

347-

OFFICE OF THE

# Northern Pacific Railroad Company,

No. 17 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK, December 20th, 1889.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY:

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Northern Pacific Railroad Company, held Dec. 5, 1889, the following resolution was adopted:

RESOLVED: That the holders of Preferred and Common Stock be given the privilege of subscribing at 85 and accrued interest for an amount of consolidated bonds equal to 15 per cent. of their respective holdings; and that in order to comply with the provisions of the consolidated mortgage, payments on the bonds to be offered to the stockholders shall be called for in such instalments as shall correspond to the amount of bonds, to the delivery of which by the Trustee, the Company shall be entitled by reason of expenditures already made or to be made; and that for the purpose above stated the transfer books of the Preferred and Common Stock shall be closed at 3 o'clock p.m. on Dec. 20, 1889, and remain closed until 10 o'clock a.m. on Jan. 20, 1890.

M

DEAR SIR:

In pursuance of the foregoing resolution on the closing of the transfer books on December 20th, 1889, you were found to hold

Common Stock,	-	-	-	-	-	_____	shares.
Preferred Stock,	-	-	-	-	-	_____	/ shares.
Total,	-	-	-	-	-	_____	/ shares.

You are therefore entitled to subscribe until 3 p.m. January 31st, 1890, and not afterwards, to 15 per cent. of your holdings, as above, namely, \$ 15 Northern Pacific Railroad and Land Grant Consolidated Mortgage Gold Bonds (principal payable December 1, 1989, interest 5 per cent., payable December 1st and June 1st) at 85, and accrued interest from December 1st, 1889, to date of payment, such bonds being part of an issue of bonds secured by and issuable under a mortgage to The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, dated December 2d, 1889.

Subscriptions will be payable between February 1st and September 1st, 1890, as follows: 30 per cent. of such subscriptions on February 1st, 1890, the balance on 30 days' notice, in instalments not exceeding 25 per cent. at any one payment, and certificates will be issued therefor.

Upon payment of the last instalment, these certificates will be exchanged for bonds.

Coupon bonds will be of the denomination of \$1000 each, and Registered bonds of the denomination of \$5000 each.

For subscriptions of less than \$1000, scrip will be issued, which can be consolidated and converted into bonds.

Upon full payment of subscription and exchange of certificates for bonds, interest will be adjusted at the same rate as upon the bonds.

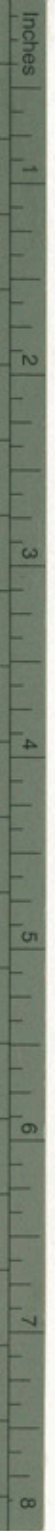
Form of subscription is enclosed herewith.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY,

By HENRY VILLARD,

Chairman of the Board.





# Norfolk & Western Railway Company

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE NORFOLK & WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY  
AT THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS  
Held at the City of Norfolk, Virginia, on the 15th day of December, 1908.

Resolved, That the Board of Directors of the Norfolk & Western Railway Company do hereby recommend to the stockholders of the said company the payment of a dividend of five cents per share of the common stock of the said company for the year ending on the 31st day of December, 1908.

Witness my hand and the seal of the said company at the City of Norfolk, Virginia, this 15th day of December, 1908.

*John S. Taylor*  
President

*Wm. H. Harrison*  
Vice-President

*John W. Taylor*  
Secretary

In testimony whereof, the Board of Directors of the Norfolk & Western Railway Company has caused this resolution to be signed by its President, Vice-President, and Secretary, and the seal of the said company to be hereunto set.

Witness my hand and the seal of the said company at the City of Norfolk, Virginia, this 15th day of December, 1908.

*John S. Taylor*  
President

*Wm. H. Harrison*  
Vice-President

*John W. Taylor*  
Secretary

ATTEST:  
J. H. Taylor  
Clerk



347.

Subscriptions are not to exceed fifteen per cent. of holdings, as recorded at closing of books, December 20th, 1889.

TO THE NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY,  
NEW YORK:

Referring to a circular signed by HENRY VILLARD, Chairman of the Board of Directors, dated the 20th day of December, 1889, to the stockholders of the Company and received by the undersigned, a stockholder of record December 20, 1889, holding

Common Stock	.	.	.	_____	shares.
Preferred Stock	.	.	.	_____	shares.
					_____
Total	.	.	.	_____	shares.

of the Northern Pacific Railroad Company, and availing \_\_\_\_\_ of the option therein given to subscribe for the new Railroad and Land Grant Consolidated Mortgage Gold Bonds of that Company, payable December 1st, 1890, and bearing interest at five per cent. per annum, such bonds being part of an issue of bonds secured by and issuable under a mortgage to The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, dated December 2d, 1889, the undersigned does hereby subscribe for \_\_\_\_\_ dollars of the said bonds, on the terms and conditions of said circular, and agrees to make first payment therefor of thirty per cent. on or before February 1st, 1890, it being understood that if such first payment is not so made this subscription may, at the option of the Company, be declared forfeited.

Dated this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ A.D. 18 \_\_\_\_\_

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Address \_\_\_\_\_

Present this subscription at the office of The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, No. 22 William Street, New York, on or before 3 P.M. January 31st, 1890.

Make first payment, thirty per cent., at same place, on or before February 1st, 1890.



Northern Pacific R.R. Co.

File.

8





20-

Welsh Herbert

File

No. 1305 Markhatch.

Phila.

Dec. 20 1889

Most Gen. Howard,

I write in haste  
to say that I shall be greatly  
indebted to you for any in-  
formation you may be able  
to give me regarding  
Gen. Morgan's War Record  
that will enable me  
to answer, further than  
I have done, the attacks



Major Gen. O. O. Howard  
U. S. A.

Made upon it.

Col. Putnam of Chicago  
has spoken in the  
highest terms of  
Gen. Morgan, and of his  
record, and so has  
Captain Romeyn in  
(5<sup>th</sup> U. S. Infantry)  
a letter to me which  
has just come to hand.

Sincerely Yours,

Robert Welsh



Fort Ringgold, Texas,

298.

December 12, 1889.

Mr. Herbert Welsh,

Cor. Sec. Indian Rights Asso.

Dear Sir:-

I have this day received your circular letter, enclosing one printed in the New York Tribune, urging the confirmation of Gen. Thomas J. Morgan as Commissioner of Indian Affairs.

When the first scurrilous attack on him was made, I wrote to different papers, east and west, telling what I knew of his career during the rebellion. Some of my letters were published, others were so long reaching those to whom they were addressed that the first furor of attack had died away, but they are still held to be in readiness should further attacks be made upon him. By request, I wrote also to the President, giving him a full statement of the case, and to Senator Dawes. I have known Gen. Morgan since 1863 was an officer of his regiment in "the colored service", and knew all "the ins and outs" of his trial by Court-martial, and am, therefore, a competent witness if any should be required.

Being nearer Washington than I am, you can tell sooner than I could what phase any opposition to him would assume; but from what I know of those whom I am positive started the opposition to him, I believe that the attack, if made, will come from that quarter, and that those who lead it, though themselves not appearing, will try to add to their forces by inlisting sectarian or denominational prejudice with them.

