Jacksonville, St. Augustine & Halifax River Railway Co.

PRESIDENT'S OFFICE.

New York, Men. 20'91.

General C. H. Howard,

Chicago, Ill.

My Dear Sir:-

Your favor of the 11th inst. reached me yesterday.

I have consulted Sup't Crawford and Mr. Jarvis in regard to the matter about which you write, and find the situation as follows:-- San mater

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Above is a rough drawing of the relative properties. a design for a road was made by the road markers from San Mateo to the Five Mile Post, which as you will see, would bring the station in the swamp. Mrs. Thigpen objected to going through the swamp to reach the station, and has fenced in that part of her property through which the proposed road was to run, and refuses to remove the fence unless damages are paid. After a number of meetings by the citizens, the following compromise has been suggested, to wit:-- that the station be located either midway between the Five Mile Post and where Mrs. Thigpen wanted it, or on the line of intersection of the old line of R.R. with the present line. Mrs. Thigpen is willing that this should be done, and says that the station may be located midway or nearer the Five Mile Post if necessary. The point of intersection is about

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C. H. H. # 2 20-3-91.

300 ft. from the Five Mile Post.

It is my desire to harmonize as far as possible, any and all conflicting interests.

A station located at the Five Mile Post would involve considerably more expense to the R.R.Co. in filling up the low ground for depot purposes, and would also cost the County more to build the proposed road through the swamp.

The point where the old and new line intersects is fairly high ground.

It is my desire to meet this matter in a way most satisfactory to the largest number of persons interested. A number of the signers of the petition to have the station located at the Five Mile Post are willing to agree to the compromise; a meeting of the citizens will be held on the first Tuesday in April to decide the question.

A new wiew of the case now presents itself.

A few days since,

I met by appointment, three gentlemen from San Mateo, who would like very

much that we should change the line of our railroad to take in San Mateo.

Our interview was entirely informal, and neither side had precise data, but

from the best information I could get, it is my opinion that a change, such

as they desire, would involve an expense of building seven to nine miles

of new railroad, which is not justified by the financial ability of the

R.R.Co. I suggested to them that possibly a spur might be

put in, running down to some central point on the table land at San Mateo,

with a "Y" at either end, so that we might run our trains into and out of

San Mateo by building, say two miles of railroad track. These gentlemen

went home to talk up the question, and I have not heard from them since.

This is an entirely new view of the matter, and one much more radical and

progressive than anything hitherto discussed with you.

Truly yours,

John Flaght Pres't.

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3/20/1891 *From:* H. M. Flagler

CHH-227 Jacksonville, St.

Augustine & Halifax River Railway Co. President's Office 26 Broadway New York, N.Y. To: General C. H. Howard

Chicago, III.

[Letterhead]
Jacksonville, St. Augustine & Halifax River Railway Co.
President's Office
26 Broadway
New York

Mch. 20 '91

General C. H. Howard Chicago, III.

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[Sketch, not included]

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Truly yours, /s/ H. M. Flagler Pres't. Gen. C. H. Howard:

My dear General:

volume of the Progressive Reading Circle Series, and am delighted with mechanically. It is in excellent taste, and the proof-reading is generally good. I doubt if you will improve any on this volume.

As I told you, I cannot agree with the author in all things-in fact he can't agree with himself always--but it is a breezy, suggestive book that will set people to thinking, and prepare the way
for a better comprehension of political and economic relations
among the people.

If I think of any one to whom it would be well to send a copy,
I will suggest the names to you.

You were quite right in your guess that I have been ill. I was bowled over in Denver by a combination of malign forces, shipped back home, (fortunately not in the baggage-car); just stopped in Chicago from trainto train and have not been out of the house since until today, I insisted on going to the bern despite the protests of a weeping household. I am getting out of the woods now and beginning to work again with some pleasure.

The daughter went on to California -- a little lonesome, no doubt but is having a good time. I think Mrs T. was almost glad I was ill as it brought me home where she was homesick enough. The rest of the family are well, and it is quite possible that we may try it again after a month or so. I trust you are all well and that the book and the Progressive Readings will boom even beyond your expec-

tations. By the way, permit me to congratulate you on the libel suit. It ought to be of positive value to you. I am almost sorry I am not living in Chicago so as to take part in it. I don't know what you said about the man, but it would take a good deal to be libelous. Remember us to Mrs Howard, and believe me, Yours very truly, The state of the to the outton . I display the the are of our total to and the a meter of ted this has the de so so the party of

1/13/1892 *From:* A. W. Tourgee *To:* Gen. C. H. Howard CHH-228 Mayville, N.Y.

DICTATED

Mayville, N.Y. Jan. 13th 1892.

Gen. C. H. Howard:

My dear General:

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Remember us to Mrs Howard, and believe me,

Yours very truly,

A.W. Tourgee

[Albion Winegar Tourgee, civil rights activist, lawyer, judge, novelist and diplomat.]

United States Senate,

WASHINGTON, D. C. July 11, 1892.

Charles H. Howard, Esq.,

Editor, "Farm, Field & Stockman," Chicago, Ills.

