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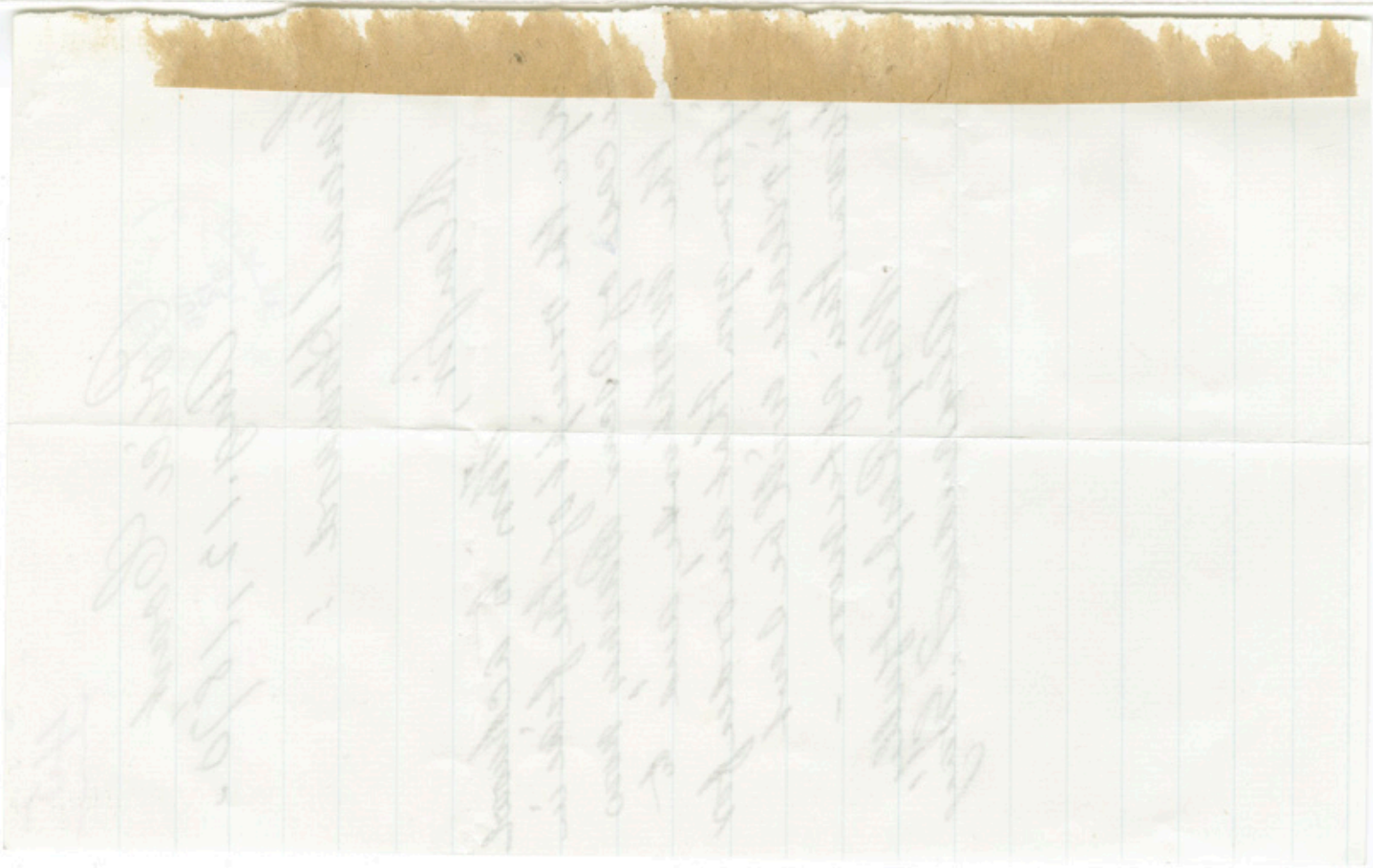
Police Court,
Aug. 12, 1870.

General Howard:

Dear Sir,

This to acknowledge the receipt of the fine in the case of Oscar Barney, now in the Workhouse, and to inform you that an order for his release will be sent down this afternoon.

