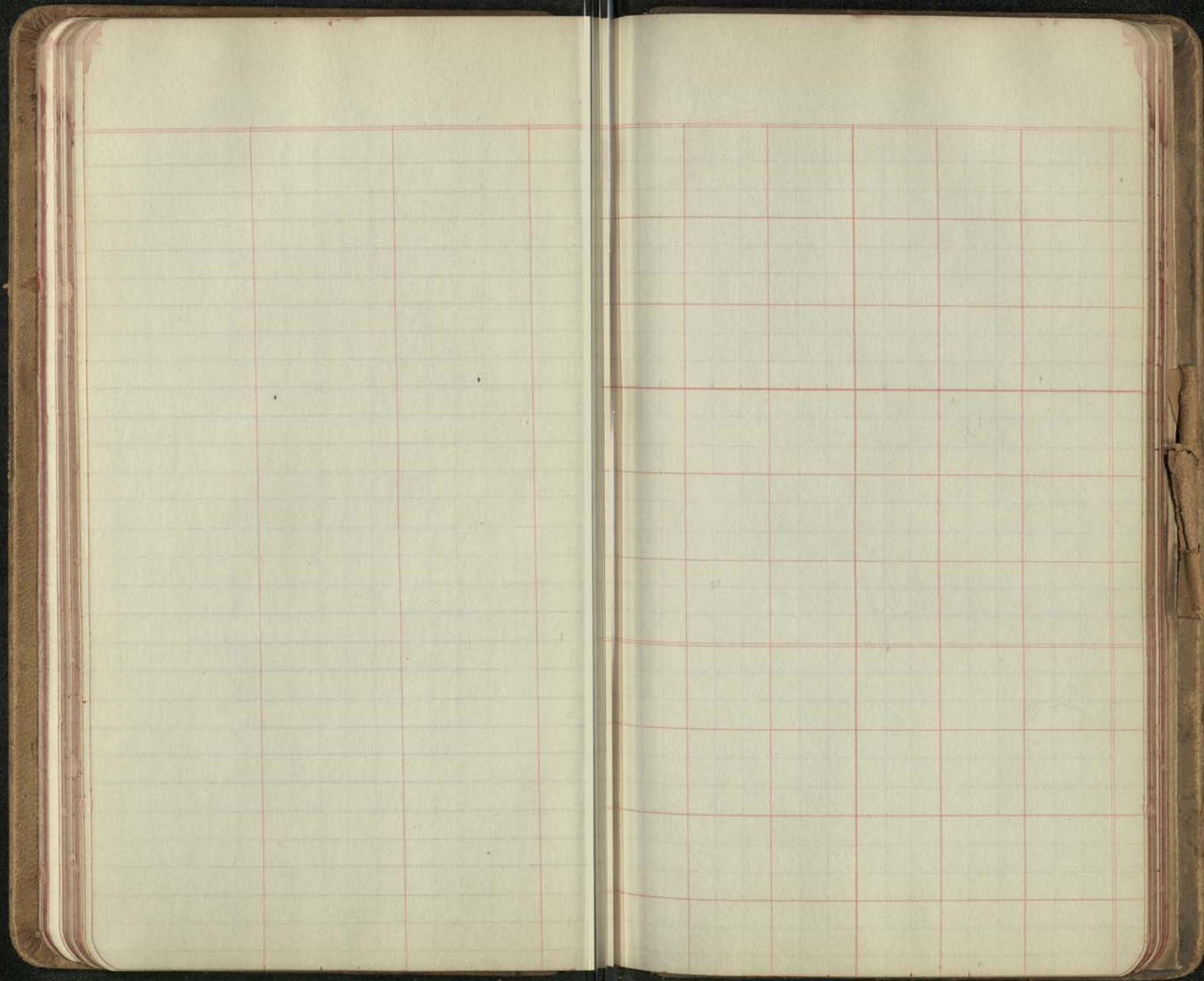


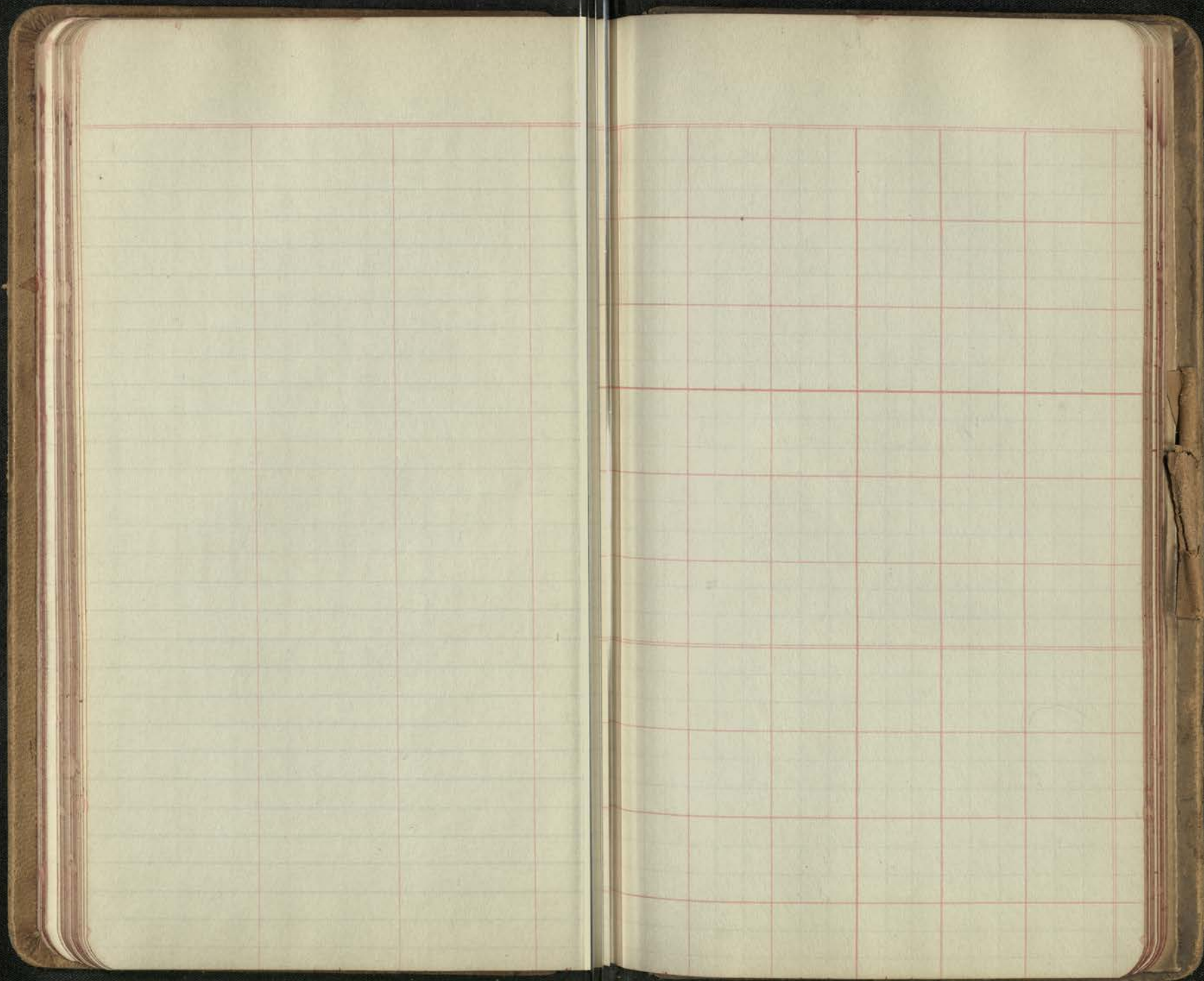


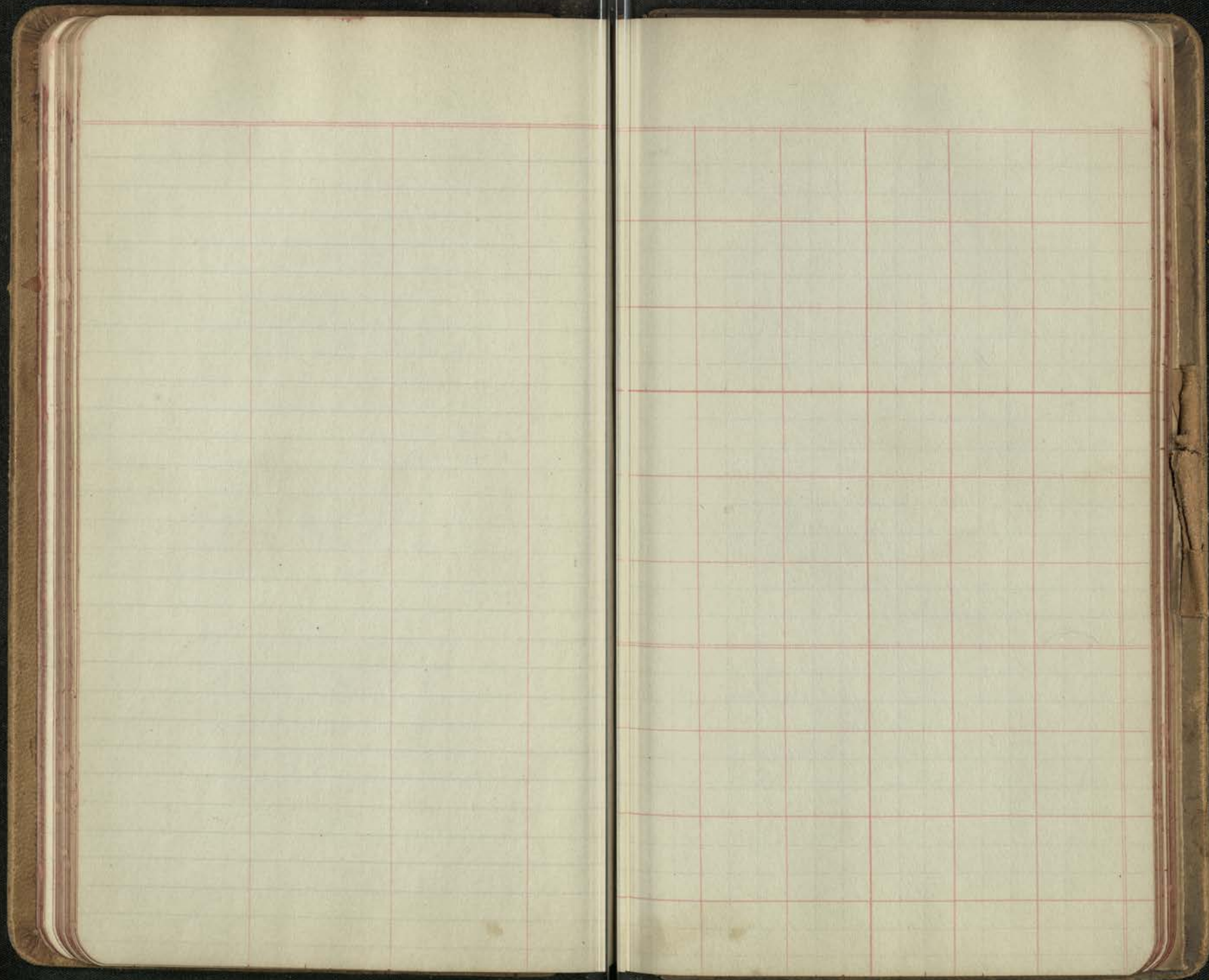


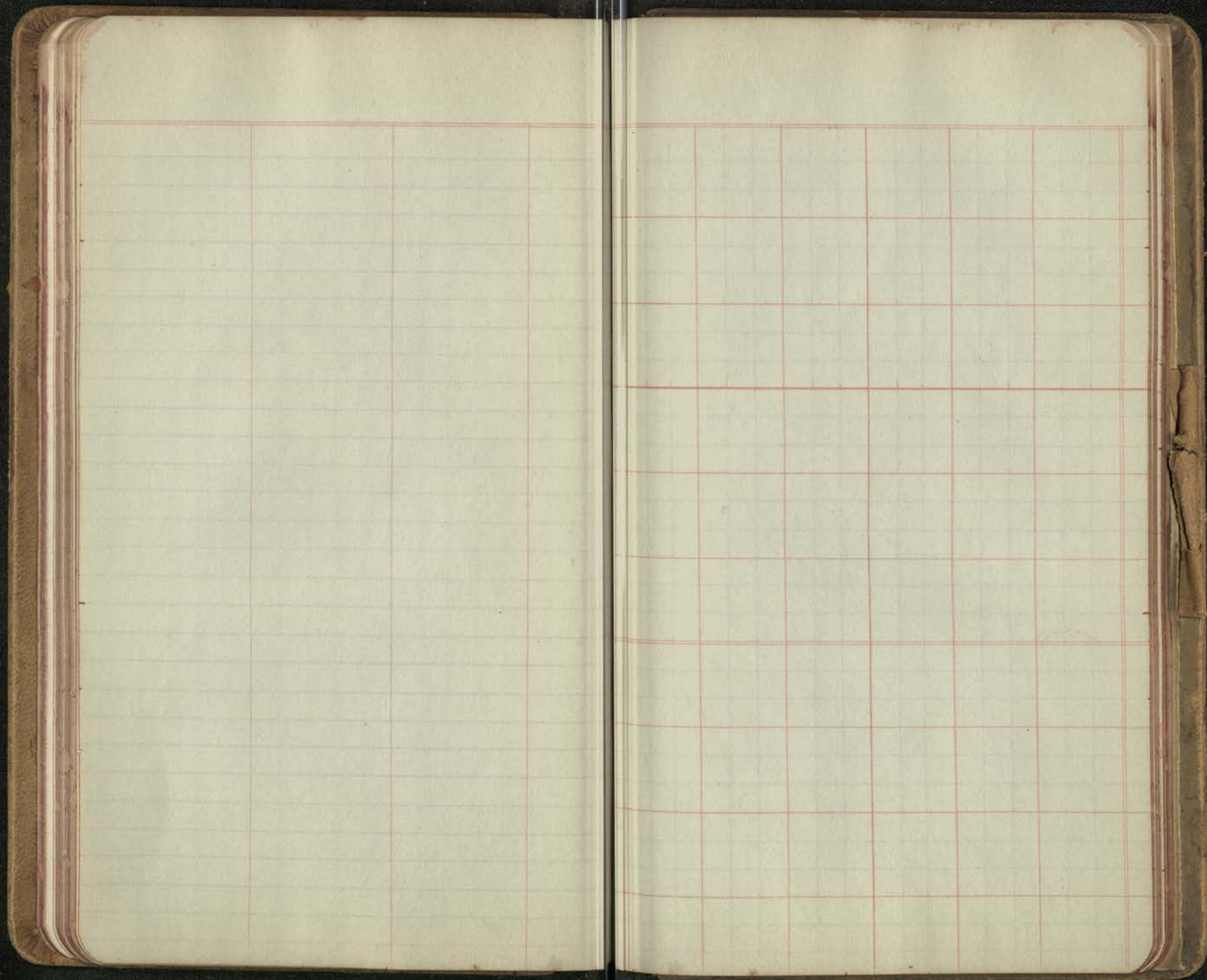


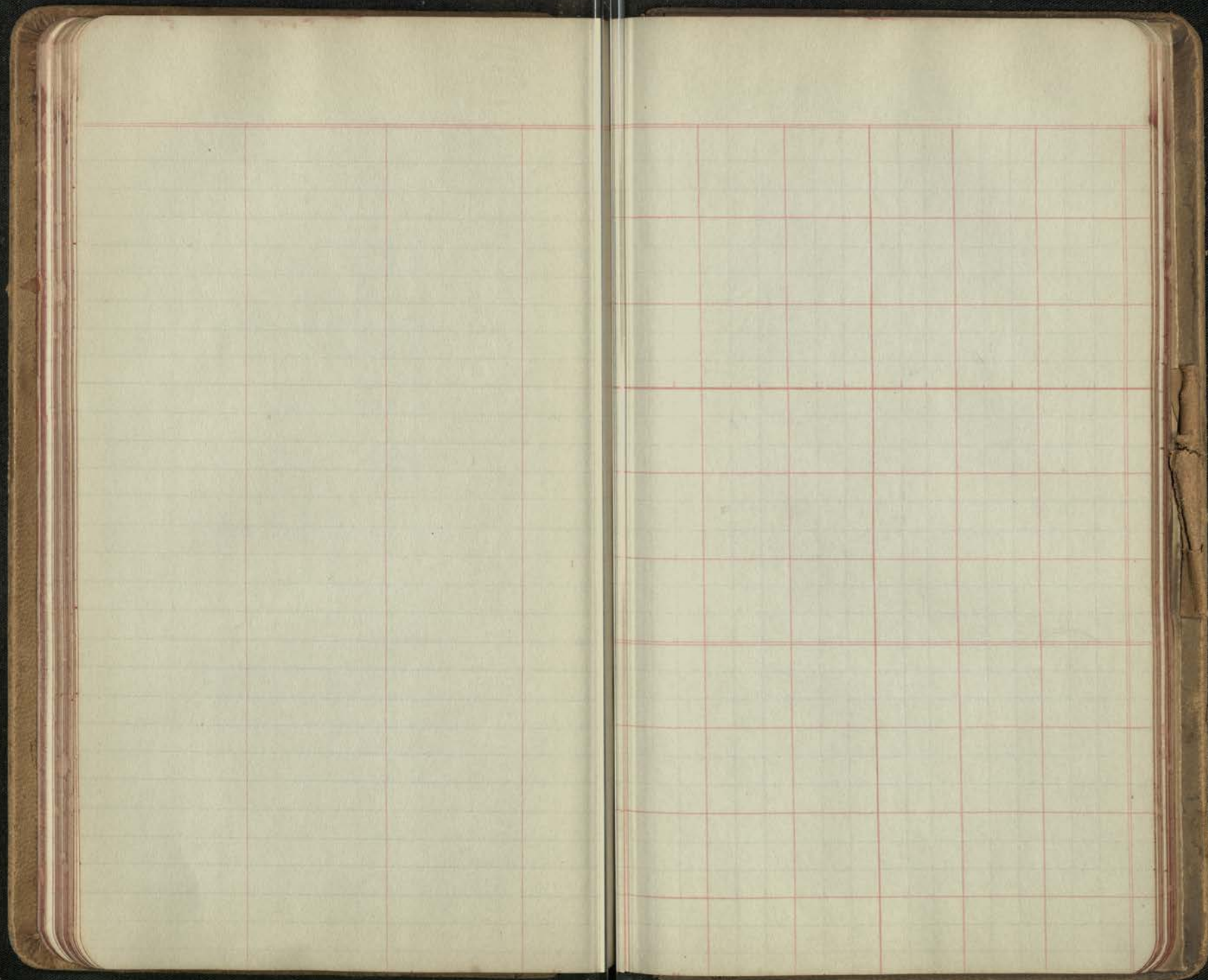


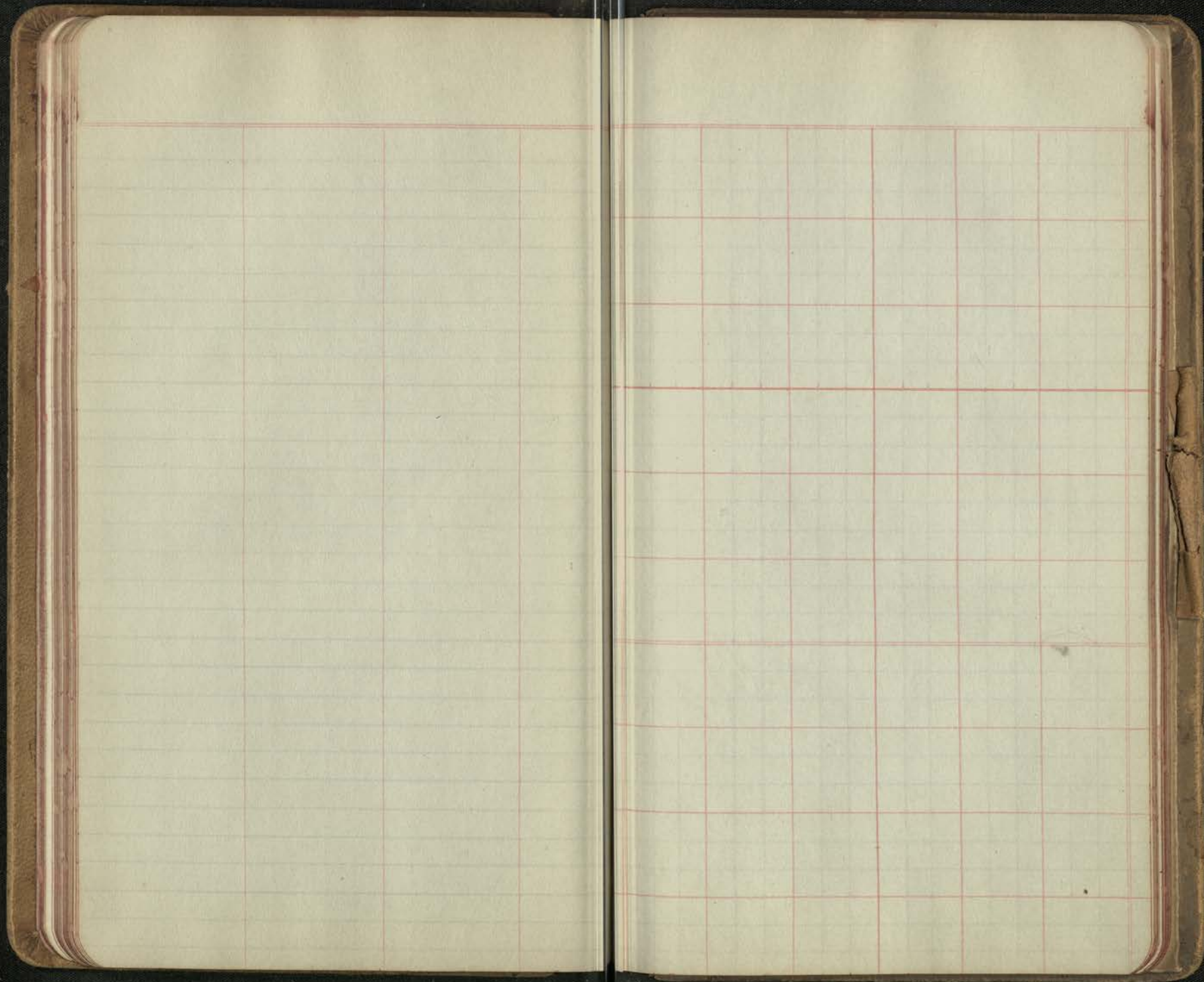


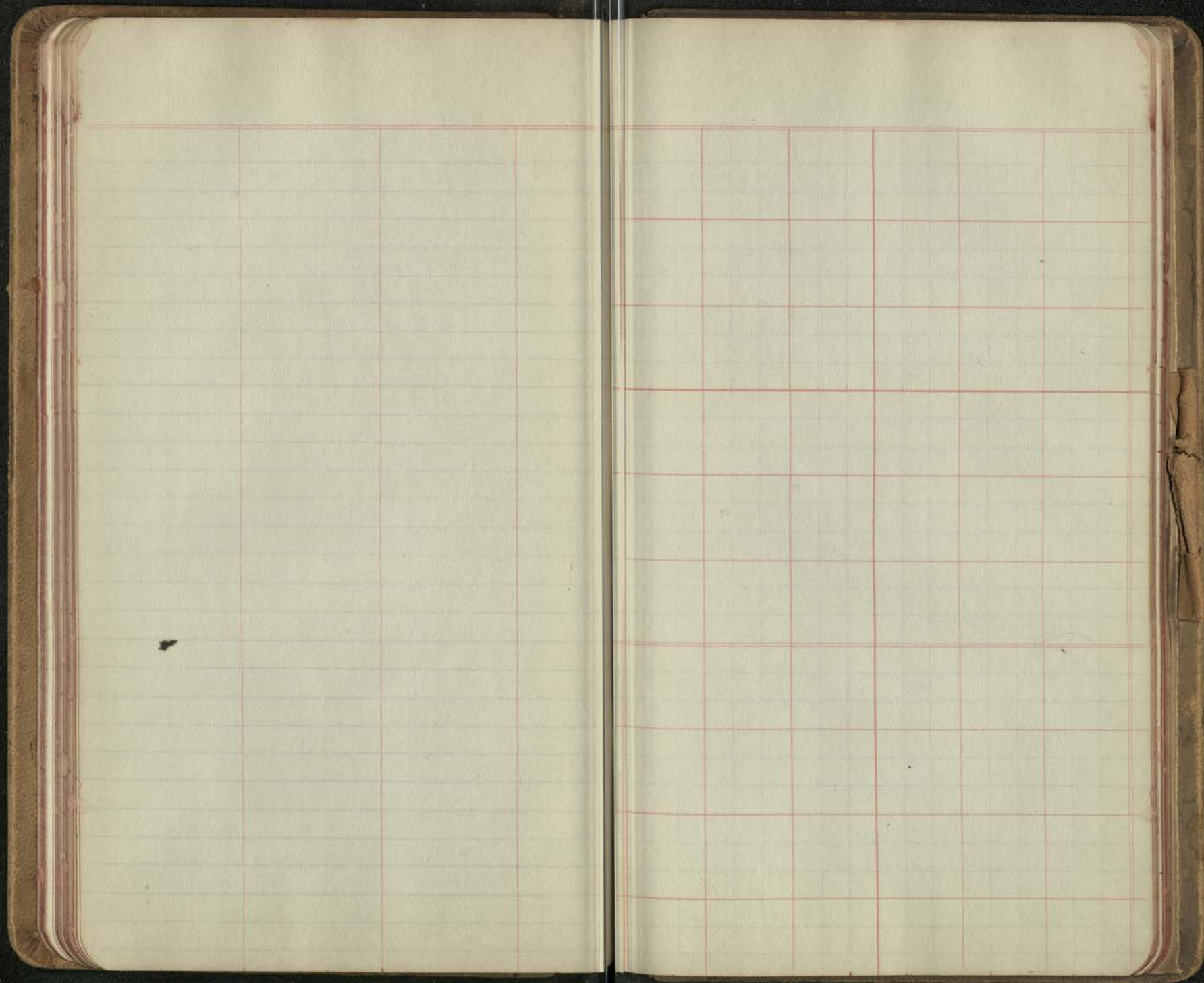


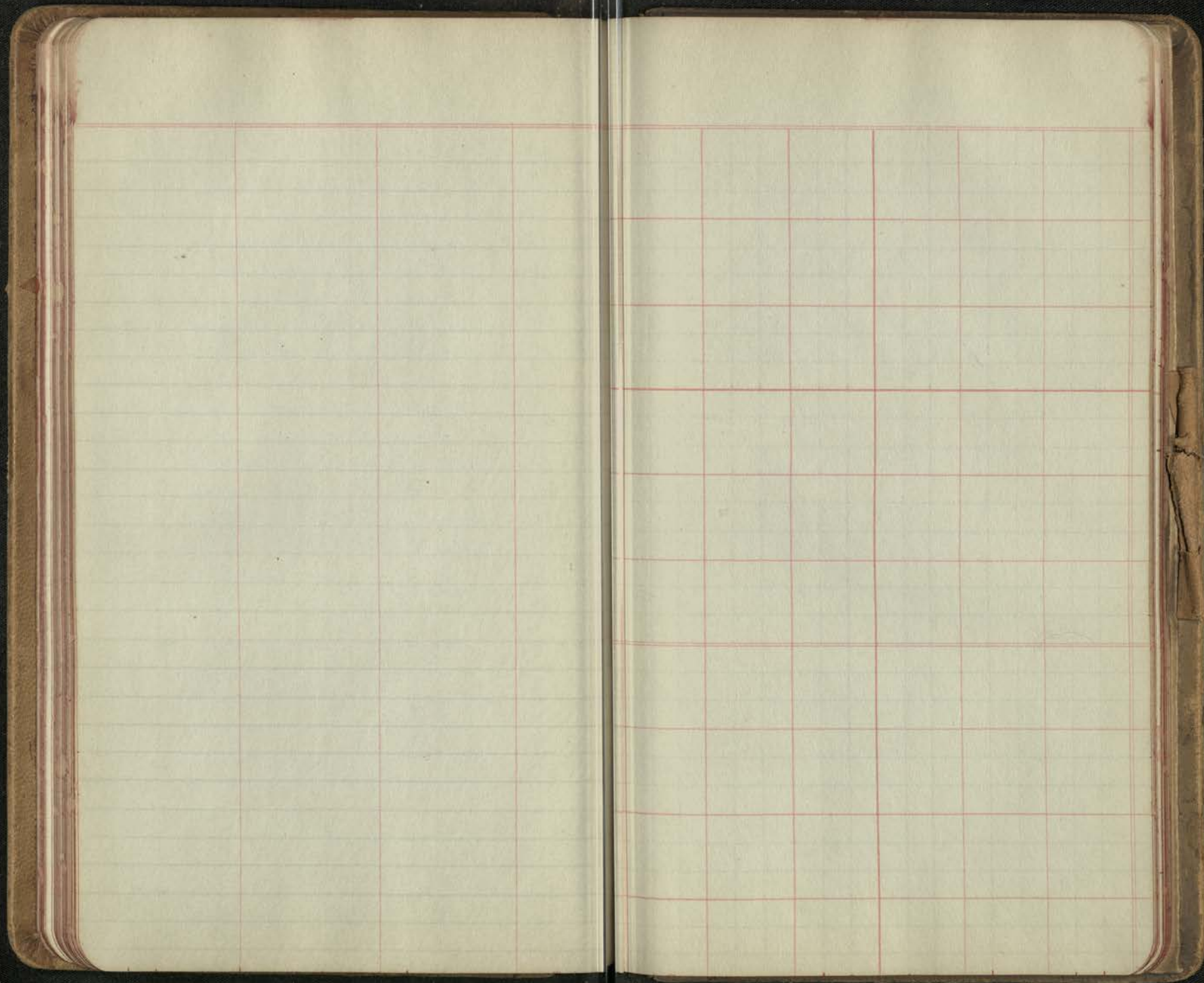


