

dictated.

Northern Pacific Rail Road Company,

President's Office.

H. Villard,  
President.

New York, February 24, 1883.

General O. O. Howard,  
Omaha, Neb.

Dear Sir,

Referring to the letter of commendation you addressed to me relative to Rev. A. T. Cowley, of Spokane Falls, W. T., I beg to enclose herewith copy of a letter from the General Counsel of the Company, in which he defines the position the Company is obliged to assume towards the gentleman named.

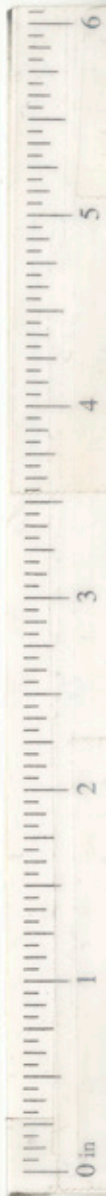
Respectfully yours  
H. Villard.



Dear Sir,

New York  
Feb 24. 1883

Enclosed by the  
Deak. Sheet 2.





copy

February 15. 1883.

H. Villard, Esq

Pres't. N. P. R. R. Co.

Sir,

I have carefully considered the subject matter of the letter of Rev. A. J. Crowley, dated Spokane Falls, W. I. Jan'y 23. 1883, and respectfully submit the following report thereon.

Mr. Crowley says he came to the Spokane Country in 1874, and located on the farm of an Indian named Enoch Siliquowya, who had enclosed about 170 acres; that Enoch desired Mr. Crowley to accept about 20 acres for dwelling house and garden, which he accepted and cleared; that in the Winter of 1875-6, desiring to ascertain the validity of Enoch's title, he inquired, by letter of the U. S. Land Office, at Walla Walla, but the Register, finding the land to belong to the Northern Pacific R. R. Co. forwarded the letter to the Agent of the Company at New Tacoma; that in reply to that letter Genl. Sprague, as Assistant Land Commissioner, wrote to Mr. Crowley under date of Feb. 2. 1876. to the effect that the Company was receiving applications for

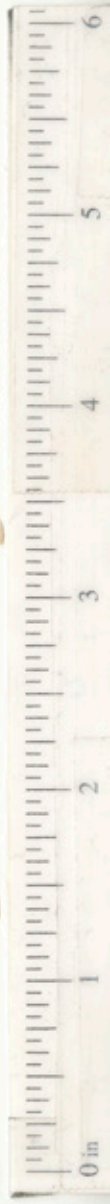


off

February 12 1883

H. Villard Esq  
Genl N. O. R. Co.

I have carefully compared the subject matter  
of the letter of Genl N. O. R. Co., dated December 20. 1882, and respectfully submit the following report  
thereon.  
The Genl says he came to the Northern County  
in 1874 and located on the farm of an Indian  
named Enck. Enck, who had understood about  
170 acres, that Enck claimed the Genl to occupy  
about 20 acres for dwelling house and garden  
which he occupied and cleared that in the  
winter of 1875, claiming to ascertain the validity  
of Enck's title, he inquired by letter of the U. S. Genl  
Office at Walla Walla, but the Register finding  
the land to belong to the Northern Pacific R. R. Co.  
forwarded the letter to the Agent of the Company  
at New Tacoma, that in reply to that letter  
Genl Enck, as Assistant Land Commissioner, wrote  
to the Genl in date of Feb. 2. 1877 to the effect  
that the Company was claiming the land for





locations; that the descriptions of lands applied for, dates &c., are noted in Tract Books, and the applications placed on file; and that the applicants complying with certain conditions, would be entitled to the preference in the purchase of the lands when placed on the market, when the price would be fixed according to the value of the land unimproved.