Very Respectfully,
Alexander T. Gray



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BRANCH OFFICE,

National Freedman's Savings and Trust Co.,

Charleston ~~Beaufort~~, S. C., Aug 17 12 1870

Col. D. L. Eaton

Actuary. Washington.

Dear Sir.

I had intended leaving here last night - but shall be detained until tomorrow morning -

I had promised Capt. Tonking that on my return to Beaufort, I would, with the Advisory Committee consider his complaints respecting Bounty matters - so far as it might seem proper. He left town however the morning after my arrival - and I was informed by Sheriff Williams that he (Tonking) had said he would not show Mr Harris any of the papers he had in hand. It was reported that Delany and Whipper were making unfriendly representations and that they intended laying the affidavits they claim

to have before the Grand Jury of the U. S. Court. I may say here that Major Delany - to whom you may remember I showed some courtesy in New Orleans - has avoided me at each of my recent visits to Beaufort. I never heard him speak an unkind word about Genl Howard - but I am credibly informed that lately at a gathering of white and colored people he "cursed the General". You can thus discover some reason for his bitterness toward the Bureau - because of the relations of the Genl. toward the Bureau.

I however called together several members of the Committee - stated to them Tonkings charge - showed them the entries upon our books - and satisfied them that Mr Scovel had conducted the business - so far certainly as the special cases were considered - in a proper and judicious manner.

It is currently reported that both Delany and Tonking claim that if

they can get Scovel out of the way they can get the Bank - each one desiring to be Cashier.

I can discover nothing - in any of the matters - in which they charge Scovel has acted improperly - but I trust that if there appears anything in their representations to Washington worthy of attention - Genl Balloch will send some one to look into it and give the scoundrels their quietus -

The business prospects at Beaufort are excellent - and you will find deposits increasing very soon. The Merchants have drawn closely - but will soon work up their balances again.

I regret to have to report - that there has been no meeting - of the Advisory Committee - at which a quorum was present since last December. The Chairman and others explain it - by saying that many of the members have been absent from the City - so that they would lack some of a quorum

at each meeting. I have said to Mr Scovil and members that it must not continue - such a state of affairs - but that if they fail of a quorum at the regular meeting - they must adjourn and continue adjournments for short times - until they succeed in securing a quorum - using during the time constant diligence to that end.

I also called Mr Scovil's attention to your Circular of last Fall, requiring monthly reports of the doings of Committees - and impressed upon him that his best guard against the unfriendly attacks of Claim Agents like Tonking or avowed enemies like Delany and Whipple would be in constantly rallying his Committee and presenting for their consideration - the great interests involved in our work and the importance of extending our influence among the people.

Hoping soon to see you I am

Your very truly

Wm E Harris.

Chief Inspector.

Weather very hot -
Mr Ritter will apply for leave of absence -
Hope you will grant it - he needs rest and change of climate - His son will do well.

N

Aug 12th 1870

file

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✓ Rev. Geo. N. Marden Rockport Me.
✓ Ensign Otis Leeds Me
✓ Dr. Wm Converse Princeton. Ill.
✓ Rev. H. L. Boltwood " "
✓ David Patten Bath Me

Farmington Aug 12. 1870

Dear Brother

I have only time to thank you for your good domestic letter. Mother came last night. Ralph & Dellie stopped at Leeds for a few days. Mother looks very well.

Our "Tin Wedding" comes off a week from next Wednesday. Can't you & Lizzie come? I believe I am to announce it from the pulpit as a "Surprise party".

Ella will go with me Sept 13. to Princeton Ill. Unless her Father fails fast. He is just able to crawl ups & downs stairs now.

Lizzie Rogers & Horace are making us a visit.

With an ocean of love to all dear Tuesday Nuks

Your loving Brother
Rowland.

P.S.

I sold my house for what I gave. occupy it till I go = Please send mag. Reports to enclosed list of (Over) names =

R. 143 - Vol. 11. 1870

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GRAND DIVISION STATE OF N. JERSEY. LOVE, PURITY AND FIDELITY. LIBERTY. PROSPERITY. INSTITUTED JANUARY 25 1844. SONS OF TEMPERANCE.