1 1 4 1 1 5 1 1 6 1 1 7 1 1 1

Dear Sir:

Your favor of the 7th instant has been received and noted. The Senate adjourned Saturday evening with the World's Fair provision of the sundry civil bill under consideration, involving the appropriation, the Sunday closing, and everything else best pertaining thereto. It is a very serious question as to what is to be done. I think the probabilities are the Senate will favor a Sunday-closing clause. I have felt that way myself, and shall probably vote that way, but the more the subject is considered the more doubtful I am whether the matter for the time being ought not to be left to the discretion of the World's Fair Commission, to be acted upon in October when the Board shall meet. The Board consists of two members from each State and Territory in the Union, numbering about 100 or 106, and they are, so far as my knowledge goes, all sober, upright people, and I should say most of them are Christian people, and in view of the fact that such a body of men

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United States Senate,

WASHINGTON, D. C.

have the power of approval or disapproval of the action of the local Board, it is a question whether or not the subject ought not to be left to them for disposition at that time, subject to legislation on the general question next winter in case they do not do what will be approved by the general sense of right among the people after they shall have taken action. It is a pretty serious responsibility for me to do what seems to be protested against by a majority of the people of Cook County on that subject. Only this morning I have received a petition signed by probably 1,500 or 2,000 citizens of Chicago, many of them judges of courts, and four or five hundred lawyers, and many others whose names I recognize as those of worthy citizens. In view of this situation I confess I would rather leave the matter, if it should be regarded as fair and right, to the final action of the Board, and if they do not do right in the premises, legislate upon it afterwards. However, as the Senate will act before you receive this letter, it is not worth while for me to discuss the subject at length. I believe in the churches and I believe in the Christian Sabbath, and yet I feel sometimes that there are two sides to the proposition- whether that Exposition shall be absolutely closed by law, or whether the Commission shall not have

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United States Senate,

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WASHINGTON, D. C.

opening the Art Gallery, and providing for church service, sacred music, etc., in the pavilion every Sunday. I have a pretty strong feeling that such a course would probably be of benefit to the people and to the country rather than an injury.

I write this letter frankly and freely, but not for publication.

Truly yours,

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7/11/1892

CHH-229

From: Senator M. Cullom

United States Senate Washington, D.C.

To: Charles H. Howard, Esq.

Editor, "Farm, Field & Stockman," Chicago, Ills.

[Letterhead] United States Senate Washington, D.C.

July 11, 1892

Charles H. Howard, Esq. Editor, "Farm, Field & Stockman," Chicago, Ills.

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I write this letter frankly and freely, but not for publication.

Truly yours, /s/ M. Cullom [Shelby Moore Cullom. Senator from Illinois 1883-1913]

I thenk in this way that a much more satisfactory program can be gotteroup and better proparatum made for the Con. gres that if an allempt should be made to draw a completed one up hastily and publish the list oppeakers and to sies right away. I have unter to Mr Love, Chain man of the Com. in seace Exhibit that he ought to make you his deputy the arrangement for the Exhibit. hope you can do it, if he asks your Lo do to, for Sam ours you will better manage is that any one else with whom I am acquainthe on thicago.

Gauss Very Incerely,

Benjamin F. Taweblood.

THE AMERICAN PEACE SOCIETY.

3 Somerset Street, Boston.

Organized 1828. Incorporated 1848.

ADVOCATE OF PEACE, MONTHLY PUBLICATION, \$1.00 A YEAR.

No. 3 SOMERSET STREET,

Bastan, Mass, U.S.A., Feb. 18, 1893.

Dear Mr Howard:

Your last letters have bern received. We have deceded to have a complete set of she Advocate from the beginning bound, or nather rebound specially for The Chicago Feace textubet . Wer shall have four years bound Logister, thus making about fifteen or system volumes. It will be a handsome half moroceo binding.

I have written to Mr Bonney That my idea about the program is this: 1. Thut the list of sulyrels for discussion, with shourder in which they are to come. should be decided on at once and printed, that they may be before the minds ofstrose interested in the subject. as an derstration of my colea, I have sent Judge Bonney a draft of a program of Lopies. I favor The selection of a few important Topics which can be well dis cussed rather than a large

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3. Let the program, both as to subjects and as to speakers, stand spen to revision until about the first of fune, by which time it ought to be completed, on nearly so.

2/18/1893 From: Benjamin F. To: Mr C. H. Howard

Trueblood

CHH-230 The American Peace

Society

3 Somerset Street Boston, Mass

[Letterhead]

The American Peace Society 3 Somerset Street, Boston.

Organized 1828. Incorporated 1848.
Robert Treat Paine President
Robert C. Winthrop Vice-President

John G. Whittier Phillips Brooks

Benjamin F. Trueblood Secy and Editor Thomas H. Russell Treasurer D. C. Heath Auditor

Advocate of Peace, Monthly Publication, \$1.00 a year

No. 3 Somerset Street.

Boston, Mass. U.S.A. Feb 18, 1893.