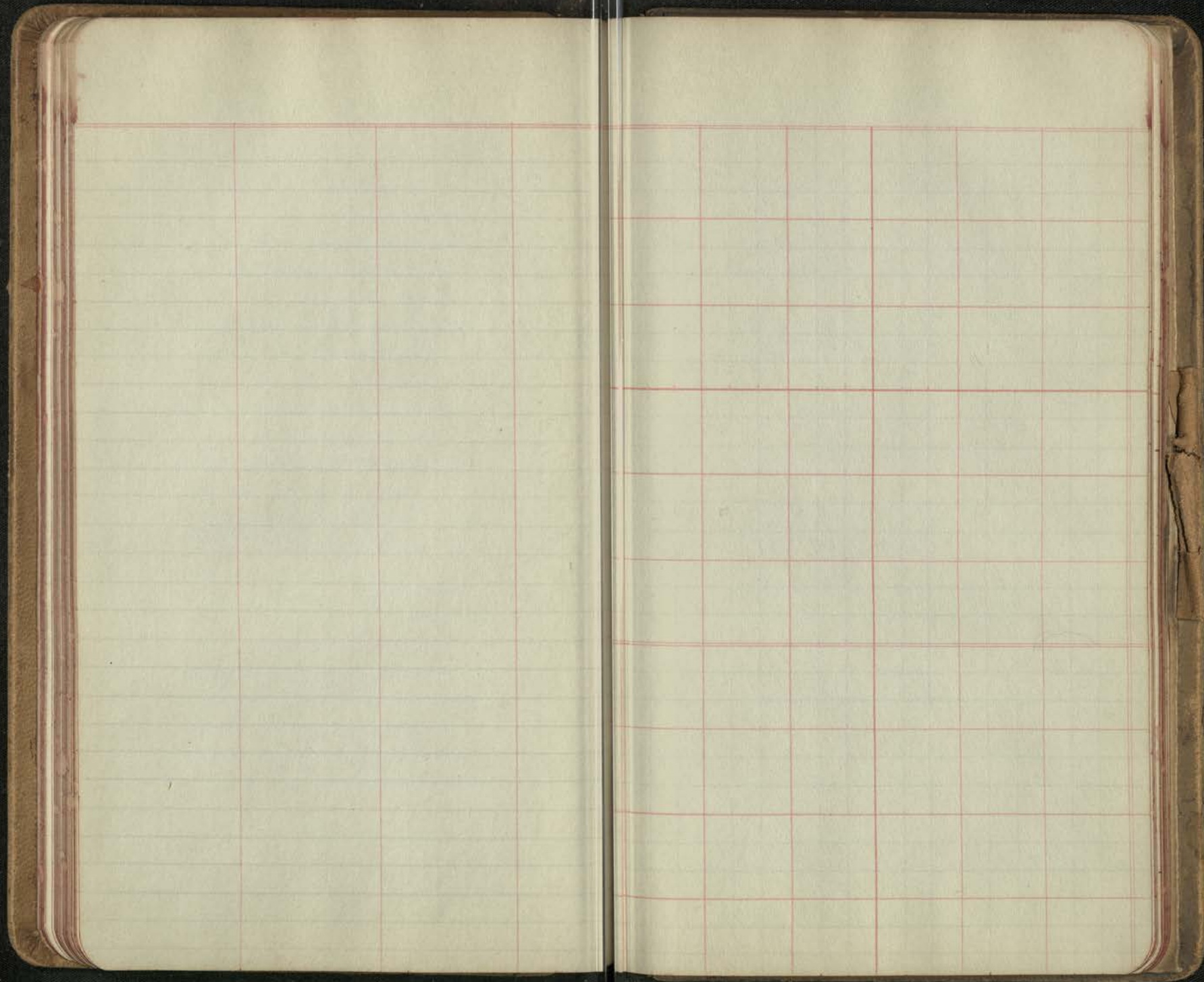


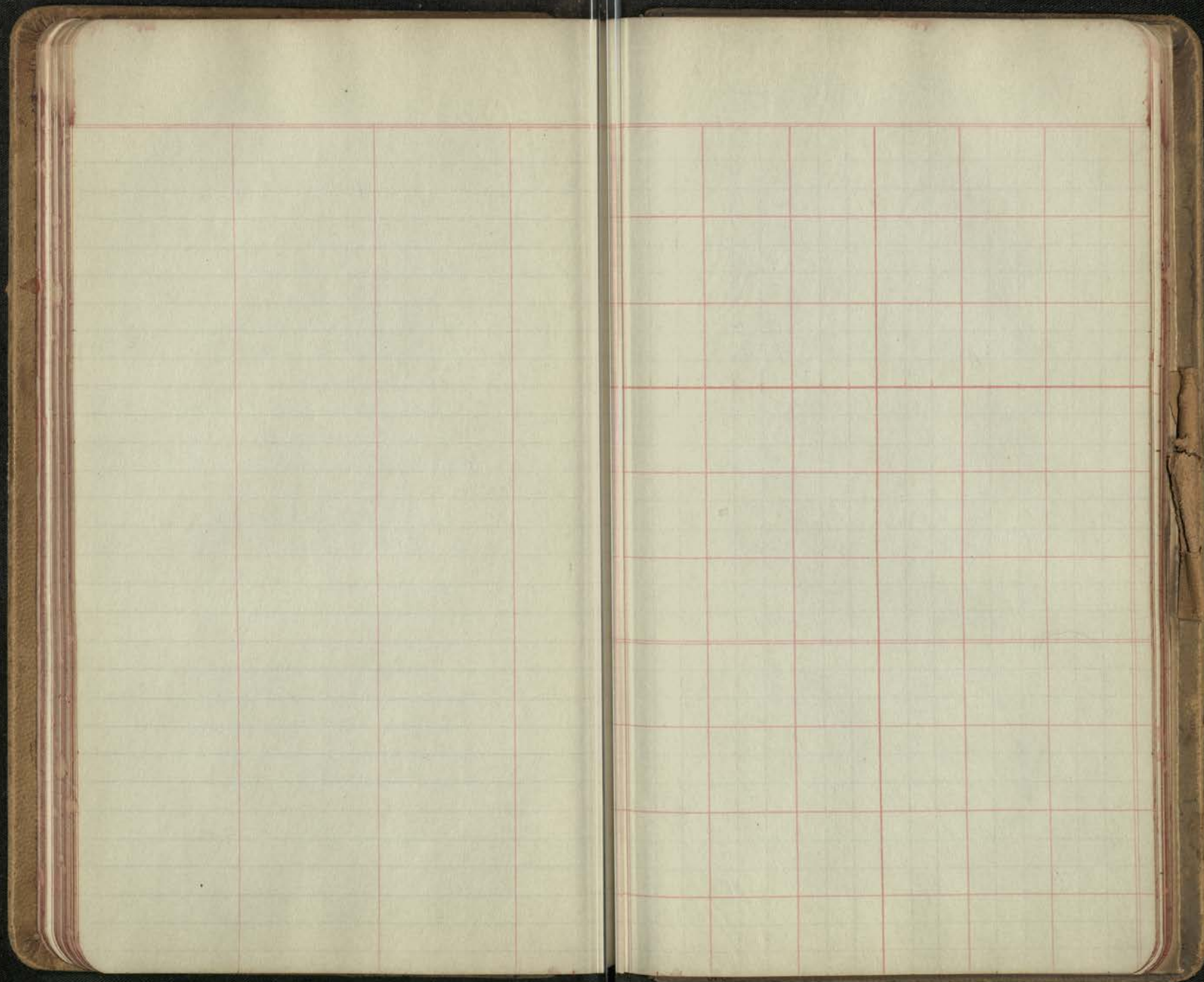


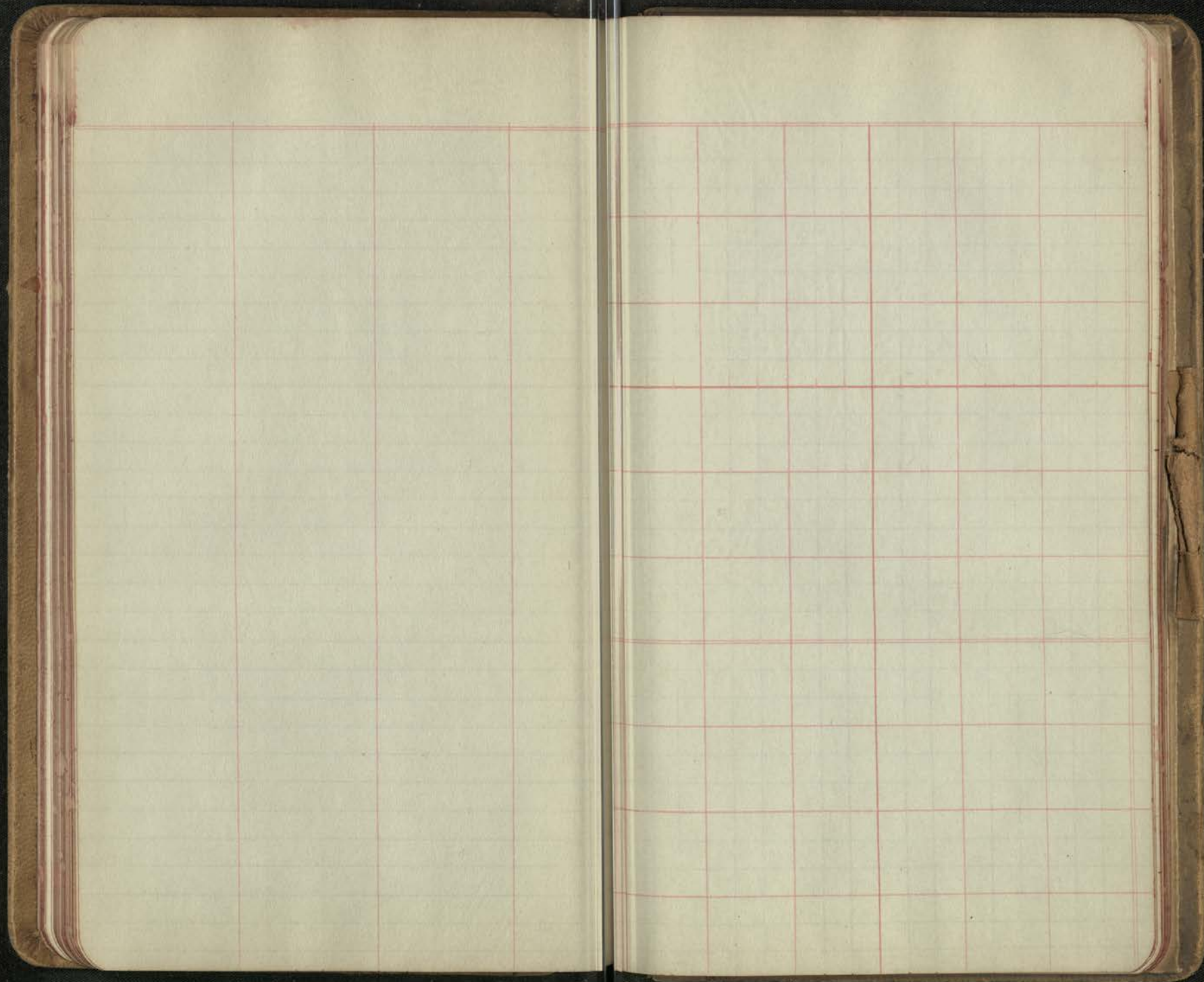


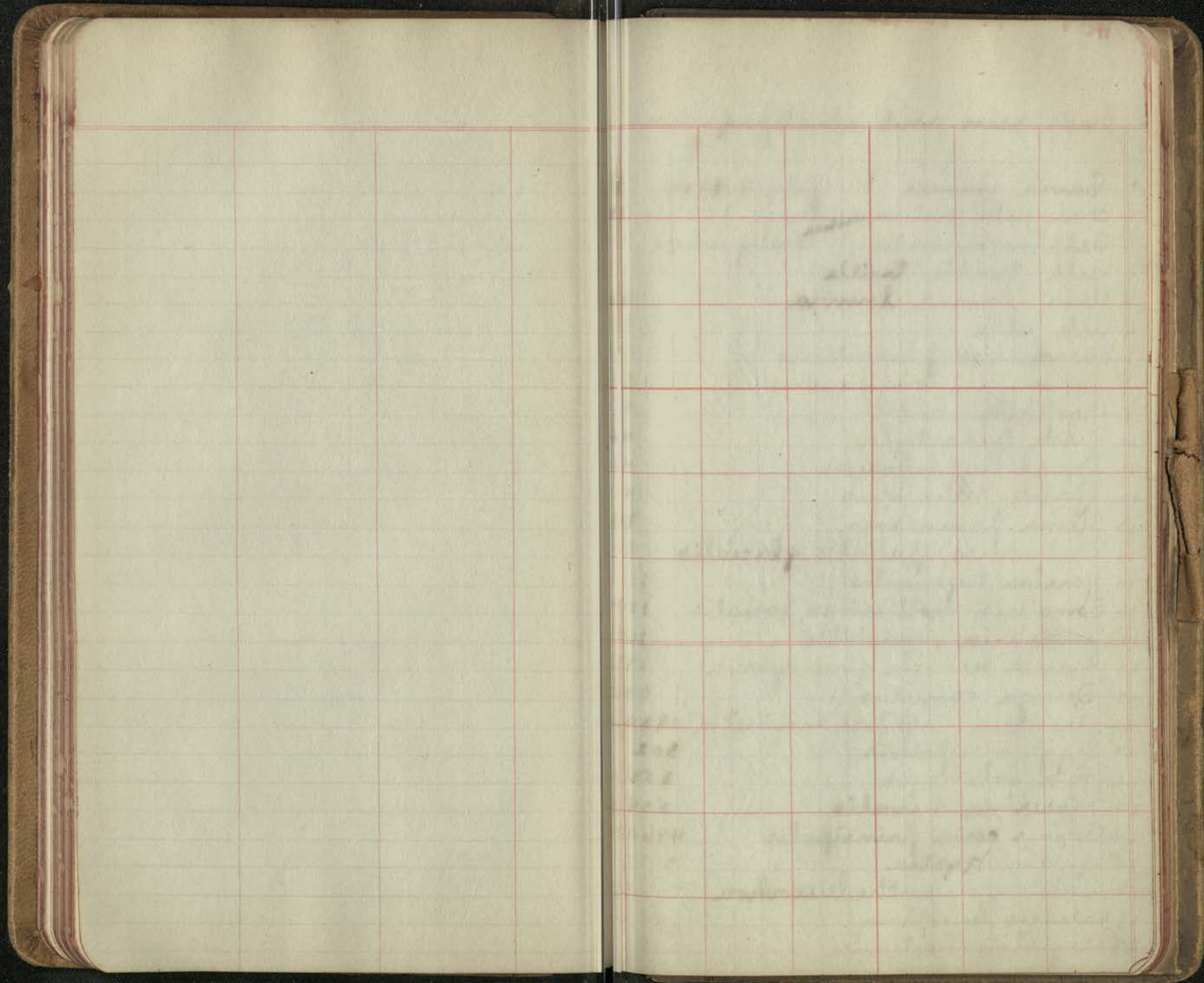






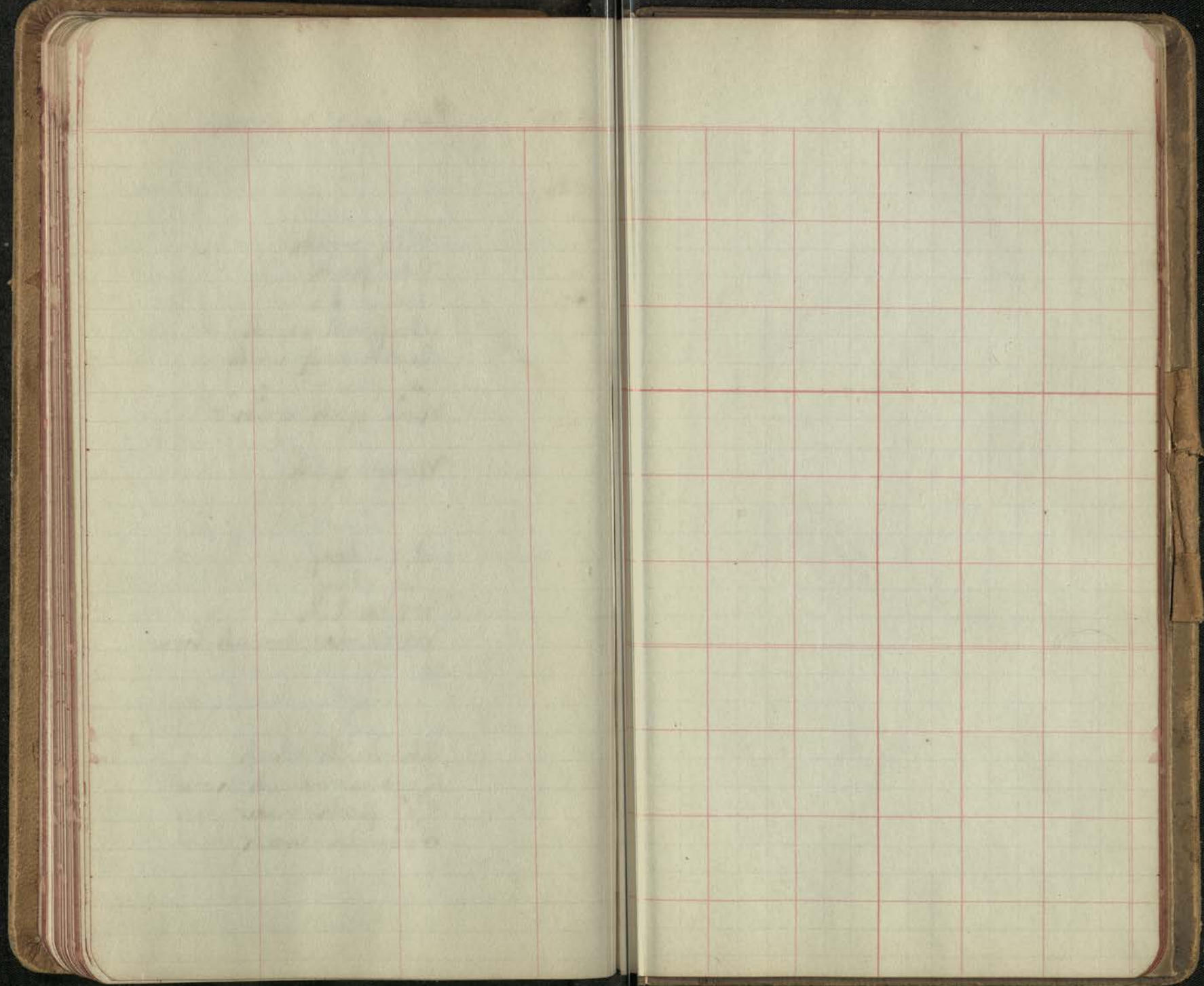


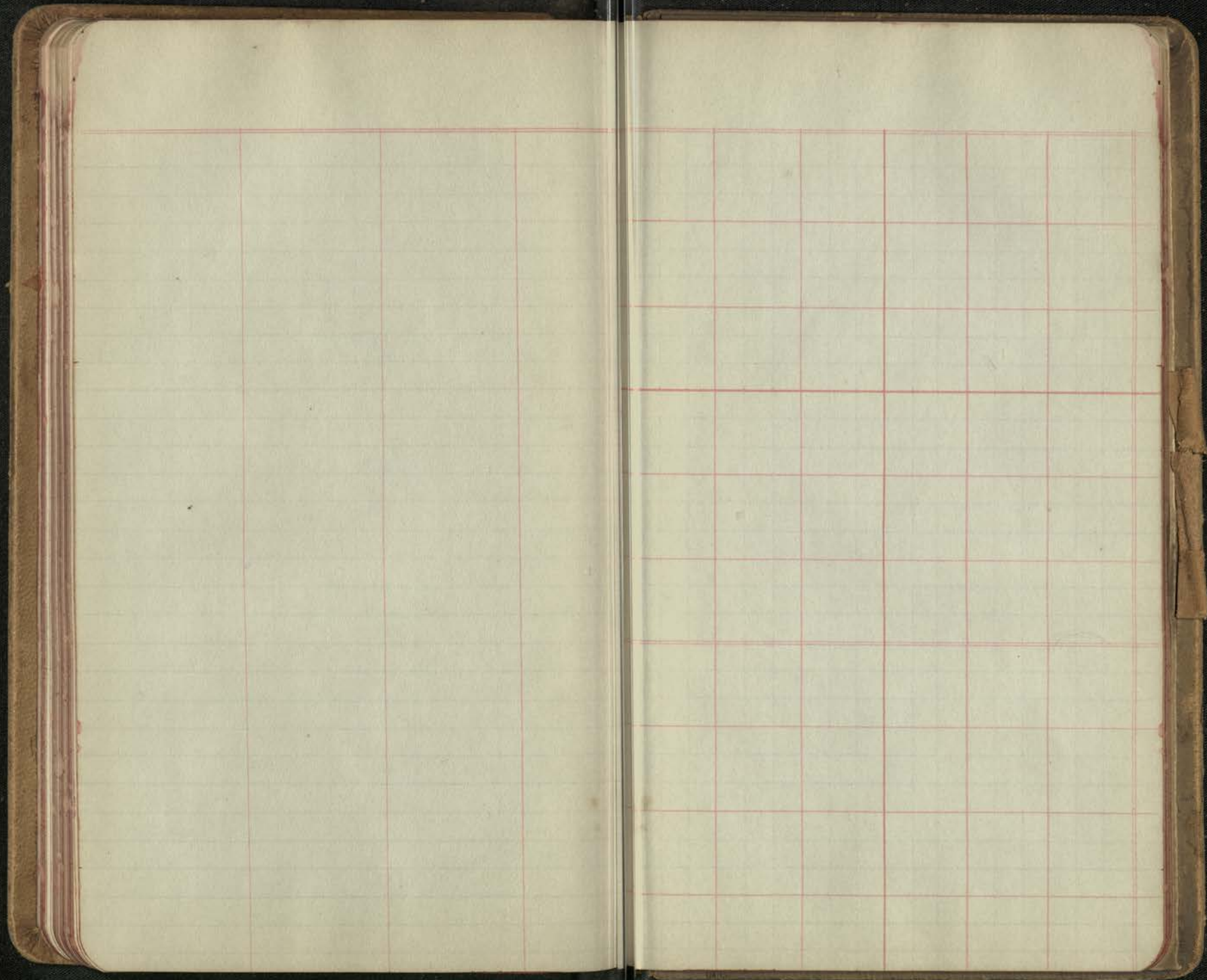


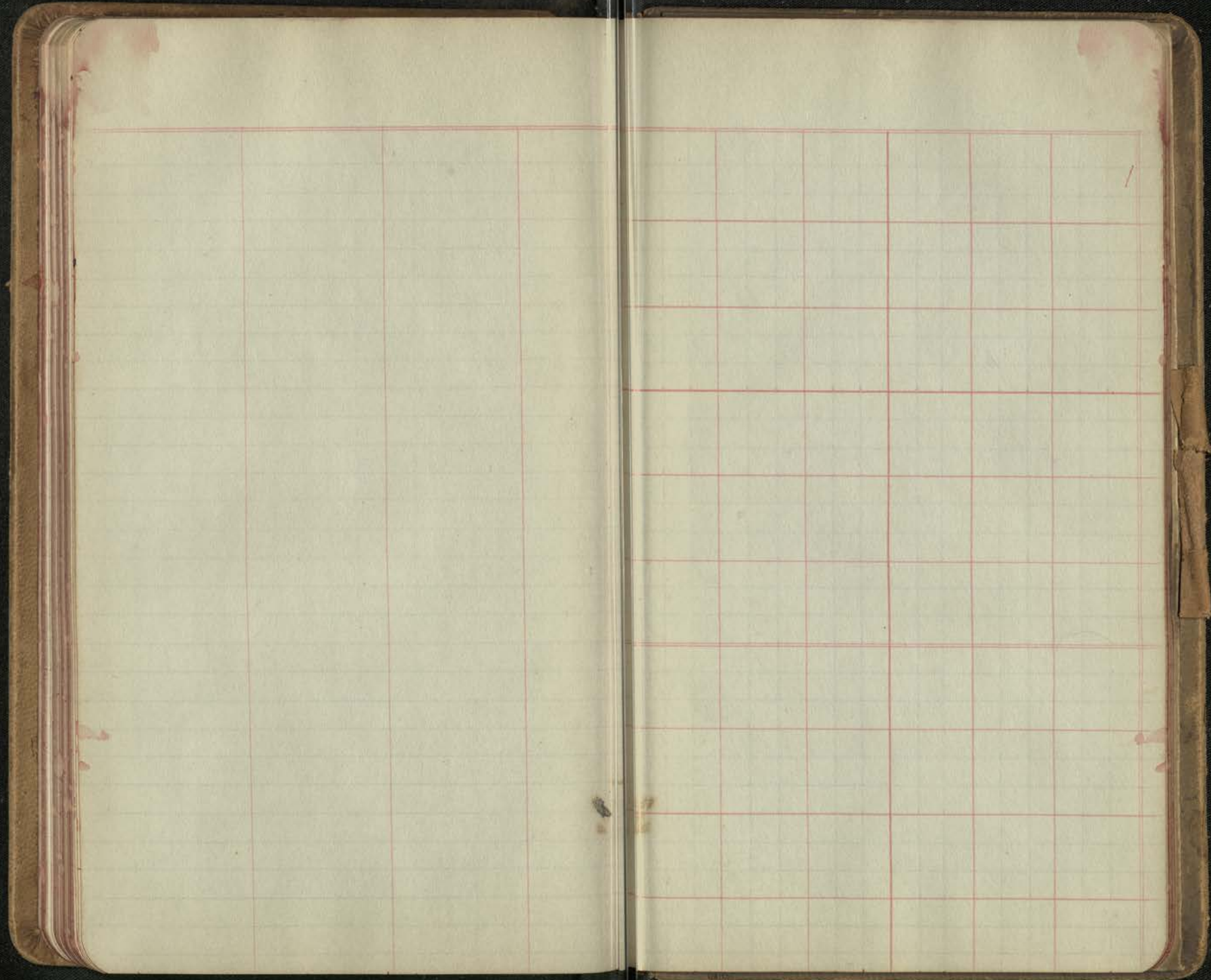