Office of the Grand Worthy Patriarch,

SONS OF TEMPERANCE OF NEW JERSEY,

Salem, N. J., August 12 1870.

RECEIVED AUG 15 1870 O.O.B.

Maj Gen O O Howard,
General

In a brief interview at the close of the meeting held by Friendship Division Sons of Temperance of Phila on the 25th of March last, I gave you an invitation to be present and speak at a like meeting of our Div in this place on the 25th of Sept, I now renew that invitation and would (so far as I can without presumption) urge your acceptance, your many Republican ~~and~~ Temperance and Christian, friends are desirous of seeing and hearing, the Patriotic Soldier and Statesman who adds to his other good qualities and titles that of the Christian

Hoping to receive a favorable answer at your earliest convenience, permit me to subscribe myself

Your obt Servt
Wm B Robertson
G. W. P.

Ninth Census of the United States.

Department of the Interior,

CENSUS OFFICE,

Washington, D. C., August 12th, 1870.

General:

Pressure of business, and the necessity of consulting the Secretary in person has delayed my answer to your note in regard to the employment of Messrs Davis and King.

Congress having refused to strike the word "White" out of the Naturalization laws, a declaration of intention to acquire citizenship can, of course, not be consummated.

The Secretary is disposed to hold that with the many strong and urgent appeals for appointment which are awaiting the consideration of the Department it would not be right to reject citizens of the Country

in order to give place to those who are, and under our laws must remain, Foreigners.

The Secretary regrets, as I certainly do, that it is not possible to meet your wishes in the matter.

In the other matter of the examination of Mr. Smyth, I would say that, as Mr. Smyth came within the class from which by the rules adopted at the beginning of the examinations, appointments may be made upon the recommendation of the Board, I am disposed to recommend his appointment under the circumstances which you indicate in the note delivered by him in person.

Very Truly Yours,
Francis A. Walker
Superintendent.

Maj. Gen. O. O. Howard,
Washington, D.C.

W. M. C. A. 57

Hamilton, Ont.

Aug. 13/70

B. 93. Vol. 11. 1870

Major Genl O. O. Howard
Commr Freedman's Bureau

I have great pleasure in sending you the enclosed resolution, which was unanimously adopted at our monthly business meeting held last evening

Yours respectfully
Thos Bale
Cor. Secy

God's grace he has been hitherto strengthened to labour zealously in his Heavenly Master's cause, that he may yet be spared for many years to witness a like good profession as a faithful soldier in Christ's Army

Read Matthew 5th chapter
11th 12th verses

Rooms of the Young Mens Christian Ass.
Hamilton 12th August
1870

Moved by George Armstrong —
— Seconded by Mr Sheriff Thomas

Resolved

That we the members of the Hamilton Young Mens Christian Association desire most heartily to congratulate our beloved brother & fellow labourer in the Assn work Major General Oliver O Howard Commissioner of the Freedmens Bureau, on his complete acquittal of the "groundless & causeless charges" lately preferred against him in the House of Representatives at Washington, and which were referred for investigation to a special Committee of that Honourable House.

We pray that as by

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[ECA – Aug 13, 1870]

Office of **Evangelical Alliance,**

21 BIBLE HOUSE, New York.

GENERAL CONFERENCE POSTPONED ON ACCOUNT OF THE WAR.

At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Evangelical Alliance of the United States, held August 5, 1870, the following action was taken by unanimous vote of those present, and with the concurrence of a large number of members, who, being absent from the city, sent their opinions in writing:

The Executive Committee have received, with profound regret, intelligence that the war now raging between France and Prussia renders it probable that the attendance of foreign delegates will be interrupted. Telegraphic dispatches from France and Germany were received immediately after the declaration of war, requesting the postponement of the Conference, because of the inability of the delegates from those countries to attend. To those dispatches a reply was sent by cable, that our arrangements had gone so far that we could not postpone the Conference.