Mr. Cowley says he then made applications to purchase E<sup>1/2</sup> of N.E.<sup>1/4</sup> and the N.E.<sup>1/4</sup> of S.E.<sup>1/4</sup> of section 19. Township 25 North Range 43 East. - 120 acres - and Genl. Sprague acknowledged the receipt of the application March 13. 1876. (Eighty acres of this land are part of Enoch's claim, and the other forty acres. Mr. Cowley says he purchased from a white man who had purchased from the Indians) He further represents that he settled on, cultivated, and otherwise improved these "three forty acre tracts," and is willing to pay a reasonably enhanced price therefor. He says you have allowed Enoch \$2,000. for about 160 acres, and as his claim includes half of this, he is willing to pay \$1,000. and a reasonable price in addition, and he asks you to set such a price as will enable him to purchase the land.



as will most him to purchase the land  
excitation and he asks you to act such as  
willing to pay \$1000. and a reasonable price  
150 acres and as his claim includes half of this he is  
therefore. He says you have allowed about 2000. front  
and is willing to pay a reasonably enhanced price  
and otherwise improved these "thin fast are tracts".  
The further information that he uttered or, certainly,  
a whole man who had purchased from the (Lumber)  
the other forty acres. Mr. Corby says he purchased from  
Eight acres of this land are part of Grants claim and  
therefore the receipt of the application March 12, 1861.  
that Grants's debt. 120 acres and Grant's share as  
purchase 6<sup>th</sup> of 1861 and the 18<sup>th</sup> of 1861 of section 19. Grants's  
Mr. Corby says he has made application to  
remain improved.

located according to the value of the land  
placed on the market, when the price would  
performance in the purchase of the lands when  
with certain conditions, would be entitled to the  
placed on file; and that the applicant's complaint  
for date 1861, are noted in Grant's book, and the application  
location; that the descriptions of lands applied



You are aware of the difficulties which were thrown in the way of the Company, in its efforts to get peaceable possession of the land claimed to be occupied by Enoch, (which no one doubted was the property of the Company) and at the same time treat the Indian with liberality, and gratify the wishes of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs. These difficulties were in no slight degree, caused by the representations and action of Mr. Cowley. Under date of April 7. 1882. he wrote to the Commissioner, introducing the subject by saying. "The case of an Indian, in which law defeats its own object - i. e. - of securing justice to the weak, is before me, and is so distressing that I am urged to present to you, with the hope that you will be able to do something to alleviate the rank injustice, by which he is threatened."

Mr. Cowley does not inform the Commissioner that he himself wanted one half of the land claimed for the Indian, and forty acres more, on the contrary, he wrote to the Commissioner that "Enoch Siligumaya of the Spokane tribe has occupied and cultivated S<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> of N.E.<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> and N<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> of S.E.<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> of Section 19. Town. 25 N. Range. 43 East, for about eighteen years. He has fenced portions of it







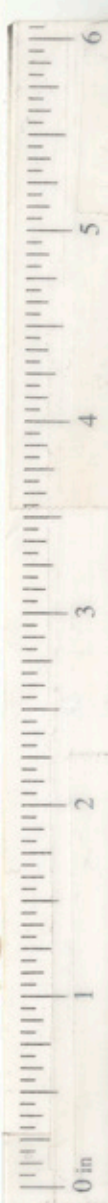
"four times, and twice enclosed something over 160 acres.  
 "He has a good log cabin, three barns, root house  
 "and wood shed, &c; and further - that "The Railroad Co. are  
 "now anxious to have possession of this land for the  
 "purpose of laying it off into town lots, in which shape  
 "its value would be about \$10,000."

In Mr. Crowley's letter to you now before me, he states  
 that he himself, cultivated, and improved the entire  
 east half of the land which he represented  
 and stated to the Commissioner of Indian Affairs was occupied  
 and cultivated by Euweh. When Mr. Crowley says that "the  
 payment you have allowed to the Indian is two  
 thousand dollars for about 160 acres" (of which sum  
 he offers to pay one half and a reasonable price in  
 addition) he overlooked the fact, which he well knew,  
 that you paid, or agreed to pay, nothing for the land,  
 it being beyond all questions already the property  
 of the Company. The payment of \$2,000 (an amount  
 more than double the value of all the improvements)  
 was made for the purposes before mentioned and not  
 in any sense for the <sup>land</sup> or title thereto.