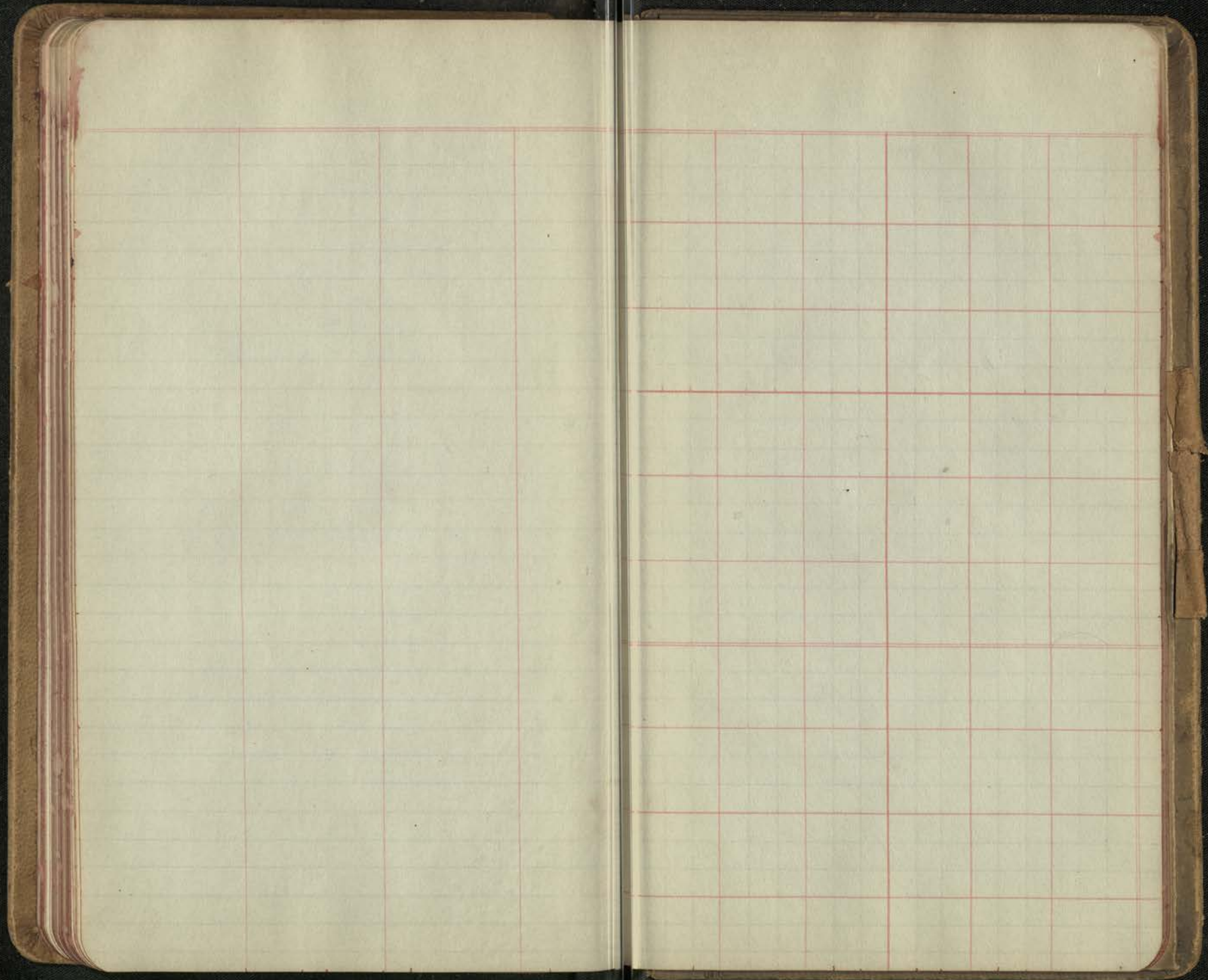
Birds seen and identified north of 76° Eskimo name

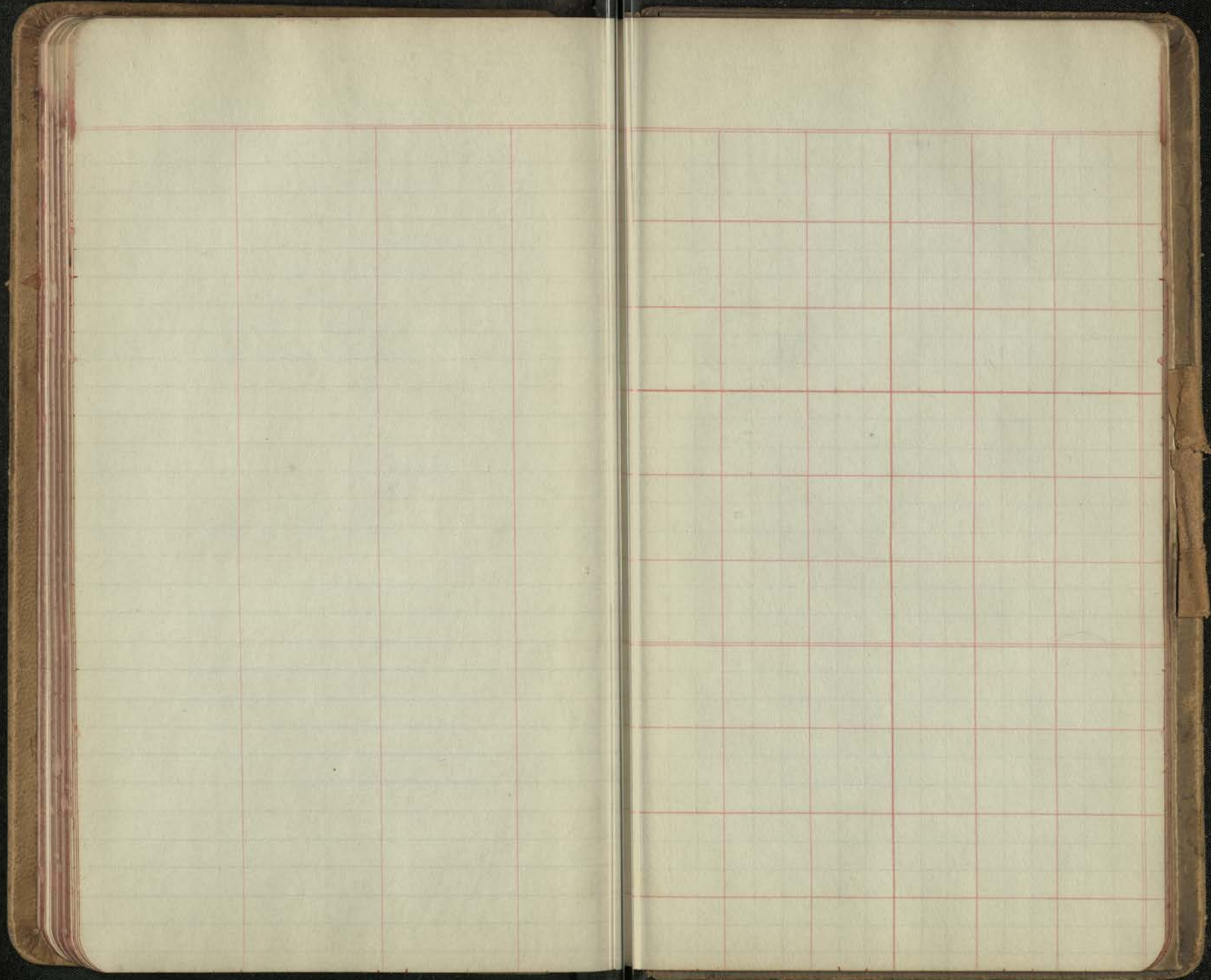
1	<i>Savia immer</i> ?	July 7, 1914	7	Rah
2	<i>Pratercula arctica</i> ^{arctica}	Aug. 1908	13	"
3	<i>Cephus mandtii</i>	Every where	28	"
4	<i>Uria troille troille</i>		30	"