Telegraphic dispatches were then received from Holland, Switzerland, and England, giving the united judgment of the Alliances in all those countries that the Conference, for the reason mentioned, should be postponed. The British organization, in their dispatch, express their decided concurrence in this opinion of the Continental branches. Bishop McIlvaine, of Ohio, and President Aiken, of Union College, being in England, sent to us a joint dispatch, stating that the war and its complications render the attendance of European delegates impracticable, and will destroy the international character of the Conference if it should be held under existing circumstances. Letters, to the same purport, have also been received from a number of eminent gentlemen in Europe, interested in the Conference.

So vast an amount of time, labor, and care has been expended already upon the preparation for the Conference; so deep is the interest now felt in its approach by the Christian people of this country, and so cheerfully have the friends in the city of New York responded to the call made upon their hospitalities, that nothing but imperative necessity could justify a second postponement of the Conference.

But the Divine Will is most clearly expressed in the mighty events now transpiring in Europe, in the unanimous wish of our brethren there, and in the concurrent opinion of friends of the Alliance at home, who have been consulted as far as practicable.

Our sympathies are warmly enlisted in behalf of the Christian brethren, whose lands are now involved in the miseries of war, and our prayers are and shall be offered that God may avert its calamities from them, and speedily restore unto them the blessings of peace. And we recognize fully, as we should feel in our own case, with war raging in the midst of them, and with the imminent possibilities of other European countries being involved therein, that men holding positions of influence and usefulness, men of wisdom

and power, whose counsel is required in social and public affairs, should not at such a time put the ocean between them and their families, their official duties and their country.

The General Conference requires the presence of these brethren, and, without them, it must lose its character and its object as an International Evangelical Council. To postpone the Conference until a more convenient season is, therefore, inevitable. But the Infinite Wisdom which has ordered this result will, we have no doubt, also over-rule the postponement to the furtherance of the Gospel, and to the accomplishment of still greater and better results than we could have reached by the Conference of the present year. Therefore, be it

Resolved, 1. That the Executive Committee of the Evangelical Alliance of the United States with great reluctance yield to the expressed desire of the Alliances in Great Britain, France, Germany, Holland and Switzerland, that the General Conference, which was to be held in New York, September, 22, 1870, be postponed on account of the war in Europe, which renders their attendance impracticable: and the Conference is hereby postponed, at least for the present year, and until such time as the providence of God shall open the way for its successful convocation.

2. That notice of this action be sent to all the European and American delegates who have been invited to attend, and that it be published in the papers.

3. That the thanks of the Executive Committee are hereby presented to those families and proprietors of hotels who proffered their hospitalities to the expected members of the Conference, and we cherish the hope that at no distant day they may yet welcome their guests with the return of peace. And that our thanks are also returned to those railroad and steamship companies, and all others, who by donations of money or otherwise, have contributed to promote the success of the Conference.

4. That the Executive Committee has received with great satisfaction the generous invitation of the Christian people of Buffalo, for the foreign delegates to visit Buffalo and Niagara Falls as their guests, and in returning our hearty thanks for the same, we express the hope that at another time the hospitalities of the people may be enjoyed by the foreign members of the Alliance.

5. That an outbreak of war between Christian countries in the nineteenth century furnishes an occasion for deep humiliation before God, while we redouble our prayers and labors for the coming of that day when the Prince of Peace shall reign among the nations, and they shall learn war no more.

6. That we thankfully rejoice in the happy influence which the preparations for the Alliance Conference have already exerted in bringing Christians from all denominations into closer fellowship and co-operation, and that we call upon the friends of the Alliance throughout the United States, especially in the South and West, to continue their efforts, to organize branch Alliances, to hold Alliance meetings, and thus to promote the great cause of Christian union and the success of the General Conference, whenever it shall be convened.

WILLIAM E. DODGE, *President.*

S. IRENÆUS PRIME, } *Cor. Secy's.*
PHILIP SCHAFF, }

Gen. Howard.
Washington.
D.C.

had been agitating for the last thirty years and I felt confident that as Providence had carried the party along it would not let the crowning glory suffer, and it has not suffered but has not this very thing been ordained to show what has been done & is doing. There is an adage "that boys throw stones at nothing but fruit trees," and it has proved in the case of these charges, against the General. May I ask, if the Mr. Whittlesey connected with the University, is the one who went thro' Georgia with the Genl. as a Staff officer? if so I recollect him.