I am very anxious to see him confirmed, and have been able to procure considerable evidence in his favor from officers who served with us, in 63--4--5, and have been in quite close corre-



298

Fort Rinaldo, Texas,

December 12, 1863.

Mr. Herbert Wells,

Gen. Sec. Indian Rights Assoc.

Dear Sir:-

I have this day received your circular letter, enclosing one printed in the New York Tribune, giving the constitution of Gen. Thomas J. Morgan as Commissioner of Indian Affairs.

When the first scurrilous attack on him was made, I wrote to different papers, east and west, telling what I knew of his career during the rebellion. Some of my letters were published, others were so long reaching those to whom they were addressed that the first fear of attack had died away, but they are still held to be in readiness should further attacks be made upon him. By request, I wrote also to the President, giving him a full statement of the case, and to Senator Dawes. I have known Gen. Morgan since 1863 was an officer of his regiment in "the colored service", and knew all "the ins and outs" of his trial by Court-martial, and am, therefore, a competent witness if any should be required.

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I am very anxious to see him confirmed, and have been able to procure considerable evidence in his favor from officers who served with us, in 63-4-5, and have been in quite close correspondence with us.



pondence with him since he assumed the duties of his office, and have offered to appear and testify in his behalf if required.

My acquaintance with ~~members~~ of the Senate is, at present, very limited, and I doubt if any letters I might write would receive much attention. Personal interviews and intercession would do much more than all which could be written, and if the opposition develops along the line on which I expect it, one good witness who could tell what he knows and stand such cross-examination as the opposing party would give, would avail more than reams of papers signed by persons whom they could never see.

As a friend of the Indians as well as of Gen. Morgan, I want to see him confirmed. He is a true, honest, Christian man, and if allowed, will do more for the Indian than has been done by any of his predecessors.

Very truly yours,

Henry Romeyn,

Capt. 5th U. S. Inf.

(Copy).



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have offered to appear and testify in his behalf if required.

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who could tell what he knows and stand such cross-examination as  
the opposing party would give, would avail more than dozens of  
papers signed by persons whom they could never see.  
As a friend of the Indians as of Gen. Sherman, I want to  
see him confirmed. He is a true, honest, Christian man, and if  
allowed, will do more for the Indian than has been done by any of  
his predecessors.

Very truly yours,  
Henry Romney,  
Capt. 5th U. S. Inf.

(Copy).  
I am very much interested in the matter of the  
Indian question, and I am sure that the  
Government will do all that is possible  
to protect the rights of the Indians.  
I am, Sir, very respectfully,  
Your obedient servant,  
Henry Romney



NEW-YORK, MONDAY, DEC. 16, 1889.

Mr. HERBERT WELSH, Secretary of the Indian Rights Association, comes to the defense of Indian Commissioner MORGAN and Dr. DORCHESTER, Superintendent of Indian Schools, and his letter published in our columns is worthy of candid consideration. He testifies from an apparently full knowledge of the facts that the removals which have been made in the Indian Service were made for good cause and that there has been no discrimination against Roman Catholics. While Mr. WELSH was opposed to the removal of Commissioner OBERLY, he is convinced of the ability and fidelity of Gen. MORGAN, and believes that the opposition to his confirmation has been induced chiefly by his strict adherence to civil service reform principles and his failure to regard either political or religious considerations in changes that have been made in the service. Mr. WELSH's testimony in behalf of the Commissioner is entitled to much weight.

## MR. WELSH'S TESTIMONY

## WHY HE WANTS GEN. MORGAN CONFIRMED.

## CHARGES OF SECTARIAN FAVORITISM IN THE INDIAN BUREAU DENIED—OPPOSED TO CHURCH AND STATE UNION.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

May I be permitted, in view of the present agitation of the subject, to state why the confirmation of Gen. Morgan, the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, and Dr. Dorchester, the Superintendent of Indian Schools, is desirable, and to review the charges which have been made against these gentlemen by the Roman Catholic Church, or members of the same, by some public men, and by those who consider that Gen. Morgan's war record is discreditable. I speak as one who is wholly free from either political or religious prejudice, since as the Secretary of the Indian Rights Association I have been forced in defense of truth to come in conflict alternately with representatives of both political parties, and to defend and assist so far as lay in my power Roman Catholics who are doing good work in the Indian service.

This association did all in its power, through me as its representative, to prevent the removal of Commissioner Oberly, but, after that removal was effected, we stood ready to judge Commissioner Morgan on his merits. There is probably no one who knows better than do I, through force of circumstances, what the Commissioner has done in the five months during which he has held office. I have been in almost daily communication with him during that time, constantly bringing before him varied practical matters in which it was necessary for him to act in a practical and positive manner. I have also known Gen. Morgan for five years previous to his appointment, and I know well many men of the highest standing and ability who have known him during his whole career.

In view of information gathered through these various means, I state unhesitatingly that he promises the best possible results for the Indian service. He has brought to his post energy, courage, and ability. He has acted entirely upon the principles of civil service reform in the conduct of his office, dismissing from the Government service those persons who for whatever reason were unfitted for their post, irrespective of political or religious considerations, and retaining those who deserved to be retained. It is this which has raised up both for him and Dr. Dorchester a host of enemies, and it is this which should secure for him the support of all good citizens. He has instituted, and, if permitted to do so, will doubtless carry out, a system of Indian education which is thorough and comprehensive, and which will realize the desires that have long been entertained by the majority of the Indian's friends.

The principal assault made upon Commissioner Morgan emanates from the late Chief of the Educational Division of the Indian Bureau, who was dismissed from his post for the best possible reasons, and who bequeathed to his successor a mass of confused and disorganized official work which is the best evidence of his inefficiency. Gen. Morgan has acted unflinchingly that he has dismissed no one from the Indian service for either political or sectarian reasons, and that the reasons for which all removals had been made are on file in Washington. Many of these reasons I have personally examined and have found them just and clear. I have taken pains to reach the alleged facts on which the charges against Gen. Morgan and Dr. Dorchester were founded. I wrote to Dr. Dorchester asking a reply to the charges against him, and I submit the following quotation from his letter, which reached me yesterday:

"The truth is, no removals of Roman Catholics were made except under stress of necessity. It would not have been creditable to the Roman Catholic Church to have had them continue as her representatives in the Indian School service. I gladly recommended the continuance of all who were creditable in character and efficient in work. The onus was thrown upon us to remove unsuitable and incompetent persons, or to retain them simply because they were Roman Catholics. To have done the latter would have made our administration a sectarian one. This we could not be a party to. We were guilty of no favoritism toward other denominations. More Methodists (I am a Methodist) were removed or recommended for removal by me than Roman Catholics, but we were not aware of the relative number in each class until after the work was all done, when we counted up the lists, because our attention was called to it by the Catholic complaints."

This reply is worthy of consideration by those who seek to defeat Dr. Dorchester's confirmation.