Under the circumstances of the case I  
 am of opinion and I so report, that Mr. Crowley



one of opinion and I am informed that the County  
thru the circumstances of the case &  
in any case for the <sup>land</sup> or the tract.  
was made for the purpose before mentioned and  
more than double the value of all the improvements  
of the Company. The payment of \$25000 (an amount  
it being beyond all question already the property  
that you paid or agreed to pay nothing for the land  
in addition to the fact which is well known  
to offer to pay one half and a reasonable price for  
the same dollars for about 150 acres (of which some  
payments you have allowed to the business in two  
and estimated by such. When the County says that the  
and states to the Commission of the affairs was confirmed  
great half of the land which is represented  
that he himself cultivated and improved the entire  
the the County then to you now before me to state  
the value would be about \$10,000.





has no claim, legal or equitable on the Company  
or to any part of the land he mentioned.

Mr Cowley's services to the Government and to  
the public, in promoting peace among the Indians  
certainly merit recognition and reward; but it is  
not either the province or power of this corporation  
to recompense him for those services.

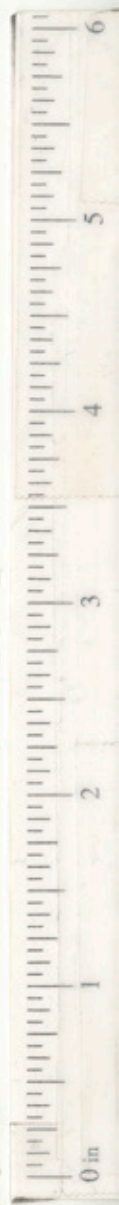
Yours respectfully,  
(Sig) Geo Gray.

Genl. Counsel



has no claim, legal or equitable on the company  
or to any part of the land he mentions.  
The Board's services to the Government are to  
the public in promoting their interest the business  
certainly need no compensation and reward, but it is  
not within the province or power of this corporation  
to remunerate him for those services.

Yours respectfully,  
(Sd) Geo. W. Brown.  
Genl. Counsel





I would often be troubled to get an ambulance to go to the Fort on official duty, on one excuse, or pretext, than an other. My Coal would come to me with so much dust and dirt, that it was difficult to burn it. I personally called attention to it - told the Capt., I had no man to help me, and here I could not get one. I had to make it over with my own hands, to get lump to burn. But it grew worse rather than better. I went down and saw the men unload a large load, at the public office, and there was not a bushel of dirt or dust in it. I saw that I was sorely imposed upon. The daily paper which is brought to the business office, then sent around to the officers houses, was stopped - and I had to go after mine, or when I could not walk with rheumatism, send my little girl 4 years old. A funeral occurring in the city and the Minister away sick, they telephoned for me to attend the funeral and preach the sermon - The reply sent back by some one in the office, was, "we don't know anything about him". While he kept three Cows, and other officers, one and two, he refused me forage for mine, and I gave up my Cow, and bought poor milk for my little children. My Coal bill for December was only

Personal &  
unofficial

Cheyenne Depot. W Y. 215  
February 24. 1883.

Major General. O O Howard.

My dear General.

Your letter of the 19 inst, is before me. I would not trouble you with a reply, but for the fact that you are under grave misapprehension in regard to my situation here at Camp Parlin. To deliberately deceive a fellow man, is a crime. To allow a man to be deceived, when it is in our power to prevent it, is but little less criminal. I have thoughtfully, and prayerfully considered this whole matter; and regard it a duty I owe to you, as a distinguished Christian gentleman, to state to you as briefly as possible, the plain simple facts, touching our stay and treatment at this Depot. As we are writing to each other in a plain, brotherly, and unofficial way, my only object shall be to place the truth before you, that my cause may be fully justified in your eyes. I prize your good opinion above silver and gold.



I can, personally, well afford to leave the author of our, unrest and unhappiness, in the hands of Him who has said, "Beloved, avenge not yourselves, but rather give place to wrath: for it is written, 'vengeance is mine, I will repay,' said the Lord". But for the fact that I have just entered the army, and that in twenty five years of public life, I never had a personal difficulty with a human being in my life — in twenty five years ministry, I never had a Church trial — I should <sup>have</sup> brought our treatment to the notice of my superiors, officially. But I chose to suffer wrong, as patiently as possible. My moving up here, was not of my own seeking.