5	<i>Uria lomvia lomvia</i>		31	"
6	<i>Alle alle</i>		34	"
7	<i>Stercorarius parasiticus</i>		37	Ak-hood-ee-ak
8	" <i>longicaudus</i>		38	Ee-shung-wah
9	<i>Pagophila alba</i>		39	"
10	<i>Rissa tridactyla</i>		40	Nou-yah-wah-o
11	<i>Larus hyperboreus</i>		42	"
12	<i>Larus marinus</i>		47	Now-yah
13	<i>Sterna paradisaea</i>		71	
14	<i>Fulmarus glacialis glacialis</i>		86	Uq-ley
15	<i>Harelda hyemalis</i>		154	Uq-ley
16	<i>Somateria mollissima borealis</i>		159	Mee-tik
17	<i>Somateria spectabilis</i>		162	Mee-tee-we-ah-how
18	<i>Branta bernicla glaucogaster</i>		173	
19	<i>Tringa canutus</i>		234	
20	<i>Arenaria interpres morinella</i>		283a	
21	<i>Lagopus rupestris</i>		302	Ah-huk-shah
22	<i>Falco islandus</i>		353	Ke-she-we-ah-how
23	<i>Passerina nivalis</i>		534	Ko-fah-new
24	<i>Corvus corax principalis</i>		486a	Too-da-wah
25	<i>Nyctea Nyctea</i>		376	
26	<i>Saxicola oenanthe leucorhoa</i>		765a	
27	<i>Calidris leucophaea</i>		248	
28	<i>Oegialitis hiaticula</i>		275	