That you may remain to carry out the work you have begun is my earnest wish, but should you be forced to go I should have no fears for my boy in the hands of the Genl.

I am Capt.

Very truly yours

Geo. W. Hill

Capt. 22d Inf.

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Fort Rice D.T.

August 14th 1870

My kind Friend & Capt.

For after such a kind and generous letter as yours of July 23d I can address you in no other way, and can only thank you for the generous words of sympathy you have given to me, and shall gratefully remember the fact if this correspondence has proved interesting to you in any manner. I had made up my mind to send the boy at the $200.00 per year for I actually feel that I will never be any the poorer for it, and yet it does one no good to be generous or charitable if there is no sacrifice connected with it, and again I believe and claim that money & property is given us, to do good with as best we can. I will not be able to send him for some little time yet, as I am with my bo. to be transferred to the Brule Agency, some 80 miles

above Fort Randall on the Mo. River. I am all packed and waiting for a boat which we are looking for daily & until I get settled I should not start him - I would like for you or the financial Agt. of the University to write me how, when and the conditions I must pay the money - As to the future of the Boy I will say that the reason I have thought of his going to West Point is this: it is as much as I could do from my limited means to pay the expense of preparing him and then the Govt could finish his education at the Point, then he could go into the army as an officer, adopt any other profession he might choose, this seemed to me to be the readiest way to get him an education. I should not prefer that he enter the army, but that he might, as his mind developes, and he comes to see the great want of mankind & his own people, go to them as a christian & spend his years in elevating them in morality & religion -

Nothing would give me more pleasure than to see him return to his people a missionary, with his whole soul in his work, then I should feel that the little interest I had taken in him had not been exercised in vain. This we must leave to Providence to direct with the little influence we can exert - There is a plenty of half breed children that might be educated & there is a great many officers who might help them to it & not feel it, & in this way strike a heavy blow at the barbarisms of indian life which would help solve the knotty question, "what shall be done with the Indians"? -

I do hope that your assignment will not take you from the University for it would be a great loss, as you have laid out your work which it would be difficult for another to carry out, but in this as in all else there is an overruling Providence

I have read the charges & acquittal of the Genl. by Congress with a great deal of satisfaction, I knew it would be so when I read of them in the paper. I felt the more interest as I have always been an anti slavery man, & felt that the great work of the Bureau was the culminating point to decide the questions & ideas the antislavery party

D

Aug. 15th 1870

File

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D — 37 — Vol. 11. 1870

The Congregationalist and Boston Recorder.

$3 per Year, in advance.

W. L. GREENE & CO.

No. 15 Cornhill, Boston,

15 August 1870.

My Dear General,

There can be no possible doubt but that you ought to be sustained in the Washington matter; nor does it seem to me there can be any doubt that you will be.

The present is not the time to move, because all giving men are everywhere but where they can be got at; but so soon as the fall campaign opens, it seems to me an endeavor should be made in Boston and in New York and Brooklyn, to meet the case.

I will be most happy to do all that I can for.

[illegible] bring the subject
then to public attention, and
to keep in the work.

It would then be an im-
portant aid to have a few
indefinite facts, for rehearsal.

It must be very gratify-
ing to you, my dear Sir, to
have averted from such an
attempt at a seven times
heated conflagration, without
the smell of fire upon your
garments.

With great regard,
Faithfully,
Henry Frederick

Charleston Aug 15 1870

My dear Lady

I take the liberty of sending you my account in which I offer you my thanks I have marked the paragraphs

You must know what a disappointment it has been that you could do nothing further the sudden stopping of the Cent has crippled me fearfully - Do if there is any way you can still help me remember your struggling friend

Very truly yours

A Sommer Porter

JCB

R-444. M.11.1870

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Treasury Department,

Third Auditor's Office,

RECEIVED AUG 18 1870 O.O.H.

August 15th, 1870.