Capt. Lord, seemed to have unusual anxiety to have us come. He told me and Mrs. Merrill, that there was no room for a servant, in this house, but if we would come, within five days after we got here, he would have a room completed.

We were ordered here, and came. I waited two weeks, and no move was made to build the room. Our servant girl was sleeping in our dining room — there she had to have her trunk, change her clothes, and live. — —

I called his attention to the matter, and he promised it should be done at once. Up to this time we had been treated, politely and well. I wrote you, partly at Capt. Lord's suggestion, that we were well pleased, and spoke in high terms of him — only regretting that he was not a Christian. I shall not soon be betrayed into a similar course again! Two weeks more passed and no room — Again I appealed to have it done. Two weeks, nearly, passed again, and nothing done. Our girl would not stay any longer, unless we could provide her a room to put her things in, and sleep in. I wrote Capt. Lord a note, asking him to be frank with me, and if could not help us as he had promised, in the matter of a servants room, to say so: and I would lay the matter before you. At this he took offence: and charged me with being influenced against him, by officers at Fort Russell. When convinced that I had spoken to no one on the subject, and no one to me, he gave that up — He immediately built the room — but he was changed toward us. Outwardly, for a while, he maintained seemingly pleasant feelings — but one thing after another, began to be neglected, and one slight after another to appear. Life began to be unpleasant.



You will not wonder at any discontent.  
You, as my ideal of a Soldier, and  
and Christian Gentleman, will not  
blame me for desiring a transfer,  
to a Climate where I can live without  
such physical suffering. My right  
lung, has been so congested, the  
result of an old army injury, that the  
only way I could rest, was to blister  
with mustard, or Croton oil, for day together.  
My dear friend, this sad recital, would  
never have been made, only that you  
could not understand my discontent. —  
I wish here to say, that not a man, at  
The Fort, from the officer in command,  
to the most humble private, ever, by  
word or deed, treated me other than  
with perfect respect. I believe they  
will say the same of me. The same  
is true here at this depot - with the  
exception now made. You got my official  
request for transfer. I hope you felt free to  
concur in it. This is simply a reply to your letter,  
and absolutely private. May God bless you, and  
all dear to you, & preserve your precious life long  
to the Church of Christ. Obduently - Sherman M. Merrill.

(5)  
three dollars - for January, I was charged with  
9900 pounds - with the same fires. I told  
the Clerk there was some mistake - I had  
not, and could not sur that amount. The  
Captain went raiding mad about it. I paid  
the bill, but this month have turned out  
one load, as against four loads charged  
to me last month. When the hard blow  
came a few weeks ago, the new building, which  
he is adding to this house, was just raised.  
The frame just up - in the night the whole  
frame came down with a crash on top  
of our house - knocking the chimney off - we  
thought the whole house was going - Mrs M.  
hastily wrapped her babe in a blanket, and  
and taking the other little children, fled to  
the back part of the house - I put the fire out  
to keep the house from taking fire, and  
we sat there till nine o'clock in the  
morning - I was so lame, I could only walk  
by holding on the back of chairs - no one  
came near us - at last a boy came in  
from one of the neighbors, to see how we  
were - It was fifteen degrees below zero,  
and no fire in my house, save in the



Back part - Mrs Merrill frightened nearly  
to spasms. I wrote a note to Capt Ford  
politely asking him if he would not send  
up a man to see what could be done  
for us. He took my note, and with his  
pencil wrote, right across the face of  
it, "That man don't live who can help you -  
when the storm is over, I will see to it". -

Call you this Comeforth?