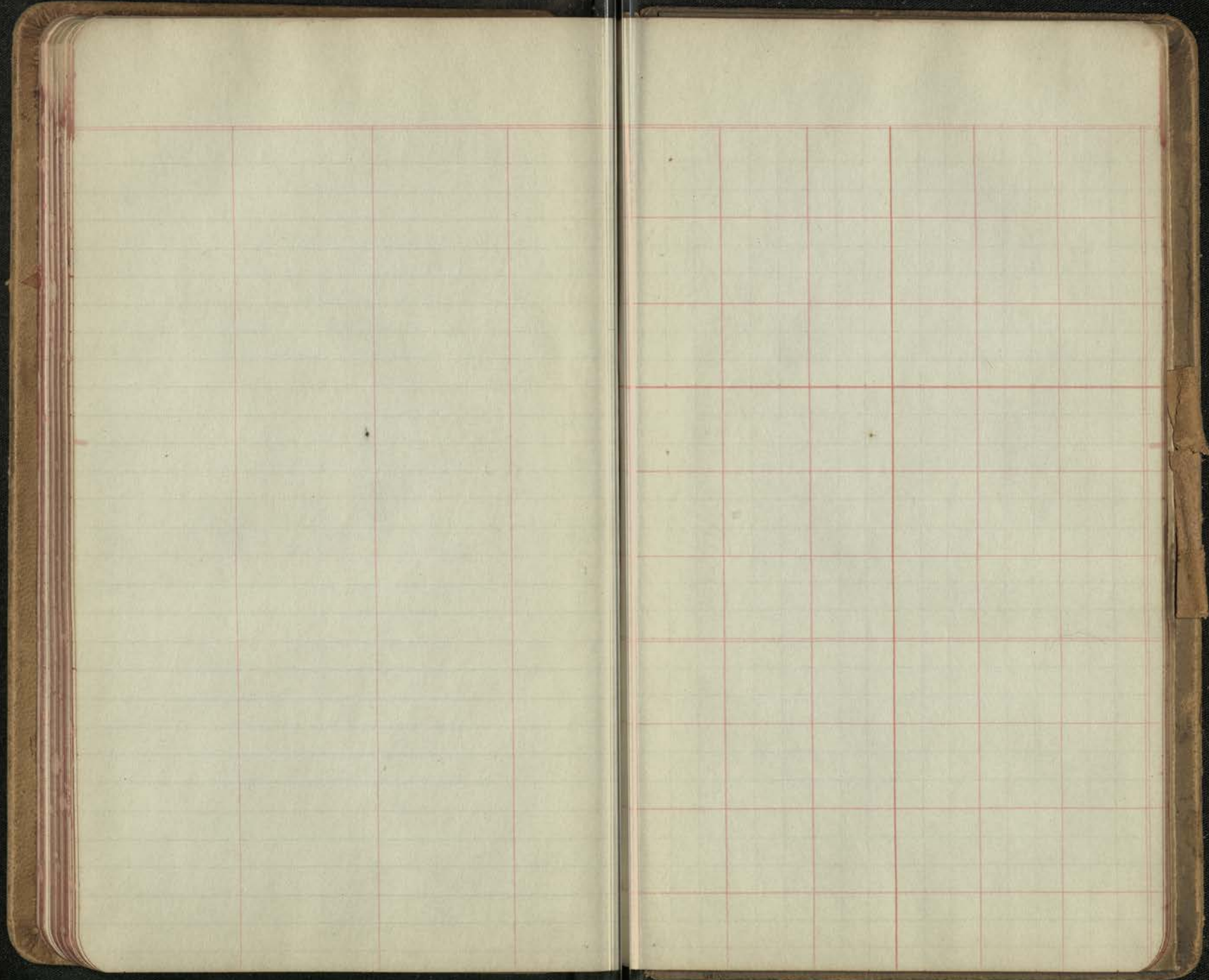


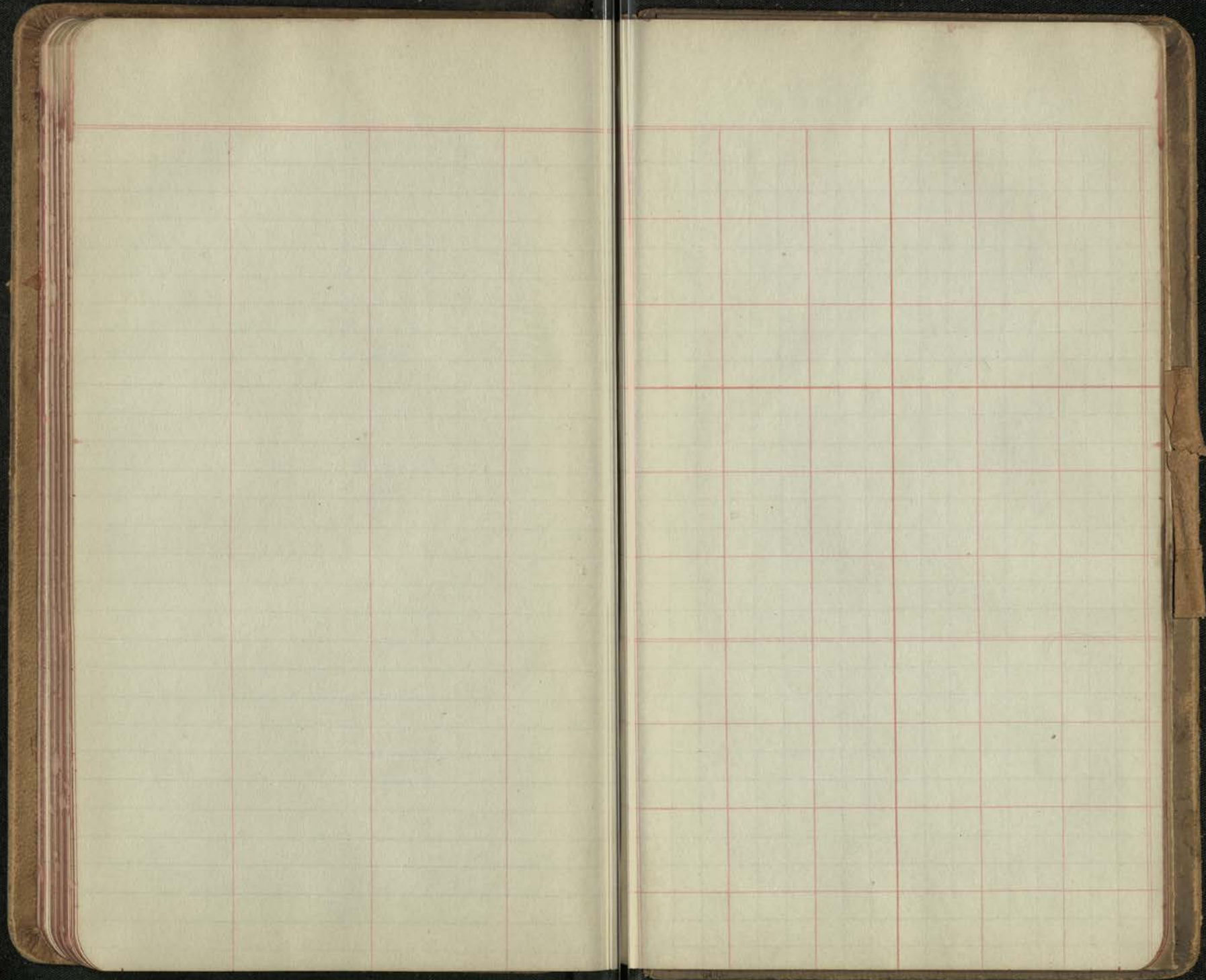


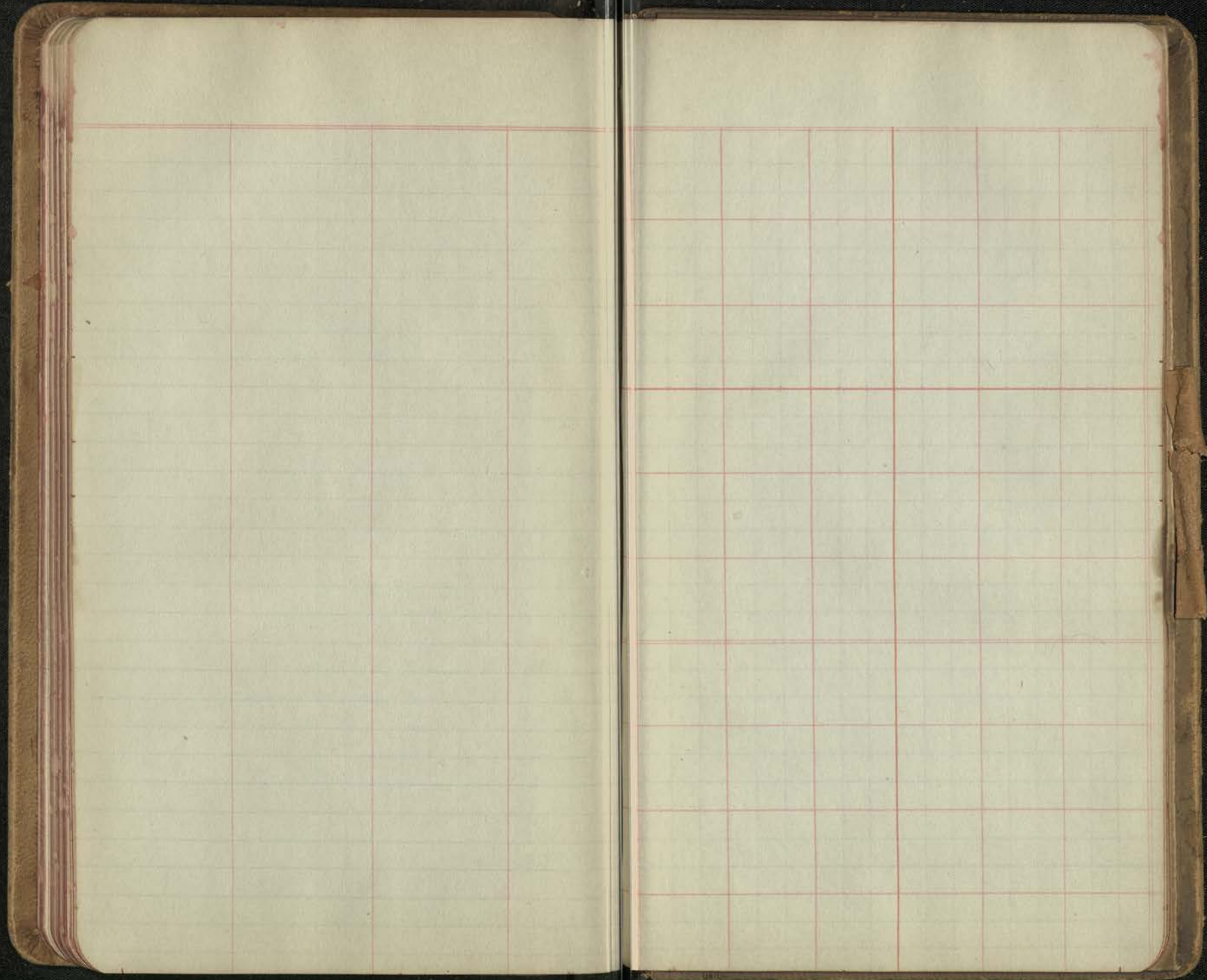


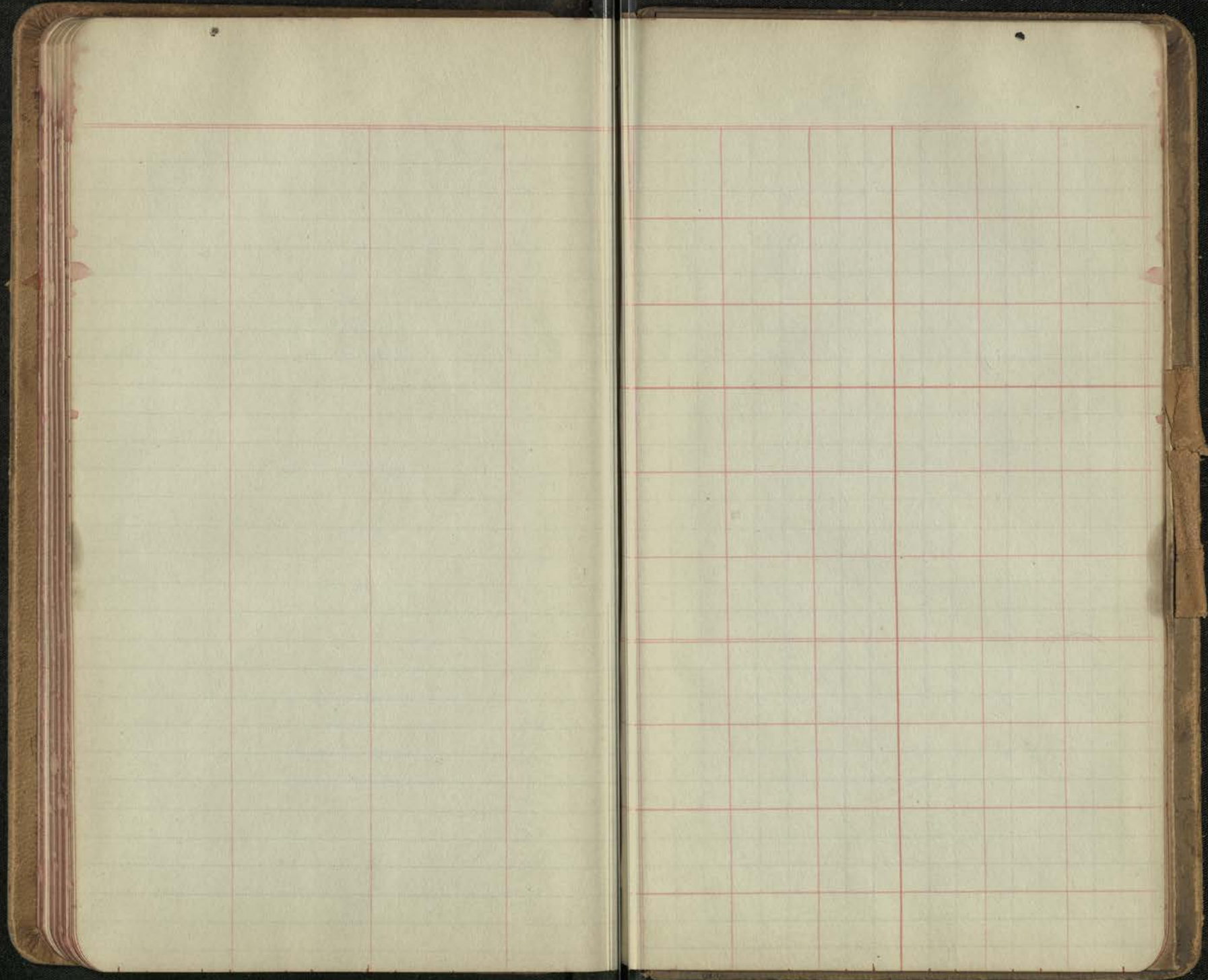


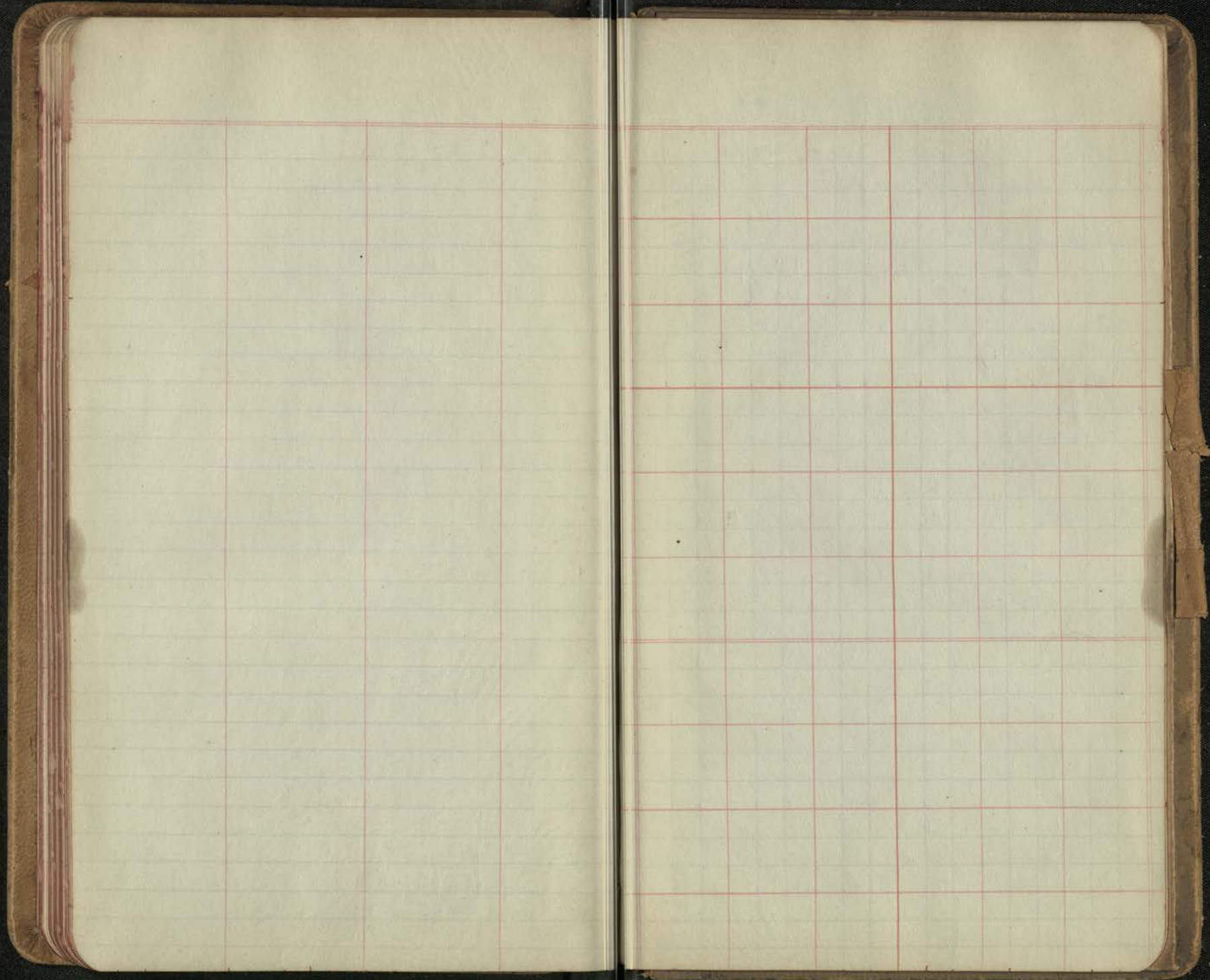












Trout caught in Alida
Lake, Idaho and at
mouth of river

Largest length $28\frac{3}{4}$ in
Cir $10\frac{3}{4}$ "

Cir. head $10\frac{1}{2}$

2 dorsal fins

5 ventral

Tail slightly forked

White-silvery spots along side.

Breadth of tail $6\frac{1}{4}$ in

Weight 5 lbs

all are alike in color with
slight difference in shade of
back varying from dark brown