Let it also be noted that during the present administration, under the contract school system, the Roman Catholic Church has received this year \$354,491 out of a total appropriation to all churches of \$506,994, the next appropriation to any one Church being that to the Presbyterian, \$47,650. Is there evidence in these figures of a desire upon the part of Commissioner Morgan to discriminate against the Roman Catholics?

Hearing last summer the first rumors of these charges, I wrote at once to Cardinal Gibbons, offering to co-operate with him against such a policy of administration as it was charged the Indian Bureau had entered upon, if it really existed. Desiring to be free from the danger of getting my facts from but one side, I recently visited Baltimore and conferred with Bishop Ireland and Bishop Riordan of the Roman Catholic Church, so as to learn their statement of this case. Bishop Ireland stated that he was convinced that Roman Catholics were everywhere being swept out of the service, while he also objected to the reported intention of the Commissioner to abandon the contract school system, whereby the churches and the Government have heretofore co-operated in the work of Indian education, as the Roman Catholic Church would suffer serious losses in property and in the work of Christianizing and civilizing Indians. I replied that our association opposed any present abandonment of the contract school system, that a present abandonment of the system was not contemplated by the Commissioner, and that we did not believe that the discrimination against Roman Catholics, to which he referred, existed.

One of the charges which Bishop Ireland made against Commissioner Morgan, with great emphasis and conviction of its truth, was, that he had failed to investigate the case of an Indian agent in the Northwest who was charged with imprisoning an Indian because he sent his child to a Roman Catholic school. I instantly took steps to investigate the truth of this charge, writing to Commissioner Morgan and telegraphing across the continent to the accused Indian agent. The Commissioner replied, that he had promised to investigate the charge against the agent, if it were placed in writing before him, but that since then he had heard nothing further from the accusers. The agent replied fully and satisfactorily, showing that the Indian was imprisoned not for the reason alleged, but because he resisted the Indian policemen who were sent to bring him to the agent to explain why he withdrew his child from the Government school at the reservation to which he had previously belonged; that he was imprisoned under the judgment of the Court of Indian Defenses composed of his own people, and that religion, as the Indian himself confessed, was not concerned in the case. The Indian had been confined in the guardhouse for a few hours only, although he was sentenced to a five days' imprisonment.

The facts in this case were willfully perverted by certain men publishing a local newspaper near the reservation who had a personal interest in the agent's removal, which for fifteen months they had been trying to accomplish, in order to enable them to take up claims on certain Indian school lands. The incident, moreover, occurred a year ago under Commissioner Oberly, and previous to Gen. Morgan's appointment. These are the facts upon which this charge, stated to me with the utmost seriousness, rested.

A word for Gen. Morgan's war record. The Washington agent of the Indian Rights Association, Mr. C. C. Painter, met a few days ago by mere chance in Chicago Col. Putnam, who was on the court-martial which tried Gen. Morgan during the civil war for the charges which were then preferred against him. Col. Putnam stated to Mr. Painter that these charges were evidently the result of a conspiracy inspired by jealousy; that he knew Gen. Morgan to have been a brave and excellent soldier; that he (Col. Putnam) was willing to come to Washington to testify before the Senate Committee in his behalf.

I make this detailed statement in view of the grave issues which are involved in the decision of this matter. A pure, vigorous, and wise administration of Indian affairs is put in jeopardy by an assault which I believe to be largely the outcome of personal malice, and which has been skillfully used to arouse fierce religious animosity. Not only are those particularly interested in the welfare of the Indian concerned in this issue, but citizens at large are quite as much concerned in its right settlement. The whole question at issue is, whether officers of the United States Government are to be permitted to perform their duties on the highest basis of justice and right, with a single eye to the welfare of the State, or whether they must resign independence of judgment and submit to religious coercion, thus effecting a very undesirable union of Church and State.

HERBERT WELSH.

PHILADELPHIA, Saturday, Dec. 14, 1889.



George Liebhafsky has been sent to Canada by difficulty between two to purchase his property.

red-and-eighty-th.

THE NEW York Herald Tribune, N.

RONDOUT, N. Y. Thompson Brown, one son to select a site for a Bay Shore, is dead. The Albany-to-morrie Bay Shore, will hold sessions until winter. The Commissioners have inspected the sites in Ulster County, three in Schoharie, and one in Sullivan.

\$200 from a chewing gum company for having made the best batting average in the American Association last season.

The Philadelphia Club now has nine men of last season's team—Mulvey, Thompson, Delahanty, Clements, Schriver, Decker, Gleason, Anderson, and Day.

The Boston and the Browns will play a series of seven games in San Francisco beginning on Dec. 22. Kelly will catch for Boston.

Spalding is said to be after H. E. Rhinehart, second baseman of the Scottsboro (Western Pennsylvania league) team.

Ward was presented with a handsome Elk's charm and chain on Saturday evening at Engel's café.

"Joe" Sommer of Baltimore has joined the old

## The New-York Times

here, within the range of 39c. @ 43½c., as to quality and condition.

**OATS**—Varied little, on a fair business in prompt and nearby deliveries, in good part for export—mostly for Great Britain—and a light speculative movement, closing firmly. Receipts here, 48,000 bushels, and clearances hence, unimportant. Sales reported here of 284,000 bushels, of which on options only 75,000 bushels No. 2 Oats and 25,000 bushels No. 2 White, and for prompt and early delivery about 184,000 bushels, (about 100,000 bushels committed to shippers.) Included in sales here were No. 2 White, in store and elevator, at 31½c., and delivered at 32½c. @ 32¾c., (about 50,000 bushels clipped White for export, part basis of 32½c.) No. 2 White for December at 31½c.; do., January, at 31c.; No. 3 White, at 30½c. @ 30¾c.; No. 2 Oats, in store and elevator, at 28½c. @ 28¾c., closing at 28½c., and delivered at 29½c. @ 29¾c., (about 50,000 bushels credited to shippers.) do., December, at 28½c.; do., January, 28½c.; do., February, at 28½c.; do., May, at 28½c.; No. 3 Oats at 28c., rejected at 27c., ungraded White at 30c. @ 35c. for fair to choice, mainly at 31½c. @ 33½c., and ungraded Mixed at 27c. @ 30c., as to quality and condition.

**HAY AND STRAW**—Hay, No. 1, is worth 80c. @ 85c.; No. 2, 65c. @ 75c.; No. 3, 55c. @ 60c.; Hay, Clover, 40c. @ 50c.; Hay, Clover mixed, 50c. @ 55c.; Hay, shipping, 45c. @ 50c.; Hay, Salt, 55c.; Long Rye Straw, 75c. @ 80c.; Short Rye Straw, 55c. @ 60c.; Oat Straw, 45c. @ 50c.; Wheat Straw, 40c. @ 45c.

**NAVAL STORES**—Resin was in rather less favor, within the range of \$1 20 @ \$1 25 for strained, common to good; offerings somewhat freer. Spirits of Turpentine quoted down to 45c. and dull.

**PETROLEUM**—Certificates of Crude Petroleum were a trifle higher but very dull, leaving off firmly at 104½c. (having ranged to-day from 103½c. @ 104½c.) and at the Exchange dealings reached only 115,000 bbls. Refined and Crude Petroleum, in shipping order, quiet at former quotations.