One night when I had asked, as  
usual, for an ambulance to take me  
to Fort Russell to preach, I sat and  
waited till time, when one of his men  
came to my door and said, "Major  
sent him to say I was not expected  
at Fort Russell, and no transportation  
would be furnished". Next morning I  
walked through the snow to the Fort, to  
see what was the matter, and found  
that some one had telephoned down  
asking to have my appointment taken  
up. The Commander supposing the  
request came from me, took it up -  
I walked home; and was not able  
to walk again, only about my room with

the aid of chairs for three days - So we have  
lived. I went to him to request an ambu-  
lance, a few days ago, to go to look after  
the schools at the Fort, when he took  
occasion to call me, at my face, a J-d, d-d  
"Scoundrel" and "Liar". Called me a d-d "Spy".  
Said I had "always associated with  
d-d scoundrels and hypocrites, and now  
come into the army among gentlemen, and  
I did not know to treat them". &c &c - -

I did not soil myself, by making any  
reply, other than that I was "sorry for  
him". Do you think, if I was perfectly  
well, I could endure such treatment?

Yes, General, I have a "nice wife and  
children", too nice, to be treated thus!  
You can look over the list of names <sup>I sent you,</sup> to  
which I could add <sup>a</sup>thousand more, equally  
high and honorable, and say whether,  
as my "friends" and "associates", they are  
"d-d scoundrels". May God pity such a man -  
for in my heart of hearts, I do. - - -

These things have nothing to do with  
my asking for a "transfer". I am not  
able to endure this climate. I ask, as  
a favor, to be transferred where I can live.



I <sup>P.S.</sup> omitted to tell you in regard to a "detail  
of soldiers for my asking" - that there were  
no soldiers here, and I could not of course  
have them sent from Fort Russell; and  
I could not hire any body here, as there  
are no persons living <sup>at this camp,</sup> except those  
employed by the government. I have  
had to shovel snow, split my own  
wood, and bring in much of the coal.  
I have been compelled to take my own  
Commissary stores, and things from the  
Quartermaster store, in my arms.  
This has helped to break me down.

I could not get a closet fixed <sup>up</sup> for  
the use of my wife and little children;  
and they have been compelled to wade  
through the snow to an old out building,  
that would drift a foot deep with snow:  
while every other officer here, had a bath  
room and closet, warmed by a stove.

I know, and you can know, that my  
wife was as well born and raised  
as any lady in this camp, or in  
the Territory. But it is past now -  
and I will forgive and forget

J M M



Merrell, Nov. 8. 1883.

Cherbourg

Oct 24. 1883

Ed



Phelps, Mrs A. D.

File

To Framingham  
Feb 24. 1883.

File

Gen Howard -

Sherborn Feb 24<sup>th</sup>/83

Dear Sir. -

I gladly avail myself of  
your kind offer to transfer & en-  
dorse my letter to Gov Dawes. -

I should not have delayed thus  
but I did not wish to seem  
discourteous to Rev Mr Samson,  
who had kindly offered to co-  
operate in his (Huntwells) re-  
lease. - Mr Samson. wished me  
to say to you that he had already  
written to Hon John M Thayer with  
inference to this matter. but  
thought your suggestion to be  
wise. - I did understand you  
that the affair was in the hands

2/3



of the civil authorities but I pre-  
sume something in my letter led  
you to think otherwise. What-  
ever results from our efforts I  
have at least learnt more fully  
the power & preciousness of Christian  
sympathy. One thing I'd like to  
ask you about & that is the chances  
of Flintwell's gaining a livelihood  
in the West. or will this disgrace  
prevent any one from employing  
him at his release? - I was  
also to tell you that you would  
hear from Rev Mr Lomson in a  
few days. — Greatful for your  
kindness I remain

With Regard -  
Abhi D Phipps.

Pb. J. Framingham  
Mass. -



very great benefit to me.

May I further ask if you  
would feel disposed to give me  
the weight of your personal endorse-  
ment on my application?

Sincerely hoping that in thus  
writing to you I have not trans-  
gressed the bounds of propriety,  
I beg to remain,

Very respectfully,

Your obedient servant,

Sam<sup>l</sup> O. L. Potter

General O. O. Howard,  
U.S. Army

P.S. I have Gen<sup>l</sup> McCook's permission  
to write to you directly.