Dear Mr [C. H.] Howard:

Your last letters have been received. We have decided to have a complete set of the Advocate from the beginning bound, or rather rebound specially for the Chicago Peace Exhibit. We shall have four years bound together, thus making about fifteen or sixteen volumes. It will be a handsome half morocco binding.

I have written to Mr. Bonney that my idea about the program is this:

- 1. That the list of subjects for discussion, with the order in which they are to come, should be decided on at once and printed, that they may be before the minds of those interested in the subject. As an illustration of my idea, I have sent Judge Bonney a draft of a program of topics. I favor the selection of a few important topics which can be well discussed rather than a large number which can only be imperfectly treated.
- 2. That correspondence should be immediately begun with able men and women whom we wish to present papers or prepare addresses on these subjects. It will necessarily take two months or more to complete this part of the program as it should be done.
- 3. Let the program, both as to subjects and as to speakers, stand open to revision until about the first of June, by which time it ought to be completed, or nearly so. I think in this way that a much more satisfactory program can be gotten up and better preparation made for the Congress than if an attempt should be made to draw a completed one up hastily and publish the list of speakers and topics right away.

I have written to Mr Love, Chairman of the Com on Peace Exhibit, that he ought to make you his deputy in Chicago to have general charge of the arrangement for the Exhibit, purchase of furniture needed, etc. I hope you can do it, if he asks you to do so, for I am sure you will better manage it than any one else with whom I am acquainted in Chicago.

Yours Very Sincerely, Benjamin F. Trueblood estich suill culuin.

ate this seeme at.

Glicago.

Boward, and wishing
you a pleasaul-slay

in Februala. Lam

Couclially jours. Cous Dean Proctor.

Framungham Feb. 27.1893. Dear Mr. Nowaw. In response to your Tuesday's letter I send, myself, to day. a copy of The Bug of the Aucient Bople. to you and mrs. Now. and, addressed to you at Farm, Fulsand

Hockman. When you write some thing obsultil please dove several copies of the paper sent me. And lake you will not be too stremous about the unmediate civilization of the threales. They are unavoidably civilizing, but I do not believe in forcing Them. I am much gratified by the high appreciation the Young is receiving. Lit me beg you to say all you con for the Com as our notional emblem. There is a great movement about it

[Written expressly for the Indian Advocate.]

THE INDIANS' APPEAL.

You have taken our rivers and fountains
And the plains where we loved to roam,—
Banish us not to the mountains
And the lonely wastes for home!
No! let us dwell among you;
Cheer us with hope again;
For the life of our fathers has vanished,
And we long by your side to be men.

Our clans that were strongest and bravest
Are broken and powerless through you;
Let us join the great tribe of the white men,
As brothers to dare and to do!
We will fight to the death in your armies;
As scouts we will distance the deer;
Trust us, and witness how loyal
Are the ranks that are strangers to fear!

And the still ways of peace we would follow—Sow the seed and the sheaves gather in,
Share your labor, your learning, your worship,
A life larger, better, to win.
Then, foemen no longer, nor aliens,
But brothers indeed we will be,
And the sun find no citizens truer
As he rolls to the uttermost sea.

You have taken our rivers and fountains
And the plains where we loved to roam,—
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And the lonely wastes for home!
No! let us dwell among you;
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—EDNA DEAN PROCTOR.

President Mrs. G. W. Flynn,

Treasurer Mrs. Geo. Barrett, .

Vice-President Mrs. J. A. Low,

LEOPOLD VOGEL,

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Miss Clara Williams,

Mrs. J. R. Alley, . . .

DEALER IN

Boots, Shoes & Rubbers.

GEO. SAUER & CO.,

Assistant

Assistant

Assistant

Assistant

* UPBOLSTERERS, *

REMOVED TO

2/24/1893 From: Edna Dean Proctor To: Mr. C. H. Howard

CHH-231 Framingham, Maine

Framingham [Mass.] Feb. 24, 1893.

Dear Mr. [C. H.] Howard

In response to your Tuesday's letter I send, myself, today, a copy of "The Song of the Ancient People" to you and Mrs. Howard, addressed to you at "Farm, Field and Stockman". When you write something about it please have several copies of the paper sent me. And I hope you will not be too strenuous about the immediate civilization of the Pueblos. They are unavoidably civilizing. But I do not believe in forcing them. I am much gratified by the high appreciation the "Song" is receiving.

But we beg you to say all you can for the Corn as our national emblem. There is a great movement about it which will culminate this summer at Chicago.

With regards to Mrs. Howard and wishing you a pleasant stay in Florida, I am cordially yours. Edna Dean Proctor

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And we long by your side to be men.

Our clans that were strongest and bravest
Are broken and powerless through you;
Let us join the great tribe of the white men,
As brothers to dare and to do!
We will fight to the death in your armies;
As scouts we will distance the deer;
Trust us, and witness how loyal
Are the ranks that are strangers to fear!

And the still ways of peace we would follow — Sow the seed and the sheaves gather in, Share your labor, your learning, your worship, A life larger, better, to win.

Then, foemen no longer, nor aliens, But brothers indeed we will be,

And the sun find no citizens truer

As he rolls to the uttermost sea.

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