**PROVISIONS**—Hog products were in less demand, though in instances buyers had the advantage. Pork was quoted lower, on a moderate movement, closing dull, with sales reported of 200 bbls., including Mess at \$10 25 @ \$10 75. Short Clear at \$11 50 @ \$12 50. Family Mess (city) at \$11 50 @ \$12 25, and Extra Prime at \$9 50 @ \$9 75. DRESSED HOGS were quoted steadier, though in rather slow sale, with city quoted at 4 11-16c. @ 5 7-16c., as to weights. Interior receipts, 39,541 head. CURED MEATS were comparatively quiet, including Pickled Bellies, 12-lb., at 5½c., and 10-lb., at 5½c.; Pickled Shoulders at 4½c.; Smoked Shoulders at 5½c.; other kinds as before. Western Steam LARD was very dull for early delivery, closing at \$6 25 asked. And in the option line Western Steam Lard sold to the extent of only 1,000 lbs., but at somewhat stronger prices, with January at \$6 23 bid, February at \$6 30, March at \$6 37, and May at \$6 48. And of city Steam Lard 75 lbs. sold at \$5 85. Refined quoted for the Continent at \$6 30 @ \$6 80 and for South America at \$7 15. BEER was in moderate sale, in a jobbing way, at unchanged prices. BEER HAMS inactive, but about steady; quoted here at \$12 25 @ \$12 50, and at the West at \$11. BUTTER and CHEESE varied slightly, on tame markets. EGGS in better demand and firmer, closing at 23½c. @ 27c. for best domestic, fresh. OILS generally dull, but—as a rule—held to steadiness. Of COTTONSEED OIL, 50 bbls. sold, prompt, at 28c., and 1,000 bbls. to arrive, at 27c., with Yellow quoted at 23c. Choice City Tallow quoted at 4½c. bid. City LARD STEARINE nominal; Western at 6½c. OLIVE OIL MARGARINE STEARINE at 5 5-16c.

**SKINS**—Were moderately sought after, with Deer showing depression and Goat ruling steady.

**SUGARS**—Raw quoted steady, though inactive; 5,700 bags Centrifugals, 96° test, sold recently at 6½c., (for Philadelphia.) Refined Sugars very quiet, with off A at 6c. @ 6½c., and other kinds as before, but easy. Cables showed rather less firmness.

**FREIGHTS**—Held their own very well, on a fair movement in tonnage—steam and sail—on charter contracts, chiefly for Grain, Lumber, Timber, Cooperage stock, Coal to West India and Gulf ports, Fertilizers, Phosphate Rock, Railroad Iron, and miscellaneous cargoes, with some inquiry noted for tonnage for Petroleum, Flour, Sugar, Dyewoods, and Fruit; while in the line of berth freights the offerings were to a respectable aggregate, mainly of Corn, Wheat, Oats, Flour, Bacon, Lard, Tobacco, Leather, Apples, Oysters, Hops, Canned Goods, Machinery, Oil Cake, Oil, and other heavy and measurement goods—part through; (16,000 bushels Wheat, and 64,000 bushels Grain, partly on Western account, hence, by steam for Liverpool, Dec. 27, at 4½c. 20,000 bushels Grain for Glasgow, Jan. 9, at 6½c. 20,000 bushels Grain for London, Dec. 27, at 4½c. 20,000 bushels Grain, via near-by ports, for Great Britain, part at 4½c. @ 5d.; about 272,000 bushels do., from Baltimore for Cork and orders, January, February, at 4s. 9d. to 4s. 6d., and 8,000 bushels Grain, hence for Baltimore, at 6d.)

### CHICAGO PRODUCE MARKETS.

CHICAGO, Dec. 15.—Provisions were quiet in a speculative way Saturday. There was no outside trading, and the market was only saved from actual dullness by the movement of cash buyers. The latter took 1,500 lbs. of Lard at \$5 90 @ \$5 92½. Several carloads of green Shoulders went at \$3 60, 100,000 lb. of green Short Ribs at \$4 35 @ \$4 57½, and a round lot of sweet-pickled Shoulders, packed in boxes, at 4½c. Sixteen-pound green Hams sold, for January delivery, at 7½c. and for February at \$7 30. Closing prices for future product were the same as Friday's last quotations for Pork and Short Ribs and 2½c. higher for Lard. Option dealings were confined chiefly to January and May. For January Pork closed at \$9 27½ @ \$9 35. Lard at \$5 90 @ \$5 92½, and Short Ribs at \$4 72½ @ \$4 75. Short Ribs for the same month closed at the day's range. Lard at \$5 92½, and Pork at \$9 30. Closing for May stood at \$9 70 for Pork, \$6 10 for Lard, and \$4 72½ @ \$4 75 for Short Ribs. December product was dull.

In the speculative market for Wheat a steadier and firmer feeling prevailed. Fluctuations were within narrower limits than on Friday, and in the volume of business in futures there was a material diminution. Still the market developed absorbing qualities that rather surprised the bear party, which expected further depreciation in values. While a great deal of short Wheat was covered on the break last week there no doubt was a considerable short interest created, new lines, and large ones at that, being put out by the bears, who are talking of a decline of 5c. Hutchinson, who was a heavy and continuous seller of May above 83c., seems to have changed front, and it is surmised that he has been a big buyer under cover. The Northwest bought considerable Wheat Saturday through its regular Chicago connections. Advances from the Northwest show a further decrease in movement of Spring Wheat. Local stocks are estimated to have increased 450,000 bushels during the week, about half of which consists of No. 2 Wheat. There was an easy opening for futures, and first sales of May were on the basis of 82c. For a time the market held around that figure, once touching 81½c. @ 82c., which was bottom. Later there was an advance to 83½c. @ 83¾c. together, and at the close the market ruled firm at 83½c. December rested at 77½c. and January at 78½c. @ 78¾c. Based on Friday's closings, this was a net gain for the day of ½c. @ ¾c. Cash Wheat of the contract grade was ½c. higher, No. 2 Spring and No. 2 Red Winter both closing at 77½c. in store. By sample, free on board cars, No. 3 Spring ranged at 65½c. @ 76c., the outside for choice hard; No. 3 White at 68c. @ 70c.; No. 2 Red Winter at 77½c. @ 77¾c., No. 3 Red at 65c. @ 75c., and No. 4 Red at 49c. @ 53c.

Corn was fairly active, nervous, and considerably higher at cash and December end of the deal and firm for the more remote futures. The sharp advance in December, or to 33c., (being 1½c. above Friday's closing price,) was due in part to rather free buying by Hutchinson and partly to the change in weather conditions. At the advance Hutchinson turned seller, which gave temporary relief to the anxious shorts, and there was a reaction at the close to 32½c. This made the actual improvement for the day an even cent. January moved up ¼c. and closed at 31½c., while May was unchanged. It opened at 33½c. @ 33¾c., together, or a shade easier, sold up to 33½c., and at the close was quoted at 33½c. @ 33¾c. Receipts were a little under the estimates. For contract grades the cash prices ruled 1c. @ 1½c. higher, No. 2 selling, in store and to go to store, at 23½c. @ 23¾c. Samples ranged as follows: On track and free on board cars, No. 4 at 28½c. @ 29c., No. 2 at 29c. @ 29½c., old do. at 31½c. @ 32c., No. 3 Yellow at 29½c. @ 29¾c., and choice at 30c. @ 30½c.