Chas S. O. L. Potter



Fort Douglas, Utah.

Feb 24. 1883.

General,

I have the honor to address you  
personally, relying on your friendship  
for Col. Robert, U. S. Engineers, to condone  
the liberty which I take in doing so.  
Col. Robert told me that he would write  
to you recommending me to your notice,  
and also assured me that you would  
aid any effort I might make to advance  
myself.

Since I came into the Department  
(Nov 1<sup>st</sup>) I have had three stations. During  
these moves I have been occupied in  
compiling manuscript and reading proof  
of two volumes which are in press by  
Messrs Blakiston of Philadelphia. The  
necessary expenses of myself and wife  
have been double my income, and



the difficulty of doing literary work has been very great.

Every officer I have been associated with has urged my applying for permission to appear before the Army Medical Board, urging as my plea for the overlooking of the age limit, that I have been connected with the Army since I was 17 years old. Your Medical Director has written me to say that he will approve my application, which has already received the endorsements of Col. Gentry, Dr. Vickers, Col. Anderson, Dr. McElderry, Col. Sumner, and Col. Robert, - and will shortly reach your headquarters. If this is not successful, I expect to apply for a commission as 2nd

Lieut. and if I obtain it, to renew my application for the Medical Examination next year.

In stating these facts I do not desire to be understood as complaining of the exigencies which have caused my being moved so much - but I would respectfully ask you personally whether there is any likelihood that I will be moved again before spring, or any chance of my contract being annulled before my year is up.

If I could, without detriment to the interests of the service, remain at my present post until the result of my application for examination is known, it would be a



*W. B. Howard*  
**STEELE, JOHNSON & CO.**

**Wholesale Grocers**

642 Demarest & Co. St. Louis

*W. B. Howard*  
*Omaha Nebraska*

*219*  
FEB. 24TH. 1883

GEN. O. O. HOWARD.

CITY.

*W. B. Howard*  
DEAR SIR:- THE 18TH. ST. M.E. SUNDAY SCHOOL WILL  
BE PLEASED TO HAVE YOU PRESENT AT THEIR CONCERT TO BE GIVEN SUNDAY EVEN-  
ING, MARCH 4TH, AND TO HAVE YOU FAVOR THEM WITH AN ADDRESS. KINDLY AD-  
VISE THE UNDERSIGNED IF IT WILL BE CONVENIENT FOR YOU TO DO SO.

YOURS FRATEERNALLY,

D.M. HAVERLY, SUP'T.

E. B.





Henry D. McK.

Quaker, N.Y.  
Feb. 24. 1883.

Answer by the  
Rev. Mr. 1/83

5710

FEB. 24TH. 1883

GEN. O. O. HOWARD.

CITY.

DEAR SIR,

BE PLEASED TO HAVE YOU PRESENT AT THEIR CONCERT TO BE GIVEN SUNDAY EVEN-

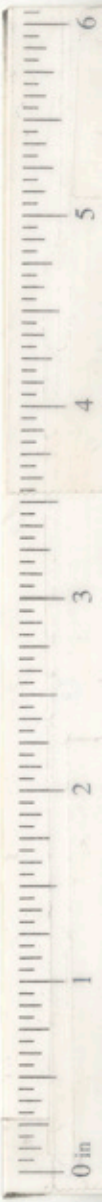
ING, MARCH 4TH, AND TO HAVE YOU FAVOR THEM WITH AN ADDRESS. KINDLY AD-

VISE THE UNDERIGNED IF IT WILL BE CONVENIENT FOR YOU TO DO SO.

YOURS FRATERNALLY,

D. M. HAVELY, SUP'T.

E. B.





NEBRASKA

222 Sunday School Association.

State Secretary's Office.

KEARNEY, NEB., February 24, 1883.

Outline of programme for State Convention to be held at Columbus,  
Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday, June 12, 13 and 14, 1883:

Central Topic: Our work to save souls.

TUESDAY EVENING.

Address of Welcome.

Response by the President.

Address.

WEDNESDAY MORNING.