Sir:-

I have the honor to inform you that your answer to Personal Charge No. 535. "Property Accountability" has been examined is deemed satisfactory, and that the charges have been canceled.-

This closes your accountability for property of the Quartermasters Department, so far as the same is known to this office at the date hereof.

Very Respectfully &c,
Allan Rutherford
Auditor

O. O. Howard
(late Col. 3rd Me. Vols)
Brig. Genl. U. S. A.
Washington City
D. C.

Newport, Ky.
Aug. 18, 70.

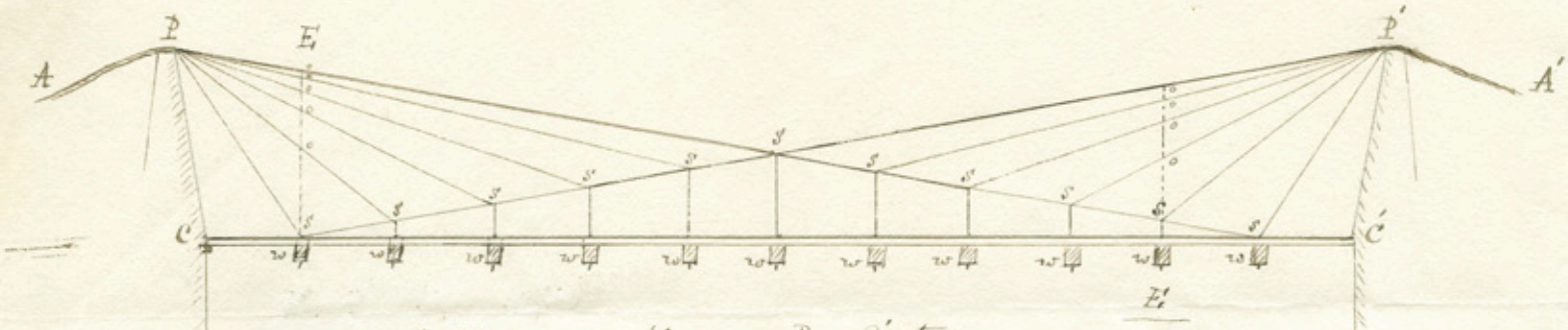
Dear Gen. Howard -

Herewith I send a drawing of a bridge which suggested itself to me while teaching Civil Engineering at the Indiana State University at Bloomington, Indiana - Prof. Mahan says it strikes him very favorably - Gen. Weitzel says the principles are all correct. I have been ill this summer and hence not able "to push matters". If you see any money in it and will help engineer it out you shall have an equal share - I send a caveat to be filed at my expense - if you will do me the favor to have it done - the expense I will attend to at once when you send me the amount - I believe it can be made lighter, stronger & cheaper than any other bridge - I mean stronger than any bridge with no more material in it. No truss is needed - as at Niagara Falls - to enable cars to pass over it -

I was unanimously elected Prof. of C. E. & Mil. Science at the Indiana State University in June - at the annual meeting of the Board of Trustees - We are much pleased with the Society there.

Mrs Thompson & the children are well - We are all more hopeful of the good things "Eye hath not seen" than we ever have been. We all join in love to you all - Fannie is quite a young lady - May the Lord add His Blessing.

Yours truly.
James Thompson.



PCR & P'C'R' faces of piers - P & P' tops -
CC', a main chord - of bridge -
W, W &c ends of the transversal roadway-bearers.
AP & A'P', main cables - steel wire generally -
PS & P'S, minor cables - uniting to form PA & P'A'.
WS, suspending cables - or rods -
S. S. S &c points of rigid connexion -
Suspending rods WS - to be extended, as at E', to which cables P'S + PS, are to be attached to keep them straight - (at points o, o, &c)

Weight W transmitted to S and thence directly to P + P' points of support.

— If properly constructed the chord C + C' will not deflect downward -

— If WS be rigid the triangle WSW (CSC') will be a rigid combination and CC' will not vibrate in a vertical direction from action of wind -

By placing rails on chords parallel to CC' this bridge can be at once used for rail road purposes - no weighty truss being needed -

6r