Oats ruled steady, with the December and January options a trifle higher at the close, the latest bids standing at 20½c. @ 20¾c. respectively. Only a moderate volume of business in the aggregate was transacted, and May closed unchanged at 22¾c., after selling at from 22½c. @ 22¾c. together to 22½c. @ 22¾c. together. No. 2 cash Oats, in a special location, sold at 21c., with regular houses quoted at 20½c. Samples ruled steady, as follows: On track and free on board cars standing as follows: No. 3 at 20c. @ 22c., No. 3 White at 22½c. @ 22¾c., No. 2 at 21½c. @ 22½c., and No. 2 White at 23c. @ 23½c.

### CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

CHICAGO, Dec. 15.—Saturday's Cattle receipts were estimated at 2,000 head, making 66,736 head for the week, against 71,988 head for the previous week. Rather more than half of the arrivals yesterday were Texans and consigned to dressed-beef firms. The small number offered for sale found buyers at about Friday's prices. Shipping Steers were quoted at \$2 75 @ \$5 25, stockers and feeders at \$2 @ \$3, and Cows and Bulls at \$1 @ \$2 75. The receipts of Hogs yesterday were estimated at 16,000 head, making 194,820 head for the week, against 177,021 head for the previous week. Trade was active yesterday at a higher range of prices. Sales were at \$3 45 @ \$3 65, indicating an advance on Friday's quotations of 5c. From \$3 50 @ \$3 60 bought the largest part.

BUFFALO, Dec. 14.—Cattle—Receipts last 24 hours, 2,540 head; total for week thus far, 20,240 head; for same time last week, 21,260 head; consigned through, 2,300 head, of which 1,400 head to New-York; on sale, 240 head; prices steady. Sheep and Lambs—Receipts last 24 hours, 7,200 head; total for week thus far, 41,600 head; for same time last week, 47,000 head; consigned through, 3,000 head, of which 2,000 head to New-York; on sale, 4,000 head; market very firm, and holders are asking higher rates; Sheep—Choice to extra, \$5 60 @ \$5 75; medium to good, \$5 20 @ \$5 50; common to good, \$4 50 @ \$5 10; Lambs—Good to choice, \$6 60 @ \$6 90; fair to good, \$6 25 @ \$6 50; medium to fair, \$5 50 @ \$6 15; Canadas, \$6 60 @ \$7. Hogs—Receipts last 24 hours, 6,760 head; total for week thus far, 72,060 head; for same time last week, 68,190 head; consigned through, 2,240 head, of which 1,120 head to New-York; on sale, 1,200 head; active, firm, and higher; heavy and medium, \$3 80 @ \$3 90; selected medium weights, \$3 75 @ \$3 85; Yorkers, \$3 75 @ \$3 90; Pigs, \$3 65 @ \$3 70.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 14.—Cattle—Receipts, 700 head; shipments, 600 head; market strong; good to fancy native steers, \$4 30 @ \$5 25; fair to good do., \$3 30 @ \$4 40; stockers and feeders, \$1 90 @ \$3 20; range Steers, \$2 @ \$3. Hogs—Receipts, 1,600 head; shipments, 2,300 head; market shade higher; fair to choice heavy, \$3 45 @ \$3 55; packing grades, \$3 40 @ \$3 50; light fair to best, \$3 25 @ \$3 50.



and you can easily learn  
about me from Col. A.P.  
Ketchum - Secy of the Presbyterian  
Union.

Hoping for a favorable  
reply.

I am

Yrs Sincerely

Chas. Dexter Miller

To  
Gen. O. O. Howard

Miller Chas Dexter

22  
22  
22

File 21-

New York Dec 21/89

Dear Sir:

I was unable to see  
you at the Presbyterian Union  
annual dinner - and did not  
know you were to be there,  
or I should have had Col.  
Ketchum introduce me -

My father was Col James  
Miller of the 81<sup>st</sup> Pa Vols.,  
who was killed at Fair  
Oaks June 1<sup>st</sup> 1862., where  
I believe you lost your  
arm. My object in writing



is twofold - First I should  
like very much to meet you  
as my father's brigade <sup>Commander</sup>,  
and because of the distinguished  
services you have rendered  
our country - and Second -  
because I would like to  
invite you to address our  
Sunday-School at my  
home at its next Anniversary  
I am Chairman of the  
Committee, and would like  
very much to have you  
address us - and it would  
afford us very great

pleasure to entertain you  
at my home -

Although in a suburban  
town, it is very accessible  
and we Mr. Ralph Wells,  
Dr. Schauffner, Dr. Taylor &  
Dr. Castle, address our people  
at different times - and I  
would like very much to  
have you address us this  
coming year -

My address is at the  
Cotton Exchange (of which  
I was lately President)



21-  
Decker. A.T.

File.

299.

OFFICE OF

A. T. DECKER & CO.

FOOT OF BETHUNE STREET.

New York, Dec. 21, 1889.

DEAR SIR :

A meeting of those who have consented to act as incorporators of "The Union Prisoners of War National Memorial Association," will be held Monday, January 27, 1890, 7.30 P. M., at the Fifth Avenue Hotel, New York City, for the purpose of signing the Certificate of Incorporation and transacting such other business as may be necessary. On the following day (Tuesday, January 28), at the same place and hour, a general business meeting of the incorporators will be held for the adoption of a Constitution and Laws, Election of Officers, and the consideration of other matters of importance.

The necessity for the two meetings in such close proximity, is due to certain legal requirements.

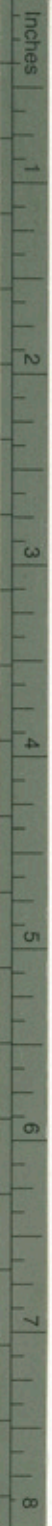
A full attendance is earnestly desired for each of these meetings, and particularly so for the one of January 27.

By order of the Committee.

A. T. DECKER,

Chairman Committee, &c.





Check A.B.  
21-

File

A. T. DECKER & CO.

Foot of Bethune Street.

New York, Dec. 21, 1889.

Dear Sir:

A meeting of those who are connected to the memorial  
project of "The Union Veterans of War Veterans Memorial  
Association", will be held Monday, January 27, 1890, at 7 P. M.,  
at the Fifth Avenue Hotel, New York City, for the purpose of  
signing the Certificate of Incorporation and transacting such  
other business as may be necessary. On the following day  
(Tuesday, January 28), at the same place and hour, a general  
business meeting of the incorporators will be held for the adoption  
of a Constitution and By-Laws. Election of officers and the con-  
sideration of other matters of importance.