1. Our work in Organizing in Nebraska.
  - a Its Necessity.
  - b Its methods: State, District, County, etc.
- Reports of Officers and Delegates.

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON.

2. Our work in Saving Souls.
  - a The object of the Sunday School.
  - b The Methods of the Sunday School.

WEDNESDAY EVENING.

Address.

THURSDAY MORNING.

- Business: Reports of Committees, Election of Officers, etc.  
Thanks-offering for State Work.
- c Spirituality in Teaching.

THURSDAY AFTERNOON.

- d Motives and aims in Teaching.
- e Building of Christian character and Life in the Sunday School.
- f Relation of the congregation to the Sunday School.

THURSDAY EVENING.

Address or Bible Reading. Closing words.

Leading speakers on topics are limited to thirty minutes. A half-hour devotional meeting will be held during the sessions at 10:30 A. M., and 3 P. M., each day.

For Programme Committee,

H. B. GILBERT,  
State Secretary.

State Secy



AGE, Fremont.  
 VICE SEC. AND TREAS.,  
 H. B. GILBERT, Kearney.  
 CHAIRMAN EX. COM.,  
 A. P. HOPKINS, Fremont.





AGE,  
Fremont.  
ATE SEC. AND TREAS.,  
H. B. GILBERT,  
Kearney.  
CHAIRMAN EX. COM.,  
A. P. HOPKINS,  
Fremont.

NEBRASKA  
SUNDAY SCHOOL ASSOCIATION.

STATE SECRETARY'S OFFICE.

Kearney, Neb., July 26, 1882.

Gen O. O. Howard

Omaha Neb

Dear Bro - The program  
Committee of our State Sunday School  
Assoc<sup>n</sup> met last week and arranged  
an outline programme which please  
find herewith, and at their request  
I hereby invite you to give us an  
address on Wednesday or Thursday  
evening, the subject your own choice.

Our State Assoc<sup>n</sup> is 15 years old and  
S. S. work in the State is in prosperous  
condition. Three fourths of the Counties  
of the State have organized County S. S.  
Associations auxiliary to the State  
Assoc<sup>n</sup> and generally in good order.

Let me hear from you at an early date

Yours with kind regards  
H. B. Gilbert  
State Secy



Gilbert, H. B.

Kearney, Neb.  
Feb 26. 1883.

Answer by the  
Genl March 5/83



218  
Ashland, Nebraska  
Febry. 26. 1883

To Maj. Genl. O. O. Howard  
Omaha  
Nebr.

Dear Sir:

I am requested  
by the members of the G. A. R.  
Post of this place and their  
friends to ask if you <sup>will</sup> de-  
liver your Lecture on "The  
Battle of Gettysburg" at  
Opera House here at an  
early date? If so, will  
you please state what you  
will charge us and what  
date will suit your con-  
venience.

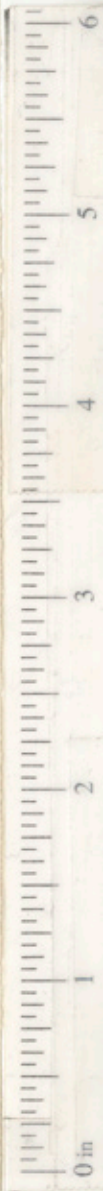
Very Respectfully  
A. D. Cook  
Comdr. B. Co. 2460th Regt.



Cook. A. W.

Ashland, Neb.  
Feb 26. 1883.

File





San Francisco July 26<sup>th</sup> /83

Dear General

220

I rec<sup>d</sup> your telegram stating that you would meet Mr Van Harcom & my niece at the Depot and inviting them to your house. Many thanks for your kindness & Mrs BB says she will avail herself of it. They leave tomorrow & that will bring them in Omaha on Sat<sup>ay</sup> aft<sup>n</sup> 3<sup>rd</sup> March. & they will be glad to stop with you over Sunday and leave on Monday morning by Living City R.R. for Minna Minn.

Excuse my not writing much now as it is nearly time to have this in the P.O. I hope yourself and family are all well.