or green, ^{back} with sharply defined
or pale whitish spots along
sides and silvery white belly.

Flesh red before and
after cooking

The boys found them
laying in bottom of river,
very sluggish acting very
much as eels do at home
in spring. They can be caught
by attaching large hook to pole
using it as a hook.

First fish caught on
July 3rd.

Trout July 5-

17 in all

5 in net

Come going down stream
and come up

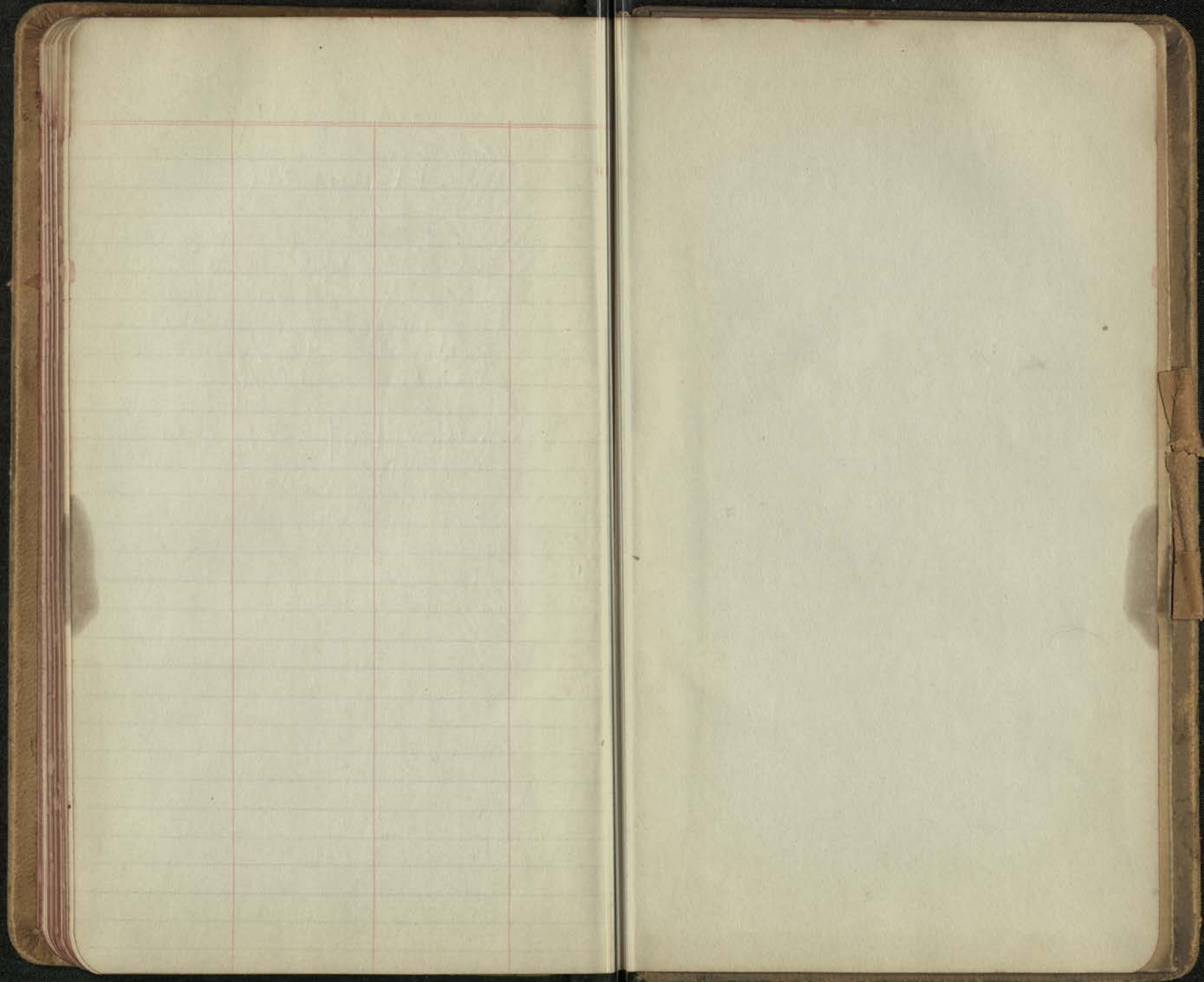
Largest $4\frac{3}{4}$ lbs

Length 28 inches

Cir. $10\frac{3}{4}$

head $10\frac{1}{4}$

Breadth of tail 6 inches



Two - a tick - tick

←

AM 67.114 a