The necessity for the two meetings is such that proximate  
is due to certain legal requirements.

A full attendance is earnestly desired for each of these  
meetings and particularly so for the one on January 27.

By order of the Committee.

A. T. DECKER

General Committee, &c.



21-

91  
92  
ROBERT C. ALEXANDER,  
ATTORNEY & COUNSELOR AT LAW,  
23 PARK ROW,  
NEW YORK.

File

Dec. 21, 1889

Dear General,

Will you kindly give me the P. O. address of Maj. Thomas Ward, formerly on Governor's Island. The Army Register does not give the address. I would also be glad to know the address of Lieut C. L. Best, also formerly connected with your department. Both were once detailed at Union College, hence my interest.

Yours Respy

R. C. Alexander.

Gen. D. D. Howard.







21  
Corresponding Secretaries,  
REV. M. E. STRIEBY, D.D.  
REV. A. F. BEARD, D.D.  
— File —  
Treasurer,  
H. W. HUBBARD.

American Missionary Association,

56 READE STREET,

300,

New York, Dec. 21 1889.

Gen. O. O. Howard,  
Governor's Island.

Dear Brother: —

It gives me pleasure to introduce to you the bearer, Rev. Charles A. Blanchard, President of Wheaton College, Wheaton, Ill. He is the worthy son of his honored father, Rev. J. Blanchard, well known to yourself and to all the rest of the old abolitionists. For his sake, I am sure you will give his son a hearty welcome, and aid him in whatever way he may suggest as far as it lies in your power.

Very sincerely yours,  
M. E. Strieby.



American Missionary Association,

50 READS STREET,

New York,

Dec. 27  
1887

Rev. M. E. STRIBBY, D.D.  
Rev. A. F. BEARD, D.D.

H. W. HOWARD.

Rev. O. D. Johnson,  
Harrison's Island.

Dear Brother:

It gives me pleasure to introduce  
to you the Rev. Mr. Charles A. Blanchard, Pres-  
ident of Wheaton College, Wheaton, Ill. He is the  
worthy son of his honored father, Mr. J. Blanchard,  
well known to yourself and to all the rest of the  
old abolitionists. For his sake, I am sure you  
will give him a hearty welcome, and are herein  
in whatever way he may suggest as for as it lies  
in your power.

Very sincerely yours,  
M. E. Stribby.



22.

Howard, O. Melb.

Fils

385-

Evreux, ce 22 Décembre, 1889.

Mon cher Ouel;

Je fus très heureux de recevoir votre lettre hier matin et de savoir que tous sont joyeux et en bonne santé chez vous.

Il me semble que Harry aura de la difficulté de trouver le temps de jouer au soldat, n'est-ce pas?

C'est dommage que vous ayez tant d'engagements en sus de vos devoirs ordinaires. Mais il a été toujours le même avec vous, n'est-ce pas?

Je suis très content ici et je fais quelque progrès je pense. Je n'ai pas encore donné votre lettre à Mr. l'Ambassadeur Reid, quoique je sois allé autrefois à la légation. Il était absent. Toutes vos autres lettres ont fait à moi un bon accueil. Je desir vous remercier encore.



9881, 22. 22. 1889

Mon cher Charles,  
Je fais très humblement  
de recevoir votre lettre hier matin  
et de savoir que vous avez jadis  
et en bonne santé. Mais il a été  
il me semble que vous avez de  
la difficulté de trouver le temps  
de faire un soldat, n'est-ce pas?  
C'est dommage que vous ayez tout  
d'engagement en vue de vos de-  
voirs ordinaires. Mais il a été  
toujours le même avec vous, n'est-ce pas?  
Je suis très content ici et je fais  
quelque progrès. Je vous  
fais encore dans votre lettre à  
Mr. C. Ambrose, mais, quoique je  
sois allé au théâtre à la répétition.  
Il était absent. Mais votre lettre  
l'autre jour a été à moi un bon conseil.  
Je vous remercie encore.

d'écrire à Mr Chauvet pour moi.  
Il préparera un très agréable  
lieu pour nous trois.

Nous ne parlons pas Anglais  
(dites à Jamie) de tout entre nous  
mêmes et seulement occasionnelle-  
ment un mot d'explication à Mr.  
Chauvet ou à une des demoiselles.  
C'est difficile mais nécessaire.

Nos bicycles sont une grande  
addition à notre plaisir et aussi  
une aide à étudier le peuple Français.

Donnez mes amitiés à toute  
de la famille.

Votre affectionné neveu  
O. W. G. Howard

Gen. O. O. Howard  
Governors Island  
New York.



Baltimore Md Dec. 23<sup>d</sup> 89

General O. O. Howard

Sir,

Pardon the liberty I take in addressing you, but as I have no friends from whom I might find assistance I turn to you in my necessity. I received a letter from my husband last week, stating that his good time was stopped on account of some Governors clothing being found in his private trunk, as it was to be expressed to me, He wrote to me that he bought the clothing from Prisoners who were discharged from Castle Williams, & that they were their personal property, & therefore did not think there was anything wrong in buying the clothing, as they were going to dispose of them in the outside. My husband was very careful about not losing his good time, never thought, that



This clothing could come against him, the  
way he obtained them especially. I am the suf-  
ferer now, as I want my husband's help for the  
winter, I cannot work any longer my health  
having failed me, I had to work very hard since  
my husband was confined, to support myself &  
my child, I therefore respectfully ask you to con-  
sider my husband's case, as he was ignorant, & beg  
you let him home to me for the sake of me & my  
child, as I am penniless without his help, so I pray  
you will look my husband's case over & let him  
come home.

Very Respectfully  
Lizzie E. Yeomans  
18 1359 Andre Str.  
Locust Point.

Baltimore Md

Yeomans Lizzie E.

File.

23



302.

GOVERNOR'S ISLAND,  
New York City,

Dec 23 1889.

My dear General:

Your note of  
Dec 21. rec'd. this P. M. also  
The check for \$100.<sup>00</sup> which  
amount I endorsed on the  
note as paid Dec 23.

Am sorry you did not get  
down to see us. I've been  
trying to come up to the Island  
for the past 3 weeks but do  
not find time to leave here  
Col. & Mrs Poland are with us  
now & Grandmother French  
was here for 15 days.

With many wishes to you  
all for a Merry Xmas  
Very truly Yours  
E. J. F. Eble.



23 -

Goble & St J.

File

GOVERNOR'S BILL  
THE JURY



AMERICAN PEACE SOCIETY.

The American Advocate of Peace and Arbitration,  
Room 6, No. 1 Somerset Street,  
BOSTON, MASS.

R. B. HOWARD, Secretary and Editor.

23-

Howard B. B.

File.

Boston Dec. 23/89

Dear Mrs. Olin

Can't you come  
and spend Sunday the  
3<sup>d</sup> Lab. in Jan. with us?

I or some one, would preach  
A.M. & we <sup>should</sup> have a meeting  
for you in the evening to say  
what you pleased in.