Yours Very Sincerely

To  
Gen O. O. Howard  
Omaha

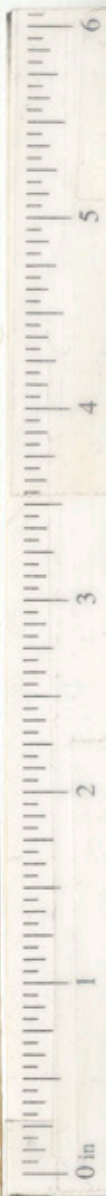
Adeline Van Harcom



San Francisco, Cal.

San Francisco  
Feb 26. 1883.

File





AGENCY OF THE

161  
New England Mutual Life Insurance Co.,

No 24, LE DROIT BUILDING,

Washington, D. C.

Feb. 27<sup>th</sup> 1883

P. O. Box 378.

Gen. O. O. Howard

Omaha, Nebraska

Dear Sir:

Please sign the enclosed Distribution Receipt, and return by mail, and I will send you the Company's Interest Receipt in settlement of your account, as per enclosed statement.

Respectfully Yours  
W. Lincoln Agt.  
W. A. D.



Lincoln, R.

Washington, D.C.  
Feb 2<sup>nd</sup>. 1883.

Answered by the  
Genl. Feb 2/83.

New England



AGENCY OF THE

# New England Mutual Life Insurance Company,

NO. 24 LE DROIT BUILDING,

Washington, D. C., Feb. 27/1883.

Gen  
Mr. O. O. Howard

Dear Sir: Omaha Nebraska.

The Premium on Policy No. 20485 with  
this Company falls due on the 1<sup>st</sup> of March next.

Annual Premium, 2 1/4% Disch. \$ 50.75

Interest on Outstanding Notes, (\$ 365.88 ) \$ 21.95

PAYABLE AS FOLLOWS:

By Loan Note, . . . \$

By Quarterly Notes, { 3 mos. \$  
6 " \$

To be endorsed on Note  
Amount of Cash, \$ 28.80

Please present this Notice at time of payment.

Respectfully,

HARTWELL LINCOLN,

General Agent.

All Policies issued by this Company are governed by the  
Massachusetts Non-Forfeiture Law.



These Policies issued by this Company are covered by the  
Massachusetts Non-Resident Law

HARTWELL LINCOLN,  
General Agent.

Respectfully,

Please present this Notice at time of payment.

The undersigned is Cash. \$ 28.80

By Quarterly Notes.

By Loan Note.

PAYABLE AS FOLLOWS:

Interest on Outstanding Notes, \$ 2.15

Annual Premium, \$ 20.75

This Company falls due on the 1st of January next.  
The Premium on Policy covered to end of year

Dear Sir: Charles H. Lincoln.

Wm. O. Lincoln

Washington, D. C., July 1883.

No. 24 LE DROIT BUILDING.

New England Mutual Life Insurance Company

AGENCY OF THE



Detroit Light Guard  
At Home,  
Amory, Jefferson Avenue,  
Friday, March 30<sup>th</sup> 1883,  
2 to 5 o'clock.



H.T.O.

Gen. O. O. Howard

Feb 28. 1883

Delivered by





LIBRARY OF THE  
UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO





Gen. O. O. Howard  
Omaha Neb

Sir: The Detroit Light Guard  
respectfully invites you to be present as an  
Honorary Guest on the occasion of a Governor's  
Levee and Military Reception to the Honorable  
Josiah W. Begole, Governor of Michigan, and  
Staff at the City of Detroit, Michigan, March  
thirtieth 1883.

Very Respectfully

James F. Joy,	Thomas W. Palmer,	A. P. Beniteau,
Wm. G. Thompson,	Wm. A. Moore,	Fred. E. Farnsworth,
Don M. Dickinson,	James L. Edson,	L. A. Murphy,
R. A. Alger,	James C. Pittman,	E. J. Ensign,
of Honorary Corps,	of Veteran Corps,	of Active Corps.

Feb 23, 1883  
Detroit, Feb. 1883.

An early response is respectfully requested.