Helen joins with me in the  
earnest hope that Lizzie  
can come too — I will  
give you the 20¢ they  
give me for supplying the  
prepit. wants & expenses.  
I am especially desiring  
of a visit from you both  
in our home before other



Changes take place - Come  
as early as by Friday night  
Boat and stay so as to let  
Lizzie & Helen look over the  
Boston shops &c

I write thus early that  
I may make no other  
~~engagement~~ for myself, if  
you can come I will let  
me know very soon - or  
if not that I sh. have  
other one in Jan: &  
Sept the first.

I sent your message  
to Mrs Gilman & attended  
the funeral with my family.

He was buried in Portland.  
With love & Mary's love to  
all

Your aff. Brother  
Reverend



A REVOLUTION IN BREAD MAKING!

## THE FOWLER GEM

Is a Strictly Pure Bread in the form of a light soft biscuit, made and baked by Automatic Steam Machinery of choice flour or meal from selected wheat, corn, rye, oats or other grain, mixed only with pure water, milk or cream, to which is sometimes added for variety, eggs, fruits and nuts, raised by the sudden conversion into steam of the water contained in the dough, by the

### FOWLER METHOD OF BAKING,

which dispenses with the use of all yeast fermentation, baking powders, drugs, chemicals and poisonous gases in the raising process; the greasing of the pans, and every objectionable feature in the bread making art; and preserves all the food elements of the flour, meal and other ingredients, and presents them unimpaired in the most digestible palatable form for food.

THE ACME OF THE BREAD MAKING ART.

Capital Stock, \$100,000.

Shares, \$10 Each.

The Fowler Automatic Baking Company, 303.

Subscription Book Now Open

Previous To Incorporation.

• ✦ • NO 1123 ARCH STREET, ✦ •

Philadelphia, Pa., Dec 23<sup>rd</sup> 1889.

Gen O. O. Howard

My Dear Sir

Hoping to

secure a testimonial from you for the Fowler products I want to express you a sample of the work of the embrio Company. By an entirely new process the invention of Mr. Fowler, unleaven bread is made as palatable if not more so than any other, and the prepared food or "gemlet" is really far superior to any other on the market, but now you will have to find this out and when proven worthy, will you write a few lines for a new publication.

I think this <sup>employment</sup> may be as well for me as the Patent Office Library & certainly free from the red tape process.

Very Truly Yours

Mark H. Hopkins



23-

Hofbauer Mark

File

The Fowler Automatic Baking Company

Subscription Book Now Open  
Previous To Incorporation

4123 ARCH STREET

Philadelphia, Pa. 19102



DR. JAMES E. RHOADS,  
*President.*

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*Vice-President.*

F. HAZEN COPE,  
*Treasurer.*

A. B. WEIMER,  
*Recording Secretary.*

HERBERT WELSH,  
*Corresponding Secretary.*

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F. HAZEN COPE,  
WILLIAM DRAYTON,  
ROBERT FRAZER,  
W. W. FRAZIER, JR.,  
PHILIP C. GARRETT,  
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PROF. E. J. JAMES,  
JAMES MACALISTER,  
CHARLES E. PANCOAST,  
HENRY S. PANCOAST,  
J. RODMAN PAUL,  
DR. JAMES E. RHOADS,  
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A. B. WEIMER,  
RT. REV. O. W. WHITAKER, D. D.,  
HERBERT WELSH,  
E. M. WISTER,  
JAMES A. WRIGHT,

*Executive Committee.*

## Indian Rights Association,

1305 ARCH STREET.

Philadelphia, December 23, 1889

Gen. O. O. Howard.

Dear Gen. Howard:

I thank you much for your valuable letters  
regarding Gen. Morgan. I have made use of both of them in reply-  
ing to the Times.

Faithfully yours,

*Herbert Welsh*

*304.*



Dear Genl Howard:

Gen. 0. 0. 0. Howard

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO

1. ROBERT B. BRYAN

TRADE MARK

TRADEMARK BY APPOINTMENT

10

10

2

10



1875

[illegible]

廣州及大埔縣 王公 廣口河

WILLIAM WALLACE

2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031 2032 2033 2034 2035 2036 2037 2038 2039 2040 2041 2042 2043 2044 2045 2046 2047 2048 2049 2050 2051 2052 2053 2054 2055 2056 2057 2058 2059 2060 2061 2062 2063 2064 2065 2066 2067 2068 2069 2070 2071 2072 2073 2074 2075 2076 2077 2078 2079 2080 2081 2082 2083 2084 2085 2086 2087 2088 2089 2090 2091 2092 2093 2094 2095 2096 2097 2098 2099 2100 2101 2102 2103 2104 2105 2106 2107 2108 2109 2110 2111 2112 2113 2114 2115 2116 2117 2118 2119 2120 2121 2122 2123 2124 2125 2126 2127 2128 2129 2130 2131 2132 2133 2134 2135 2136 2137 2138 2139 2140 2141 2142 2143 2144 2145 2146 2147 2148 2149 2150 2151 2152 2153 2154 2155 2156 2157 2158 2159 2160 2161 2162 2163 2164 2165 2166 2167 2168 2169 2170 2171 2172 2173 2174 2175 2176 2177 2178 2179 2180 2181 2182 2183 2184 2185 2186 2187 2188 2189 2190 2191 2192 2193 2194 2195 2196 2197 2198 2199 2200 2201 2202 2203 2204 2205 2206 2207 2208 2209 2210 2211 2212 2213 2214 2215 2216 2217 2218 2219 2220 2221 2222 2223 2224 2225 2226 2227 2228 2229 2230 2231 2232 2233 2234 2235 2236 2237 2238 2239 2240 2241 2242 2243 2244 2245 2246 2247 2248 2249 2250 2251 2252 2253 2254 2255 2256 2257 2258 2259 2260 2261 2262 2263 2264 2265 2266 2267 2268 2269 2270 2271 2272 2273 2274 2275 2276 2277 2278 2279 2280 2281 2282 2283 2284 2285 2286 2287 2288 2289 2290 2291 2292 2293 2294 2295 2296 2297 2298 2299 2300 2301 2302 2303 2304 2305 2306 2307 2308 2309 2310 2311 2312 2313 2314 2315 2316 2317 2318 2319 2320 2321 2322 2323 2324 2325 2326 2327 2328 2329 2330 2331 2332 2333 2334 2335 2336 2337 2338 2339 2340 2341 2342 2343 2344 2345 2346 2347 2348 2349 2350 2351 2352 2353 2354 2355 2356 2357 2358 2359 2360 2361 2362 2363 2364 2365 2366 2367 2368 2369 2370 2371 2372 2373 2374 2375 2376 2377 2378 2379 2380 2381 2382 2383 2384 2385 2386 2387 2388 2389 2390 2391 2392 2393 2394 2395 2396 2397 2398 2399 2400 2401 2402 2403 2404 2405 2406 2407 2408 2409 2410 2411 2412 2413 2414 2415 2416 2417 2418 2419 2420 2421 2422 2423 2424 2425 2426 2427 2428 2429 2430 2431 2432 2433 2434 2435 2436 2437 2438 2439 2440 2441 2442 2443 2444 2445 2446 2447 2448 2449 2450 2451 2452 2453 2454 2455 2456 2457 2458 2459 2460 2461 2462 2463 2464 2465 2466 2467 2468 2469 2470 2471 2472 2473 2474 2475 2476 2477 2478 2479 2480 2481 2482 2483 2484 2485 2486 2487 2488 2489 2490 2491 2492 2493 2494 2495 2496 2497 2498 2499 2500 2501 2502 2503 2504 2505 2506 2507 2508 2509 2510 2511 2512 2513 2514 2515 2516 2517 2518 2519 2520 2521 2522 2523 2524 2525 2526 2527 2528 2529 2530 2531 2532 2533 2534 2535 2536 2537 2538 2539 2540 2541 2542 2543 2544 2545 2546 2547 2548 2549 2550 2551 2552 2553 2554 2555 2556 2557 2558 2559 2560 2561 2562 2563 2564 2565 2566 2567 2568 2569 2570 2571 2572 2573 2574 2575 2576 2577 2578 2579 2580 2581 2582 2583 2584 2585 2586 2587 2588 2589 2590 2591 2592 2593 2594 2595 2596 2597 2598 2599 2600 2601 2602 2603 2604 2605 2606 2607 2608 2609 2610 2611 2612 2613 2614 2615 2616 2617 2618 2619 2620 2621 2622 2623 2624 2625 2626 2627 2628 2629 2630 2631 2632 2633 2634 2635 2636 2637 2638 2639 2640 2641 2642 2643 2644 2645 2646 2647 2648 2649 2650 2651 2652 2653 2654 2655 2656 2657 2658 2659 2660 2661 2662 2663 2664 2665 2666 2667 2668 2669 2670 2671 2672 2673 2674 2675 2676 2677 2678 2679 2680 2681 2682 2683 2684 2685 2686 2687 2688 2689 2690 2691 2692 2693 2694 2695 2696 2697 2698 2699 2700 2701 2702 2703 2704 2705 2706 2707 2708 2709 2710 2711 2712 2713 2714 2715 2716 2717 2718 2719 2720 2721 2722 2723 2724 2725 2726 2727 2728 2729 2730 2731 2732 2733 2734 2735 2736 2737 2738 2739 2740 2741 2742 2743 2744 2745 2746 2747 2748 2749 2750 2751 2752 2753 2754 2755 2756 2757 2758 2759 2760 2761 2762 2763 2764 2765 2766 2767 2768 2769 2770 2771 2772 2773 2774 2775 2776 2777 2778 2779 2780 2781 2782 2783 2784 2785 2786 2787 2788 2789 2790 2791 2792 2793 2794 2795 2796 2797 2798 2799 2800 2801 2802 2803 2804 2805 2806 2807 2808 2809 2810 2811 2812 2813 2814 2815 2816 2817 2818

0.000000

CLARK, J. W.

1

Indian English Class

File -

1. *Chrysomelidae* (Beetles) - 10 specimens  
 2. *Curculionidae* (Weevils) - 10 specimens  
 3. *Chrysomelidae* (Beetles) - 10 specimens  
 4. *Curculionidae* (Weevils) - 10 specimens  
 5. *Chrysomelidae* (Beetles) - 10 specimens  
 6. *Curculionidae* (Weevils) - 10 specimens  
 7. *Chrysomelidae* (Beetles) - 10 specimens  
 8. *Curculionidae* (Weevils) - 10 specimens  
 9. *Chrysomelidae* (Beetles) - 10 specimens  
 10. *Curculionidae* (Weevils) - 10 specimens

1305 ARCH STREET.

Philadelphia, December 23, 1889

*W. M. M.*



310.

Personal.

War Department.  
Office of the Secretary.  
Washington.

December 23, 1889.

My Dear General:-

Your communication to General Hawley received, and I have forwarded the same to him, and also a copy to General Cutcheon, Chairman of the House Committee.

I also received a communication from you several days since in regard to the appointment of your son to a second lieutenancy, but in the unfortunate fire on my desk, of which you doubtless saw a notice, your letter and inclosures were completely destroyed. Will you please forward duplicates, and they will be duly considered at the proper time. It is not likely that there will be any appointments from civil life for several months, if at all. So far as my action is concerned, I shall not recommend any appointments unless <sup>of</sup> graduates of West Point who have been honorably discharged, (which are in the excepted class,) until there are vacancies enough existing or in sight to provide for the next class from the Academy. This seems to be the explicit requirement of the Regulations.

Very respectfully yours,

*Redfield Proctor*

Gen. O. O. Howard.

United States Army.



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Frederick Redfield

Was kept of

File -

War Department,  
Office of the Secretary,  
Washington.

December 23, 1890.

My Dear General:-

Your communication to General Henry received, and I have forwarded the same to him, and also a copy to General Cutcheon, Chairman of the Board Committee.

I also received a communication from you several days since in regard to the appointment of your son to a second Lieutenantcy, but in the unfortunate fire on my desk, of which you doubtless saw a notice, your letter and inclosures were completely destroyed. Will you please forward duplicates, and they will be duly considered at the proper time. It is not likely that there will be any appointments from civil life for several months, if at all. So far as my action is concerned, I shall not recommend any appointments unless graduates of West Point who have been honorably discharged, (which are in the excepted class), until there are vacancies enough existing or in sight to provide for the next class from the Academy. This seems to be the explicit requirement of the Regulations.

Very respectfully yours,

*Frederick Redfield*

Gen. O. O. Howard,  
United States Army.

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File

Chamberlin A.M. 7-

342.

THE  
Chamber of Commerce  
and Board of Trade  
of Denver, Colo.  
invites Genl O. O. Howard

to meet its members and friends at the  
Annual Banquet of the Chamber,  
at the Windsor,  
Tuesday evening, January 7<sup>th</sup> 1890,  
at nine o'clock.

H. B. Chamberlin President,

Invitation Committee.

J. B. Porter.	Donald Fletcher.	S. M. Allen.
J. E. Bates.	C. F. Wilson.	A. C. Fish.
R. R. Wright.	C. B. Kountze.	J. B. Grant.
C. L. Morey.	J. L. McNeil.	H. A. W. Tabor.
J. M. Berkey.	M. J. McNamara.	P. L. Rockfingor.

Denver, Dec. 23<sup>rd</sup> 1889.

An early answer will be appreciated.



The  
Honorable  
of the  
of the  
of the

to meet its members and friends at the  
Annual Banquet of the  
at the

Thursday evening January 2nd 1891  
at nine o'clock

Wm. C. Chamberlain President  
President Chamberlain

- |                    |                 |
|--------------------|-----------------|
| Wm. C. Chamberlain | President       |
| Wm. C. Chamberlain | Vice President  |
| Wm. C. Chamberlain | Secretary       |
| Wm. C. Chamberlain | Treasurer       |
| Wm. C. Chamberlain | Member at Large |
| Wm. C. Chamberlain | Member at Large |
| Wm. C. Chamberlain | Member at Large |
| Wm. C. Chamberlain | Member at Large |

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